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HORIZONTAL-GRADIENT ACOUSTICAL RAY-TRACE PROGRAM TRIMAIN

B. G. Roberts, Jr.

Naval Research Laboratory Washington, D. C.

16 December 1974

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	Interest has arisen in the last few ye acoustic environment which are suitable if the sound-field structure which exists in t speed in two dimensions: depth and rang Fortran IV in which the sound-speed field of the range-and-depth plane. In each seg	ears to develop analy for use on digital con the ocean, one must age. A computer pro- ld for a given region	omputers. To realistically represent t consider the variation of sound ogram, TRIMAIN, was written in is divided into triangular segments
	defined by a linear function of range and	d depth. The ray pa	the for this field become parabolic

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19. (Cont'd)

Caustics
Spreading loss
Inhomogeneous media
Multiple profiles
Linear segmented bottom
Calcomp plotting
Computer applications

20. (Cont'd)

trajectories in each triangular segment. All the rays are advanced to a given range at one time, and an interpolation in depth is performed to arrive at the intensity values. Four types of intensity calculations are available: a completely random phase summation, a completely coherent phase summation, a statistical influence over depth, and an average over a convergence zone. Additional output options are ray depth distributions, ray printplots, and Calcomp ray plots, including plots of input sound speeds and of bathymetric profiles.

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HORIZONTAL-GRADIENT ACOUSTICAL RAY-TRACE PROGRAM TRIMAIN

INTRODUCTION

The growth in computer capability over the last 15 years coupled with interest in underwater acoustics has prompted the creation of several computer programs for acoustical ray tracing. For short-range calculation, for which the sound-speed profile can be considered to be the same throughout the given domain and the bottom topography can be considered flat, computation time is conserved by using a single profile program which takes advantage of the periodic form of the ray trajectories, such as the program RTRACE [1]. For long-range acoustical ray tracing, for which the bottom profile as well as the horizontal velocity structure is quite varied, a more general program [2-4] is required. One example of this is the program TRIMAIN, the principal features of which are as follows:

- Acoustic velocity gradients in the sound speed field are accounted for by reading in sound-speed profiles as a function of range and depth. Sound-speed profiles may be introduced at any point in range, and there is no limit to the number which may be used, although each new profile slows the program. A maximum of 50 input and internally generated points are allowed per profile. The sound-speed profiles are assumed to be piecewise linear functions of depth and range. An excellent source of sound-speed-profile data is the NODC tapes [5].
- A variable bottom may be read in as a piecewise linear function of depth, with a maximum of 250 points as the end points of the linear pieces.
- The range-and-depth plane is divided into triangular regions whose vertexes are all initially at ranges equal to the ranges of the endpoints of the linear bottom segments.
- The rays are assumed to be parabolic in each triangle, and it is their intersections with the triangle boundaries that are calculated.
- All the rays are advanced at one time to a given range, rather than tracing one ray at a time all the way to the end of the track.
- Four types of intensity calculation are available: type I random phase summation, type I coherent phase summation, type II (average over depth), and type III (average over convergence zone). Unmodified ray theory is used throughout. (Caustics will be discussed later.)
- The volume attenuation in the medium is assumed to follow a modified Marsh-Schulkin formula.
- Bottom-loss values (in dB), may be entered as a function of grazing angle, one value per degree, or the Marine Geophysical Survey (MGS) bottom-loss values may be used by specifying the class and the range to which that value is to be used.
- A bottom-phase-shift table may be entered for coherent phase calculation if known; it is read in as a value in radians, one value per degree.

Note: Manuscript submitted September 17, 1974.

- The sea surface is represented as a flat, specularly reflecting boundary with a constant user-specified reflection coefficient and a constant phase shift of 180°.
- A source beam pattern may be read in at 1-degree intervals.

Several output options are available:

- A printplot of intensity vs range,
- A printout of intensity vs range values,
- A printplot of the ray trajectories vs range,
- A Calcomp plot of ray trajectories vs range,
- Ray depth distribution at specified ranges,
- A Calcomp plot of the input sound-speed profiles,
- A printplot of the input, or of the input and interpolated, sound-speed profiles,
- An eigenray printout if intensity calculations are performed,
- Punched cards for intensity values or eigenrays.

Up to ten output control cards may be specified.

The calculated results from TRIMAIN have been compared with experimental results, (Appendix B), and good agreement exists between the two.

The time required to run the program depends on a number of factors, such as the number of rays, the number of range increments, and the output requested. A sample case using 81 rays, 200 range increments, one receiver, and two profiles took 7 minutes and 48 seconds.

The core requirement for the program and system routines is 43,503 decimal locations. Also, some sort of deferred printout equipment is required, such as a drum, or the data may be written on tapes and the tapes printed.

The original development [6] of this computer code was due to Mr. Edward L. Wright, who is now at Harvard Observatory, Cambridge, Massachusetts. The author has added a number of features which were not in the original program and has revised certain sections. The function of each subroutine will be outlined in this report for the convenience of those individuals who might be interested in modifying the program.

BASIC EQUATIONS

The basic differential equations which are solved in TRIMAIN for ray position and time are:

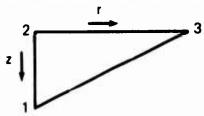
$$n(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{c(\vec{r})},\tag{1}$$

$$(d/ds)T = n(\tilde{r}) , (2)$$

$$(d/ds) [n(\vec{r})(d/ds)\vec{r}] = \nabla n(\vec{r}). \tag{3}$$

Eq. (1) states that the index of refraction as a function of range is equal to the reciprocal of the sound speed as a function of range. Eq. (2) is the equation for the ray time, where T is time and ds is arc length. Eq. (3) is the Lagrangian equation, where ∇ is the Lagrangian; it gives the ray path and accounts for the refraction.

We will now develop an equation for velocity fit. If we have the triangle



where depth is in the $2 \rightarrow 1$ or z direction and range is in the $2 \rightarrow 3$ or r direction, then the following equations hold:

$$\frac{1}{c_3^2} - \frac{1}{c_1^2} = G_r(r_3 - r_1) + G_z(z_3 - z_1), \tag{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{c_2^2} - \frac{1}{c_1^2} = G_r(r_2 - r_1) + G_z(z_2 - z_1), \tag{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{c^2} = \frac{1}{c_1^2} + G_r(r - r_1) + G_z(z - z_1), \tag{6}$$

where G_r is the gradient in the r direction and G_z is the gradient in the z direction. Eq. (6) gives the reciprocal of the sound speed squared at a range r and depth z in the triangle. We will specialize to the case $r_2 = r_1$, because we will always be getting vertical profiles.

TRIMAIN INPUT

Following will be a list describing the data deck of the program TRIMAIN, and for illustration the sample data deck shown in Fig. 1 will be referred to. The Roman numbers itemizing the list are the card group numbers at the right in Fig. 1.

I. Title (columns 1-80). In the restarting case, the word RESTART is placed in columns 1-7. If a dump is desired if program runs out of time again, DUMP is placed in columns 9-12.

II. Source Parameters

<u>Variable</u>	Columns	Remarks or Meaning
Source depth	1-8	In meters. (In Fig. 1 the source depth is 500 meters.)
Frequency	9-13	In kilohertz (0.05 kHz in Fig. 1)

B. G. ROBERTS

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Fig. 1 - Sample data deck of the program TRIMAIN

Variable	Columns	Remarks or Meaning
Attenuation switch	14	0 (as in Fig. 1) means no volume attenuation; nonzero means $\alpha = 0.0003025f^2 + 44f^2/(4190 + f^2)$ dB/km, where f is the frequency in kilohertz.
Source level	15-19	Level in decibels (0.0 in Fig. 1)
Beam pattern switch (to be referred to later as ITBP)	20	0 (as in Fig. 1) means no beam pattern; nonzero means the beam pattern will be read in later.
Down tilt	21-25	Tilt of the beam-pattern axis in degrees (0.0 in Fig. 1).
Surface loss	26-30	Surface loss in decibels (0.0 in Fig. 1).
Bottom-loss switch	31	1 means an infinite bottom loss, so that no table will be read in; 0 (as in Fig. 1) means a loss table will be read in later.
Bottom-phase switch (ISCP	32	1 means a bottom-phase-shift table will be read in; 0 (as in Fig. 1) means no table will be read in.
Curved earth (receiver)	33	1 (as in Fig. 1) means a curved earth correction for the receiver; 0 means no curve.
Curved bottom points	34	1 (as in Fig. 1) means a curved earth correction for the bottom; 0 means no curve.
Plot (Calcomp) profiles	35	2 means input and interpolated profiles are plotted; 1 (as in Fig. 1) means only input profiles are plotted; 0 means no plot.
Printplot profiles	36	1 means printplot-input profiles; 0 means no plot; 2 (as in Fig. 1) means printplot-input and interpolated profiles.
Calcomp plot profiles in kilometers or nautical miles	37	1 means plot nm; 0 (as in Fig. 1) means km.
Plot length	38-45	Calcomp plot length in inches (24.0 inches in Fig. 1).

Variable	Columns	Remarks or Meaning
Bottom-reflection termination (NBRS)	46-50	Maximum number of bottom hits allowed before a ray is terminated; if blank (as in Fig. 1) or 0, 2500 will be used.
Surface-reflection termination (NSRS)	51-55	Maximum number of surface hits allowed before a ray is terminated; if blank (as in Fig. 1) or 0, 2500 will be used.
Loss termination (ALIM)	56-65	Maximum loss allowed before a ray is terminated; the input value is a positive number in dB, such as 200.0; if blank (as in Fig. 1) or 0, a value of 300.0 will be used.
Multiple replacement option IA	n 66	If IA is blank (as in Fig. 1) or 0 and ITBP = 0, angle cards are read from the card reader; if IA is blank or 0 and ITBP = 1, angle fan cards and beampattern cards are read from the card reader. If IA = 1 and ITBP = 0, the last set of fan cards for which multiple replacement option LA (in column 71) is 1 will be used, and if ITBP = 1 a new beam pattern will then be read in. If IA = 2, which requires that ITBP = 1, the old beam pattern will be used and a new set of angles will be read. If IA = 3, the old angle set and beam-pattern set is used.
Multiple replacement option IB	n 67	If IB is blank or 0, bottom-loss cards are read from the card readel, and if ISCP = 1, phase-shift cards are read. Bottom classes 0 through 5 are assumed to have a zero phase shift, so phase-shift cards are not read for these classes. If IB = 1, the old bottom-loss set is used, and a new bottom-phase-shift set is read in if ISCP = 1. If IB = 2, a new bottom-loss set will be read in, and if ISCP = 1, the old bottom-phase-shift set will be used. If IB = 3 and ISCP = 1, the old bottom-phase-shift and bottom loss will be used.

Variable	Columns	Remarks or Meaning
Multiple replacement option IP	n 68	If IP is blank or 0, a new set of output control cards will be read in; if IP = 1, the old set will be used.
Multiple replacement option ID	n 69	If ID is blank or 0, a new bottom track will be read, if ID = 1, the old bottom track will be used.
Multiple replacement option IS	n 70	If IS is blank or 0, a new set of sound- speed profiles will be read; if IS = 1, the old set will be read.
Multiple replacement option LA	n 71	If LA = 1, the current deck will be used later; if LA is blank or 0, no portion of this deck will be used later. Thus in the following pages the discussion of the various input sections are subject to the provisions of this section.
Restart Option	73-76	If restart capability is desired, the word DUMP is placed in columns 73-76.

III. Ray Initialization Cards

A. Fan Cards

<u>Variable</u>	Columns	Remarks
Up-angle limit	1-10	In degrees; the sign convention is + for up and – for down. (In Fig. 1 there are three fan cards, each on a separate line; the three up-angle limits are 15° down, 15° up, and 75° up.)
Down-angle limit (DAL)	11-20	DAL = -DAL for input. (In Fig. 1 the three down-angle limits that pair with the up-angle limits are 75° down, 15° down, and 15° up.)
Angular step	21-30	The step input is always positive. (In Fig. 1 the step is 1° from 75° down to 15° down, 14° from 15° down to 15° up, and 1° from 15° up to 75° up.)

<u>Variable</u>	Columns	<u>Remarks</u>
Continuation Switch	31-35	0 means this is the last fan card; 1 means more cards follow.
Source Level	36-40	Decibels added for this fan to the source level in columns 15-19 on card II. This is left blank (as in Fig. 1) if no additional beam pattern on the transmitter is desired.
Phase	41-45	Phase in radians for this fan.

B. Beam Pattern Cards

If the beam pattern switch on card II (column 20) was nonzero, the beam pattern is read in, 20 values to a card, which is four columns per value, in decibels below the axial value. The first value is on axis, the next 1° off, etc. A blank or zero after the axial value ends the readin; the last nonzero value is extended to all higher angles.

IV. Bottom-Loss Cards

Cards are read with a variable (referred to as RUNTIL) in columns 1-8 in kilometers (in an F8.4 format)

and IClass in columns 9-10 (I2 format). RUNTIL is the last range for IClass. (In the Fig. 1 example 457.0 6 means class 6 until 457 km (assuming another RUNTIL after this which is 0.0). The last RUNTIL must be negative or zero. The associated class will be used for the rest of the run. The possible values for IClass are 0-9:

0	zero bottom loss
1-5	MGS bottom class loss curves
6-9	user supplied tables.

The first time an IClass of 6 (as in Fig. 1), 7, 8, or 9 is read, a bottom-loss table is read, one value per degree, in decibels, 20 per card (in a 20F4.2 format) until a blank appears. (In Fig. 1 the table with an IClass of 6 is

When an IClass of 6, 7, 8, or 9 is read in after the first time, the table does not need to be read in again. In reading in a table the last nonzero value is extended

to all higher angles. If ISCP \neq 0 on card II, a phase-shift table will be read after each loss table (classes 6-9; classes 0-5 have zero phase shift). The phase-shift table is read in, 20 values per card, 1° per value. The phase shifts are in radians. A zero value terminates read in; the last two nonzero values are used to extrapolate the phase shift to zero. (In Fig. 1 no phase-shift table was read in. The bottom-loss tables in Fig. 1 establish the following:

Grazing Angle (degrees)	Loss Until 457 km (dB)	Loss After 457 km (dB)
O	0	4
1	1	5
2	2	6
3	3	7
4	4	8
5	5	9
6	6	10
7	7	11
8	8	12
9	9	13
10	10	14
11	10	14
12	10	14
90		

V. Output Control Cards

Output control cards specify the range and depths at which intensities are to be calculated, whether a ray plot or ray tape will be made, whether ray depth distributions will be printed, etc.

Variable	Columns	Remarks
R1	1-6	First range in kilometers.
DR	7-12	Range step in kilometers. If DR is negative, the range spacing will be logarithmic, with constant factor $f = 1 + abs(DR)/R1$.
R2	13-18	Last range in kilometers. (In Fig. 1 the ranges specified are 100, 200,, 1000 kilometers on the first group V card, 5, 10, 15,, 1000 kilometers on the second card, 1, 2,, 100

B. G. ROBERTS

Variable		Columns	Remarks			
			kilometers on the third card, and 0, 1, 2,, 1000 kilometers on the fourth card.)			
	IC	19-20	Continuation switch. 0 means this is the last output control card; (as on the last OCC in Fig. 1) otherwise more will be read in.			
	ISCP	21	Switch for type I coherent phase; 1 means on, and 0 means off.			
	IT1	22	Switch for type I random phase; 1 means on, and 0 means off. MUST = 1 when ISCP = 1.			
	IT2	23	Switch for type II; 1 means on, and 0 means off.			
	IT3	24	Switch for type III; 1 means on, and 0 means off.			
	IPER	25	Switch for type I eigenrays; 1 means on, and 0 means off.			
	LLMR	26	1 means Lloyd's mirror effect is included.			
`	JVSR	27	0 means no intensity-vs-range plot for this output control card; 1 means a plot of type I vs range; 2 means a plot of type II vs range; 3 means a plot of type III vs range; 4 means coherent phase vs range. Only one intensity-vs-range plot can be made.			
	IRD	28	Switch for ray depth distribution (1 means on, as on the first group V card in Fig. 1), and 0 means off.			
	IRP	29	Switch for ray plot.			
	IRT	30	Switch for ray tape for Calcomp plot.			

If any of the switches in columns 21-25 are on, receiver depths are needed. The first six, in meters, are on the output control card itself, as follows:

Variable	Columns		
RCD(1)	33-40		
RCD(2)	41-48		
RCD(3)	49-56		
RCD(4)	57-64		
RCD(5)	65-72		
RCD(6)	73-80		

If there are more than six, the next ten depths follow the output control card on one card, and then, if needed, the 17th through 26th on another card. Twenty-six is the maximum available. Receiver depths are read until a zero or blank is found. (In Fig. 1 five receiver depths are specified on each of the first three cards: 50, 150, 250, 350, and 450 meters.) If none of the switches 21-25 are on, then no intensities will be calculated, so no receiver depths are necessary. These and some earlier spaces are then used for the ray plot, as follows:

Variable	Columns	Remarks
DR	7-12	Becomes the spacing in kilometers between lines in the ray plot.
R2	13-18	Becomes the end of the ray plot.
RCD(1)	33-40	Becomes the number of rays to be plotted, $1 \le N \le 25$. This must be punched with a decimal point. (On the fourth group V card in Fig. 1, 25 rays are specified to be plotted.)
RCD(2)	41-48	Becomes the maximum depth for the ray plot, in meters.

All these variables will be set to default values if not specified because of intensities. The defaults are: 1 kilometer spacing, 15 rays plotted, and the maximum bottom depth. Even if DR and R2 are set, the defaults for number of rays and (as in Fig. 1) maximum depth may be used if the columns are left blank.

VI. Bottom Track

A. Ranges and Depths

There are 10 values to a card, with range and depths in pairs with respective units in kilometers and meters. The first range must be zero. A later blank or zero or negative value terminates the input. As many

cards as necessary, up to 50 cards for 250 ranges, will be read. Thus R_1 is in columns 1-8 of card 1, D_1 is in columns 9-16 of card 1, R_2 is in columns 17-24, D_2 is in columns 25-32, etc. The format for range and depth is 10F8.4.

VII. Sound-Speed Profiles

A. Range and Title

On the first card for each velocity profile, 0 is placed in column 1 if the curved-earth correction is desired. The range to the profile in kilometers is in columns 2-8. The title is in columns 9-80.

B. Depth and Velocity

There are 10 values per card after the range-and-title card. The first value on the card is the depth in meters for this profile. The second value is the sound speed in meters/per second, at the first depth. As many sound speeds as depths are read in. A blank or negative value terminates input. The format for all cards is 10F8.4. (The number of input and internally generated points in a sound-speed profile cannot exceed 50; the number of internally generated points can be reduced by reading in profiles with common depths.)

VIII. Program Termination

An end-of-file card terminates each data set or case. If multiple cases are desired, the program will go back to the first card, after the end-of-file card. To terminate the run two end-of-file cards should be placed after the last case.

CONTROL CARDS FOR TRIMAIN

There are several equip cards, which have different functions (Fig. 2). Some of the cards are used for delayed printout, and some are used to punch cards. When using the program, one should change his job card to the form 7_9 JOB (30), charge, ID, time, rather than the usual form 7_9 JOB, charge, ID, time. The change from JOB to JOB (30) allows 30 additional logical units; without this change the program will abort.

If the output is not desired from a certain unit, it may be omitted by using the BY statement. Thus if one wanted to omit the output from logical unit 35, then one should have 79 EQUIP, 35=BY, where BY means bypass. The PR designation on an equip card means that unit will be printed. A PU designation means that logical unit will punch cards. The function for each card is as follows:

79 DEMAND, 50000B - This card is required for the restart option.

79 EQUIP, 3=PL - This card forces plotting of profiles if the program aborts, if the plot is requested.

```
SEQUENCE C6660 STARTED PRINTING 06/06/73 AT 132946 EN LP00 DRUM SCOPE 2.1 COMPUTER ONE. MAX. DEMAND IS 54000R VERSION SEQUENCE NUMBER 606660 STARTED AT TIME 132726 DATED 06/06/73
                                                                                                11/24/72
                                                                            VERSION 006
J98(30),8150162,0148GR,10
DEMAND, 500008
COMMENT, THIS JOR PRODUCES DELAYED PRINTOUTS
EQUIP, 1=PT, HI, HO, (TEST CASE, 1, 1, 999) DA
EQUIP. 3:PL
EQUIP.15=PT, LG, (TEST, 1, 1, 999), DA
EQUIP, 16=FT, LB, ... DA
EQUIP, 20=+1, +1, RG, (TRIMAIN, C1, 01, 999)
EQUIP.35=EY
EQUIP. 36=EY
EQUIP, 37=FR
EQUIP, 38=FR
EQUIF. 39=FR
EQUIP. 41 * FR
EQUIP, 42=FR
EQUIP. 45=EY
EQUIP. 46=EY
EQUIP, 47=EY
EQUIP, 48=EY
 EQUIP, 49=EY
 ...BINARY CFCK...
BANK. (0), LUPP
LBAD.20
RUN, 10, 10060
```

Fig. 2 - Example of control cards; this is the front page from the sample run

- 79 EQUIP, 35=BY(PU) This will punch the bottom track and receiver depths if set equal to PU. Format 10F8.3.
- 79 EQUIP, 36=BY(PU) This will punch intensity values in 16F5.1 format, for each range point. Each type of intensity will be punched for each receiver.
- 79 EQUIP, 37=PR This produces a ray depth distribution if requested.
- 79 EQUIP, 38=PR This produces a printplot of intensity vs range if requested on an output control card.
- 7_9 EQUIP, 39=PR This prints the intensity values for the types specified.
- 79 EQUIP, 41=PR This prints the Type I eigenrays when they are requested.
- 79 EQUIP, 42=PR This produces the printplot of the ray trajectories when requested.
- 79 EQUIP, 45=BY(PU) If this is set equal to PU, it will punch type I coherent intensity values for the contouring program. If should be set up for 19 receivers.

- 79 EQUIP, 46=BY(PU) If this is set equal to PU, it will punch type I random intensity values for the contouring program. It should be set up for 19 receivers.
- 79 EQUIP, 47=BY(PU) If this is set equal to PU, it will punch type II intensity values for the contouring program. It should be set up for 19 receivers.
- 79 EQUIP, 48=BY(PU) If this is set equal to PU, it will punch type III intensity values for the contouring program. It should be set up for 19 receivers.
- 79 EQUIP, 49=BY(PU) This punches type I eigenrays; it punches everything that is printed in the eigenray printout.
- :9 EQUIP, 1=MT,HI,WØ,**,DA-OUTPUT TAPE FOR CALCOMP PLOT OF RAY PATHS

The equip cards may be left in the deck if a certain option is not desired; there will be no output from that unit unless a write operation is performed in the program.

SUBROUTINES

The main, or executive, program TRIMAIN is used chiefly for selecting options and calling the proper subroutine to compute the desired quantities. The subroutines are shown in Fig. 3, and these will be discussed on the succeeding pages. All of the output control cards (group V), title cards (group I), and source depths, frequency, etc. (group II) are read in by the main program. A listing of TRIMAIN and the subroutines is found in Appendix A. A comparison of calculated and experimental values is found in Appendix B.

Subroutine INITRAYS

The subroutine INITRAYS (whose cards are identified in the right margin in Appendix A by INIT 1, INIT 2, ..., INIT 81) reads in the angle cards and the beam-pattern cards and sets up the initial values of each ray's tangent of the angle, depth, phase, and signal level. (card group numbers will be listed in the section). Information from card group II from the main program is passed in the common block /PATTERN/ (INIT 3, Appendix A), which contains the source depth, beam-pattern switch, degrees of down tilt, and source level (in decibels). INITRAYS then reads in card group III, comprising the fan cards and the beam pattern cards. Rays are started from the lowest angle of each fan to the top. If the low angle of a fan equals the highest angle of the previous fan, a continuous ray group results. Otherwise a buffer ray with zero signal strength separates the fans, and type I intensity calculations will not interpolate over the gap.

Subroutine BRLTRD

The subroutine BRLTRD reads in the bottom-loss cards (group IV) and sets up the first loss table. On entry, dummy parameter RB is equated to ISCP (card group II), is

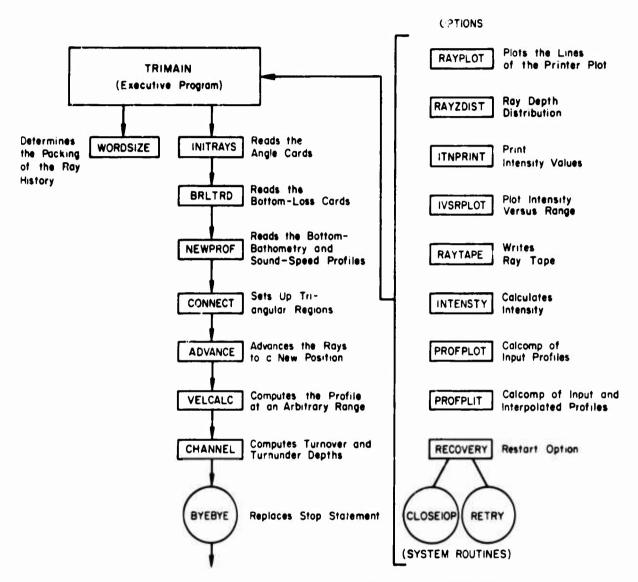


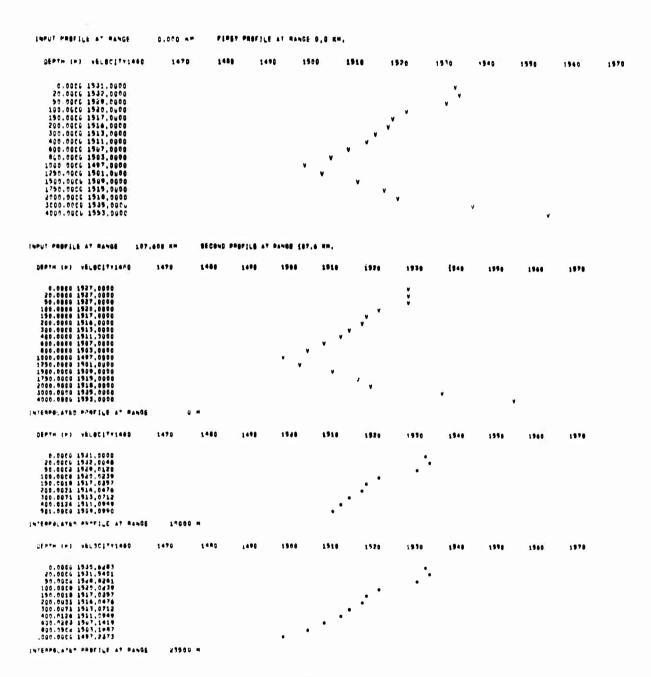
Fig. 3 - Function of each subroutine of the program TRIMAIN

either 1.0 or 0., and determines whether phase-shift tables will be read. On exit, RB is set to the range in kilometers until which the first loss table is to be used. The term ENTRY NWBRLT (as in BLRD 146) resets the loss table and RB. TRIMAIN will call NWBRLT whenever the rays pass RB. For example, if there are two loss tables, one for 0 to 100 km and the second for 100 km to the end of the run, BRLTRD will read in both tables, set BRLT and BPST in the common block /MIRRORS/ (BLRD 3, Appendix A) and set RB to 100. Later a call to NWBRLT sets BRLT and BPST to the second table of values, and RB to I.E30 (i.e., 10^{30} km \geq end of run). Subroutine BRLTRD includes the Marine Geophysical Survey (MGS) classes 0 through 5, plus user classes 6

through 9 stored in array BR, or user loss and phase classes 6 and 7, stored in arrays BR and BP. If a class 0 through 5 is specified, bottom phase classes do not have to be read in. A maximum of four user classes are available without phase shifts, and two classes are available with phase shifts. If classes 0 through 5 are used, a maximum of 50 cards is allowed.

Subroutine NEWPROF

Subroutine NEWPROF reads the bottom ranges, bottom depths (group VI), and the first two sound-speed profiles (group VII) on the first call. It then interpolates a profile for the first bottom point. Succeeding calls generate a new interpolated profile for each bottom point, unless this would pass the last read-in profile. In that case, a bottom point is interpolated to the profile range, and the profile is returned. A new profile is then read in. Thus the basic action of NEWPROF is to move R2 (range to the current profile), N2 (number of points in the current profile), Z2 (depth array), and V2 (sound-speed array) to R1 (range to the previous profile), N1 (number of points in the previous profile), Z1 (depth array for the previous profile), and V1 (sound-speed array for the previous profile) and set new values for R2, N2, Z2, and V2. It returns the maximum bottom depth in ZMAX. The printed output of NEWPROF is illustrated in Figs. 4a and 4b.



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Fig. 4a — Output of NEWPROF. The first two input profiles are those of the sample case given in Fig. 1.

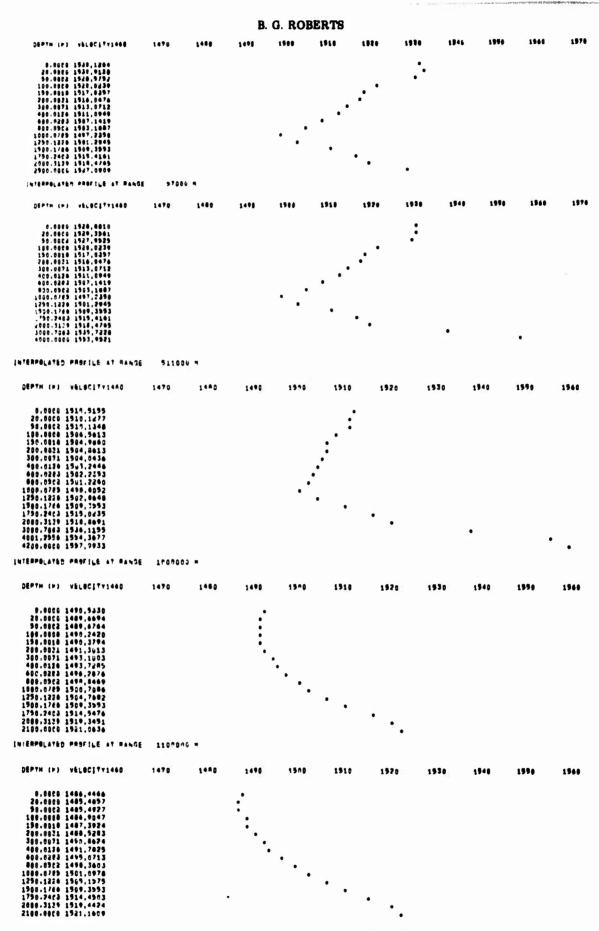


Fig. 4b - Additional portion of the output of NEWPROF shown in Fig. 4a

Subroutine CONNECT

Subroutine CONNECT uses R1, N1, Z1, V1, R2, N2, Z2, and V2 from NEWPROF and connects the points into triangular (Δ) regions. The coefficients of the triangles go into the common block /TRIANG/ (CONN 3, Appendix A). The variables in TRIANG are the following:

AP, BP	coefficients of the Δ boundary in the prime frame, which is centered at RZERO and ZZERO and rotated by an angle θ ,
AL, BL	coefficients of the lower Δ boundary in the ocean frame.
ZZERO, RZERO	ocean frame coordinates of the center of the prime frame.
AA, BB	coefficients of $1/c^2$ in the prime frame, i.e., $1/c^2 = AA + BBz'$,
SST, CCT	sin and \cos of θ , the angle between the ocean and the prime frames.

In the listing of the subroutine, the following conditions are true:

$$AL + BL*R =$$
 equation for boundary of triangle,
 $AA + BZ*Z + BR*R = \frac{1}{c^2}$.

A typical network of triangular regions is illustrated in Fig. 5.

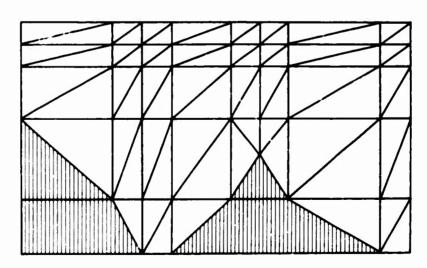


Fig. 5 - Typical network of triangular regions

Subroutine WORDSIZE

Subroutine WORDSIZE calculates some machine-dependent quantities. Four numbers are packed into array NCOUNT by using ITN, which is $ITN = 4\sqrt{1/4}$ JBIG., where JBIG is the largest integer, which will fit into one computer word. The four numbers in each location in NCOUNT are: number of turnovers for this ray, number of bottom reflections, number of turnunders, and number of surface reflections. ENTRY RAYTAPE writes one record on the ray tape. The first record will contain the title card. Each record contains:

NRAY (number of ray), Range (meters), Bottom depth (meters), Tan γ (up is positive) Ray depth (meters), Signal strength (multiplicative factor), NCOUNT (ray history), Travel time (seconds), Phase (radians).

Each one contains NRAY words. All tan γ 's precede all ray depths, etc.

Subroutine ADVANCE

The basic function of subroutine ADVANCE is to advance the rays in the common block /RAYS/ from RSTART to RMAX. The procedure is as follows: First the proper triangle is found, the parabolic path is found, and intersections are calculated with the earliest intersection being used. Then surface and bottom reflections are performed. If ray is not at RMAX, the new triangle is determined, and a loop is made in the procedure to the calculation of intersections.

The explanation of various sections is as follows:

TANSUM (ADVA0012, Appendix A) is the tangent sum formula

$$\tan (\theta_1 + \theta_2) = \frac{\tan \theta_1 + \tan \theta_2}{1 - \tan \theta_1 * \tan \theta_2}.$$

DELT gives the time increment of a ray in terms of the range increment DR, the two tangents T and S, and the vertex velocity $CMIS = 1/c_m^2$.

The DO 100 IRAY = 1, NRAY (ADVA0015) (card sequence number) selects each ray in turn.

ADVA0018 checks to see if a ray has been terminated.

ADVA0019 through ADVA0023 move the ray variables into local variables.

The $DO\ 20\ I = 1$, NRT! (ADVA0024 through ADVA0030) checks each triangle to see if the ray is in it. If a ray is on a boundary, it is in the layer it is pointing toward.

 $CT(\cos \theta)$, $ST(\sin \theta)$, (rotation), and ZO and RO (displacement) define the primed frame of reference in which there is no r gradient.

ZRP and RRP are the initial primed ray position.

CIS = 1/c2 at the ray.

Note: that TGR from TGAM (IRAY) is + for up rays and - for down rays, whereas TGRP = DZ'/dr' is + for down rays and - for up rays.

ALPHA (α) is the path curvature:

$$Z' = ZRP + TGRD*(r'-RRP) + ALPHA*(r'-RRP)^2$$

$$TA = 2\alpha = \frac{d^2Z'}{dr'^2}.$$

The quadratic equation solved in advance is

$$C + Py - \alpha y^2 = 0,$$

where y = DRP = change in r' = RPNEW - RRP. ALPHA (α) is often small and is zero for isovelocity layers. For small α the root

$$y = \left(P - \sqrt{P^2 + 4\alpha c}\right)/2\alpha$$

is unstable. However, if α is small, the iteration $y = (\alpha y^2 - C)/P$ converges fast. The statement DRP = (ALPHA*((ALPHA*DRP**2-C)/P)**2-C)/P is a double application of the above iteration and is used when

$$F = P - \sqrt{P^2 + 4\alpha C} < P.$$

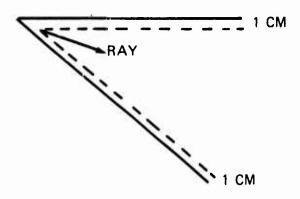
When $\alpha = 0$, special linear path statements are used (ADVA0055 through ADVA0065 and ADAV0171 through ADVA0174). After statement 40 (ADVA0085), the next position is selected.

ONUP is true if a ray is on the upper boundary of a layer, meaning within 1 centimeter of the boundary and pointing in. ONLW is true if a ray is on the lower boundary.

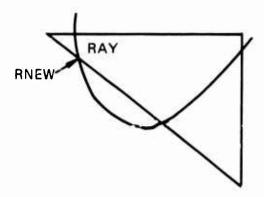
There are four possibilities, in RPNEW, ZPNEW, ZNEW, and RNEW arrays. In general, the rule is

RNEW = min(RNEW(k)) such that RNEW(k) > RR).

When a ray is on a boundary however the solution closest to the ray on that boundary is thrown out (ADVA0095, ADVA0096, ADVA0099, and ADVA100). Note, as shown in the following sketch, that a ray can be on both boundaries if it is on a corner.



If RNEW > RMAX, then the ray hits the vertical boundary (following sketch) and one goes to statement 50.



The cards from ADVA0129 to ADVA0163 increment the ray variables and decide on the next triangle.

ADVA0135 checks for vertices.

ADVA0136 decides whether a vertex is over or under.

ADVA0142 through ADVA0148 handles surface reflections.

ADVA0151 through ADVA0161 handles bottom reflections.

Statement 50 starts the vertical boundary section. The boundary in the primed frame is Z' = AV + BVr'.

If ST = 0, $BV \rightarrow \infty$; hence small ST's are handled by statement 60.

When two intersections are possible, the one with the smallest depth change is used.

Statement 52 checks for vertices.

The statements ADVA0204 and ADVA0205 (545) check the ray's final depth to be sure it is in the correct layer.

Volume attenuation is approximated by 0.0001 α (dB)/km $V\Delta T$ decibels, since one should have $S = \int v \ dt$ instead of $V\Delta T$.

The local variables are restored in the table ADVA0208 through ADVA0212, and a new ray is taken at statement 100.

Statements 60 through 68 (ADVA0214 through ADVA0235) use an iterative scheme to find the intersection with a vertical boundary. For ST = 0 or $\alpha = 0$ the first step is exact. The convergence limit is 1 centimeter, but seven steps are taken at once, so the usual error is very small.

Statement 80 terminates a ray and prints out the message RAY TERMINATED.

Statement 100 is the end of the outer loop of subroutine ADVANCE.

Subroutine PROFPLOT

Subroutine PROFPLOT plots the input velocity profiles and also the bottom track on a Calcomp plot (Fig. 6). They may be plotted in range increments of nautical miles or kilometers. In Fig. 6 the three profiles are at 0, 107.6, and 1135.4 km, which ranges are indicated by + symbols on the abscissa axis. The total plot length is specified to give a suitable scale.

Subroutine RAYZDIST

Subroutine RAYZDIST prints out a ray depth distribution (Fig. 7) each time it is called. The following items will be printed: NRAY = number of ray, NTO - number of turnovers, NTU = number of turnunders, NSR = number of surface reflections, NBR = number of bottom reflections, DEPTH = current depth of ray, THETA = ray angle at the point in degrees, TIME = travel time of ray in seconds to this range. The losses column is 10 log₁₀ SS, and is initially

$$10 \log_{10} \left[(\cos \theta_0) \Delta \theta_0 \right] + SORLEV - beam pattern.$$

If SORLEV = beam pattern = 0 dB, and $\Delta\theta_0$ = 1°, then losses start out -17.6 dB for a horizontal ray. In the plot line, B is the bottom, + is the lower vertex depth, * is the present ray position, - is the upper vertex and S is the surface.

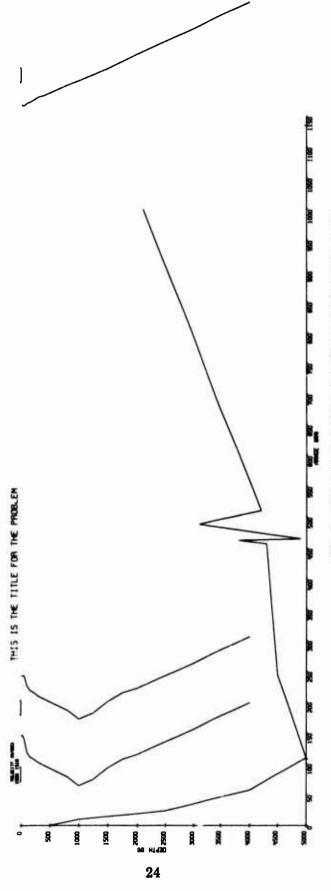


Fig. 6 - Colcomp plot of input profiles and the bottom track

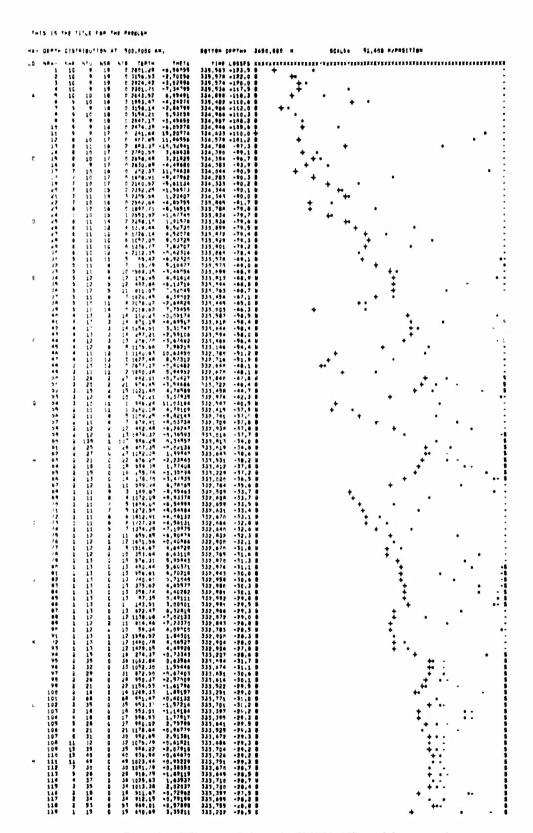


Fig. 7 — Example of the output from RAYZDIST (first of four pages)

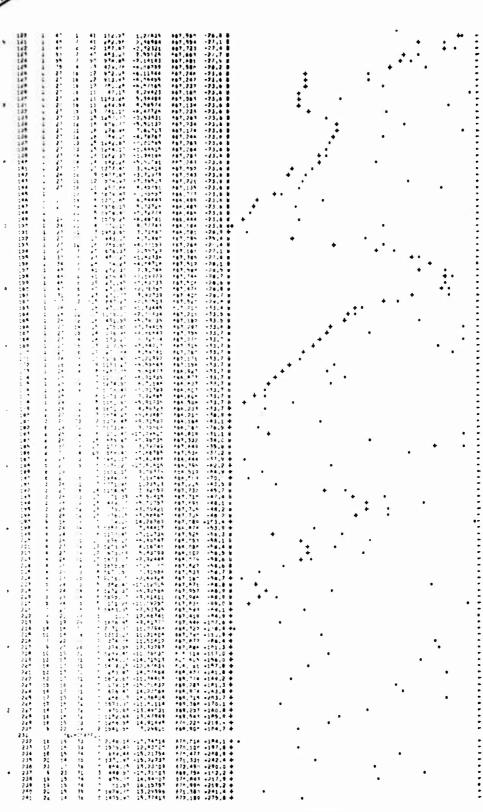


Fig. 7 (Continued) - Example of the output from RAYZDIST (second of four pages)

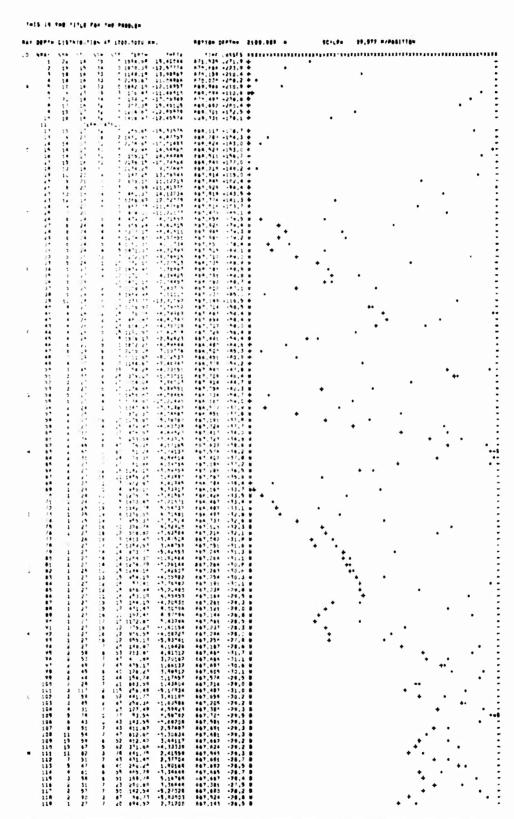


Fig. 7 (Continued) - Example of the output from RAYZDIST (third of four pages)

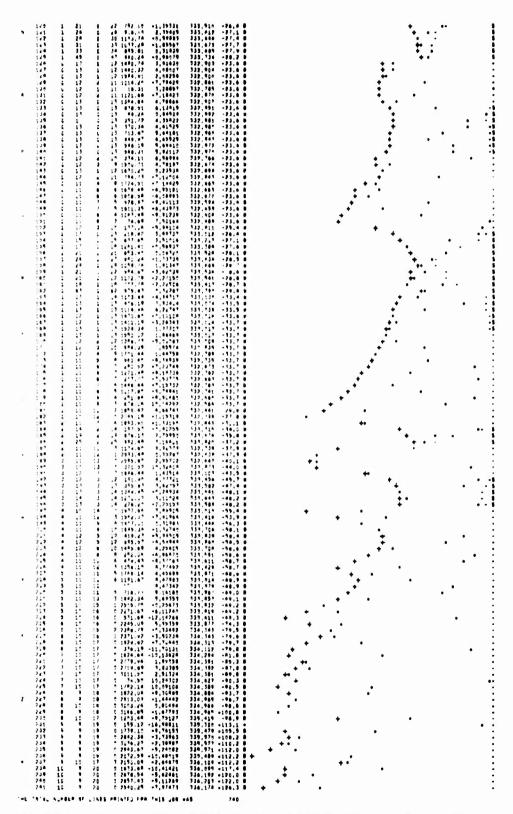


Fig. 7 (Continued) - Example of the output from RAYZDIST (fourth of four pages)

Subroutine CHANNEL

Subroutine CHANNEL calculates CM (vertex velocity) from ZR (ray depth) and T (tangent of the ray angle) and then finds ZTO (ray turnover depth) and ZTU (ray turnunder depth). The entry RCALC then calculates

$$R = \int_{ZTO}^{ZTU} \frac{1}{\tan \theta} dZ,$$

where R is the cycle length of the ray, which is used for the type III intensity calculations. The entry WDENS then calculates the probability density P(Z) that a ray will be found at a depth z:

$$P(z) = \frac{1}{(\tan \theta)/R},$$

which is the type III depth distribution.

Subroutine VELCALC

Subroutine VELCALC calculates a velocity profile at each selected range for internal calculations (not a profile range or bottom point) using the information in the common block /TRIANG/.

Subroutine RAYPLOT

Each entry to RAYPLOT plots one line of the printer plot. In addition the first entry prints the heading for the plot, determines which rays will be plotted, and sets the scale. NP and ZMAX are used only on the first entry. Fig. 8 is an example of the printer plot.

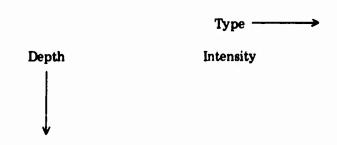
Subroutine PROFPLIT

Subroutine PROFPLIT plots both the input and interpolated profiles on a Calcomp plot. They may be plotted in nautical miles or kilometers. The total plot length is specified in inches. The bottom track is also plotted.

Fig. 8 — Ray plot

Subroutine ITNPRINT

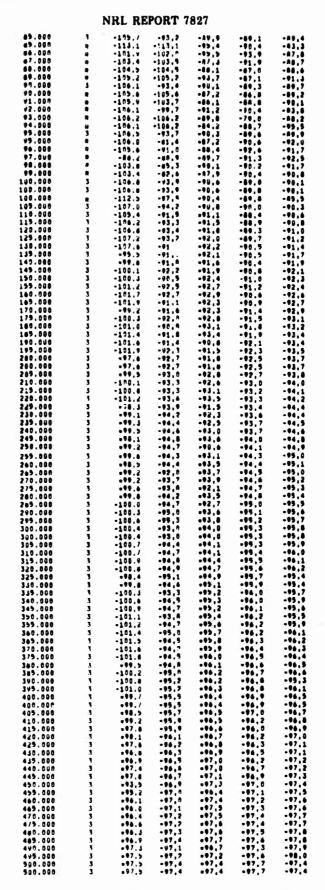
Subroutine ITNPRINT prints out the intensities. If receiver depths are the same for all intensity calculations, a table of intensities such as shown in Fig. 9 is printed. Otherwise a printer plot for each range with the arrangement



is printed.

		FOR THE P	MODLEM			
MECETARD					LP1H8	
REEMI	TARE	90.000	190,000	250,000	390,000	450.000
1.000	•	-97.4 -42.5	.57.5 .62.8	-97.5	-57.6 -62.7	-57.3
3.000	:	-67.6	-84.7	-40,4	-66.0	-43.3
5.000	3	-71.8	-77,3	-72.0 -70.4	-71.6	-70.8 -70.3
	R T	-74.4	•71.3 •••.1	-48,4	-76.0 -77.4	-72.4
7.000	8	-77.4 -80.0	-60.1	•71.6 •75.4	-70,0 -70,2	-74.2 -72.8
9,000 10.000	4	-78.3 -80.1	-85.A -77.A	-76.2 -77.3	-79.3 -76.4	-79.9 -74.1
10.000	*	-42.4 -45.4	-69.1	•78.8 •87.7	-77.1 -80.1	-74,0 -78,2
12.000		-91.6	-83,8 -85,9	-87.7	-88.A -84.0	-A1.2
14.000	;	-94.9	-86.9	-67,6 -62,6	-87.9 -81.6	-64.7 -79.4
19.000		-04 1	- #7 , P	- 4 8 . 3	-88.7	-09,0
17.000	R	-02.1 -114./	-96.9	-40.0	-00.3	-40.5
10.000	-	-115./	-113.7 -114.4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-80,1 -00,7	-01.6
20.000	3	-99.5 -110.4	-66.7	-114.0	-82.3 -94.5	- 2 . 9
22.000	e R	-130.0	-117.5 -120.1	-121,3 -120,3	•122,4 •122,3	-88.7 -122.9
23.000 24.000		-143.0	-110.4	-121,5	•121.6	-173.5
29.000	3	-145,4 -98.2	-87.0	-44,5	-123.0 -70.3	-123,0 -84,1
49.000	0	-143.U -142./	-130.9	-121.2	-123.2 -127.0	-123.3 -125.2
40.000	*	-147.1	-132.7 -143.8	-170.8 -118.6	•123.7 •124.0	-99,4
30.000	3	-147.1	-141.0	-104.6	-123,3 -04,6	-09.6
30.000 31,000		-158.V	-132,0 -134,7	-119,6	*122.9 *123.0	-191,5
32.000 33.000		-160.2 -150.7	-134.1 -145.8	-114.6 -121.9	-124,0 -124,2	·111.2
34.000		-160.0	-136.A	-123.0	-114.2	-114,3
39.000 39.000	3	-100.8	-139.3	-80.0 -123.5	-85.2	-85.6
30.000 37.000	:	-100.0 -105.0	-135.5	-121.4	•117.0 •110.5	-94.0
38.000	R	-164.u	-121.4	-124.1	-110.0	-85.1
40,000	3	-101.6 -163.1	-87.7	-86.6	-85.8	-86,2
41.000		-104.u -102.3	-104.3	-06.9	-70,3 -79,5	-88.4 -87.8
43.000		-94.5	-94,7	-61.5	-01.1	-02,3
44.000	3	-102.3	-96.4	-04.3 -07.1	-00.9	-63.6 -66.7
49.000		.07,5 -90,5	-97 4 -99,4	-79,2	-02.2 -01.3	-A3.8
48.000		-99.1	-98,9	-83,1	-09.0 -01.0	-70.0 -78.0
49.000 50.000	3	-190.1 -102.9	-100,7 -90,9	-81.6	-87,7 -84,8	-84.1 -87.1
50.000 51.000	9	-100.4	-86.5 -85.7	•78,8 •.5,3	-80,5 -80,0	-05,2 -09,6
52.000 53.000		-101.3	-74.9 -79.2	•84.3 •62.4	-84.7 -84.4	-00.1
54.000		-100.9	-85.0	-82,5	-64,1	-67.5
59.000	3	-173.4	-91.3	-00.0	-14.4	-87.5 -85.0
50.000 57.000		-143.4 -85.1	-91.1 -95.3	-85.2	-44.7 -84.3	-84 .8 -89 .2
50.000	:	-93.5	-91.0	•46,3 •94,2	-101,3 -100,5	-94,6
40.000	3	-103.9 -110.0	-91.7 -93.6	-40.3	-83.1	-87.9 -93.6
61.000 62.000 63.000		-110.1 -116.4	-94.0 -110.1	-97,1 -97,9 -101,5	-97.6 -98.3 -100.5	- 9 8 . 9
43,000 44,000		-177.1 -106.7	-107,7 -108,7	-100.7	-101,1	-101.1
69.000	3	-104.5	-92.0	-88,7	-87.9	-00.3
65.000		-115.1	-108,9 -114,5	-104.9 -113.7	-100.2	-102.7 -100.0
67.000 68.000	9	-140.4 -133.0 -135.3 -105.1	-114.5 -126.1 -125.7 -123.3 -92.4 -130.9	-122.0 -119.9 -122.2	-129,9	-101.5 -127.7
70.000	9 9 3 9	-135,3	-123,3	-97.0	-130.5	-127,7 -119,1 -88,6
70.300	R	-136.1	-130.2	-127.4	-125.0 -116.6	-111.6
72.000 73.000		-144.4	-130.2 -135.2 -136.7 -143.0	-127,4 -128.5	-101,1 -102,0 -07,0 -100,2 -120,5 -120,5 -120,5 -120,0 -120,0 -120,2	-03,4
74.000	3	-140.9 -109.5	-143 n -92.7	-130.0		-87,4 -88,9
79.000 76.000		-144,4 -155,9	-137.2	-135,9	-88.9 -124.0 -123.2 -130.2 -84.4 -82.7	-87.3
17.000		-156.4	-13A,0 -14A,A -13A,A	-136,3 -130,8	-130,2	-81.1 -91.6 -92.9
78.000 79.000	R 8 3	-156.4 -156.7	-141.0	-130.8 -130.0	-82.7	/./
60.000 60.000		-105.0	-93.A -143.2	-126,6	85.9	-00,2 -07,5
#1.000 #2.000	A A	-300.0 -300.0	-30n,n -140,5	-90.9	-83.5	-87.4 -89.5
#3.000 #4.000		-171.1 -111.1	-124.6 -111.1	-88.6	-67,5 -91,6	-89.3 -89.1

Fig. 9 — Example of an output from ITNPRINT (first of three pages). The symbols that the subroutine uses in the second column are R for type I random phase calculations, S for type I coherent phase calculations, 2 for type II calculations, and 3 for type III calculations.



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Fig. 9 - Example of an output from ITNPRINT (second of three pages)

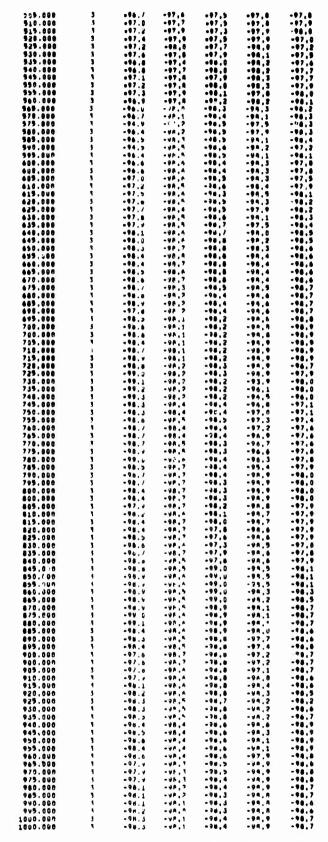


Fig. 9 - Example of an output from ITNPRINT (third of three pages)

Subroutine IVSRPLOT

Subroutine IVSRPLOT plots intensity versus range (Fig. 10). The first entry prints the heading, chooses the correct type of calculation, and then plots a line or the first range. Each succeeding call plots just a line for another range. Only one type may be plotted per data case.

Subroutine INTENSTY

Subroutine INTENSTY calculates all intensities. The switches ISCP, IT1, IT2, and IT3 determine what is calculated. When one selects coherent phase (ISCP = 1) one must also select random phase (IT1 = 1). Coherent phase intensity takes the phase of the ray into account in the calculations. If SL is a function of the random-phase sound level, then the coherent sound level is $(\sqrt{SL}*\cos(P))^2 + (\sqrt{SL}*\sin(P))^2$, where P is the phase angle. To get each, set IT2 = 1 for type II calculations and IT3 = 1 for type III calculations.

The only caustic correction which is applied to type I calculations is a ray-separation criterion: if two rays are closer together than 0.001 meter in depth, the eigenray for these two rays is thrown out. Type II and Type III intensity calculations do not have caustics.

Subroutine RECOVERY

Subroutine RECOVERY has two entry points: DUMP and RESTART. Its function is to enable one to restart a program. DUMP writes all the core locations on a tape when it is called, and RESTART restores core to its previous condition when it is called by reading the tape from DUMP.

Subroutine RETRY

Subroutine RETRY enables one to restart a program in which the multiple replacement option has been used (as was discussed for card II in the Input Description). Its chief function is to read any profile cards which have not yet been read and to write them on logical unit 6 for subroutine NEWPROF to read when required.

Subroutine CLOSEIOP

The function of subroutine CLOSEIOP is to alleviate a systems problem in punching intensity cards when using RESTART. Without this subroutine the cards would be punched in binary instead of BCD when RESTART is called. This subroutine might not be required in another computer system, if the proper moding of logical units is accomplished automatically.

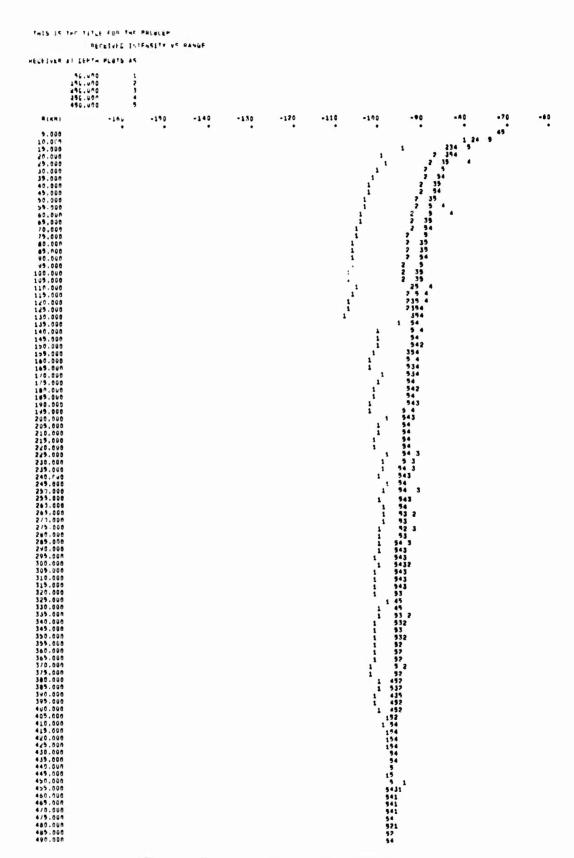


Fig. 10 - Example of the output from IVSRPLOT

Subroutine BYEBYE

Subroutine BYEBYE is called in place of the Fortran statement STOP to terminate the program. It was written to avoid a CDC3800 systems problem when DUMP is called in the executive program. It might not be necessary to have this in another computer system, in which case the STOP statement could be reinserted, if desired.

DIFFERENT INTENSITIES IN TRIMAIN

In subroutine RAYZDIST (ray depth distribution) a quantity is printed titled LOSSES (Fig. 6). This quantity is equal to $10 \log_{10} (S)$, where S represents all the losses due to bottom interactions, surface interactions, and volume attenuation. Spreading loss is not included in these figures.

In subroutine INTENSTY a quantity is printed for the eigenray printout called SL (DB). If we let SS (I) denote the quantity called S in RAYZDIST for the current ray and SS (I-1) denote S for the previous ray, then we let S1 = secant (current ray angle) [SS (I-1)] and let DS = secant (previous ray angle) [SS(I)-S1]. The ray depth at a given point may be identified as ZZ(I). So if we are considering ray I, then Z1 = ZZ(I-1) and DZ = ZZ(I) - Z1. If ZR is the receiver depth, then we let F = (ZR - Z1)/DZ. We let RMAX be the range to this point in meters. Then we define a quantity SL = (S1 + F DS)/[RMAX ABS (DZ)]. Thus the quantity printed for SL(DB) is SL 10 log SL(SL).

The third parameter which is printed is the type I intensity and is derived in subroutine INTENSTY. This set consists of summing all the eigenrays, or the SL, for a given receiver and range point and then computing

10 log
$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} SL_i$$
 (incoherent or random phase sum),

where N is the number of eigenrays determined for this point. If the Lloyd's mirror switch is not on, the final intensity value can be arrived at as stated, but if the Lloyd's mirror switch is on, each eigenray is m "iplied by a factor before they are summed; thus it is not always possible to sum the eigenrays as printed to arrive at the final intensity.

The type II intensity calculation was initially proposed [2] using a Gaussian distribution, which smears a ray over a displaced bundle of intensity. DZBAR is a size parameter for that smearing and is defined by DZBAR = SDZ/SW, where we are using the mean absolute difference between ray depths, weighted by the signal strength of the ray, such that

$$SW = \sum_{i=2}^{NRAY} W_i = \sum_{i=2}^{NRAY} \min (SS_i, SS_i - 1),$$

which is the sum of the weights, and

$$SDZ = \sum_{i=2}^{NRAY} Wi (ZZ_i - ZZ_{i-1})$$

which is the sum of the weighted mean differences.

If DZBAR is less than a wavelength, then DZBAR is set equal to a wavelength. $DZM = ZB/\sqrt{NRAY}$, where ZB is the bottom depth and NRAY is the number of rays traced. If DZBAR is greater than DZM, then DZBAR = DZM. This is a check to see that DZBAR is not a large fraction of the bottom depth. If 100 rays were traced, then DZBAR would never be larger than 1/10 of the bottom depth.

If RMAX is the range of this point, then let F = 2.0*RMAX*DZBAR. Let $ER = e^{-}(ZR/\text{DZBAR})$, where ZR is the receiver depth, let $EB = e^{-}(ZB/\text{DZBAR})$, and let $EZ = e^{-}(ZZ(I)/\text{DZBAR})$. Now $SL = B*\sec\theta*SS(I)/F$ where B is the volume attenuation. If a ray is close to the bottom, it does not get its full share of the intensity, since the intensity is distributed exponentially on either side of the ray. Thus, it is necessary to renormalize the distribution by saying SL = SL/(1 - .5*((EB/EZ) + EZ)).

We now want to calculate the quantity $A = e^{-(ABS(ZZ(I)-ZR)/DZBAR)}$, which expression is always less than 1.0. The final expression for each ray is then $S_i = SL*A$. The final intensity at a receiver is given by computing, in subroutine ITNPRINT,

$$10 \log \sum_{i=1}^{N} Si.$$

In calculating the Type III intensity [2] it is assumed that a current velocity profile prevails to represent a local average over a convergence zone, which wipes out the phase of a ray. The ray turnover and turnunder depths are calculated for each ray, and then the ray cycle length is computed. Next the expression SL = B*SS(I)/RMAX is computed to get cylindrical spreading. If a given receiver is between the turnunder and turnover depths, entry WDENS is called, which returns the parameter S, the signal strength parameter, which represents the probability density that the ray is at this depth. This probability density $T = 1/ABS(TAN\theta)$ is normalized in WDENS by dividing by the ray cycle length. The cylindrical spreading term is multiplied by signal-strength parameter S_i to get a contribution for each ray which is then summed as

$$10 \log \sum_{i=1}^{N} SL_i * S_i$$

to arrive at the final values.

EIGENRAY OUTPUT OPTION

The computer coding for the eigenray output option appears within the subroutine INTENSTY. If a request is made either for type I random intensity or type I coherent intensity, then it is possibel to obtain an eigenray output (Fig. 11) by setting column 25 on the output control card (card group V in Fig. 1) equal to 1. The concept of an eigenray may be envisioned as an interpolated ray which will strike a receiver and is found by linearly interpolating between two rays which bracket a receiver. For certain cases eigenrays will be formed from rays which do not bracket a receiver. This is caused primarily by consecutive rays which have different histories; in this case there is some ray between the two existing rays which would give an eigenray if it were traced. Thus the program extrapolates a value. The program prefers two rays with the same history which bracl et a receiver. This represents an IQUAL of 1. If it cannot achieve this, if the next ray history is different from the current ray history, if the previous ray history is the same as the current ray history, and if the receiver is within a distance of 1/2 the ray separation, a forward extrapolation is performed and IQUAL = 2. The same condition may happen on the first two rays of a set, and in this condition IQUAL = 3. If an interpolated ray is found later, the IQUAL = 3 ray will be thrown out, and the IQUAL = 1 ray used. This is indicated by ** after the IQUAL = 1, and the ray which is replaced is the last ray with a 3* at the same receiver depth. The number which is listed for NRAY is the current ray number, and this forms an eigenray in conjunction with the previous ray. The NBR column gives the number of bottom reflections for this ray. The NTU column is the number of turnunders for this ray. NSR gives the number of surface reflections and NTO gives the number of turnovers. RANGE is the distance in meters from the source to this receiver. DEPTH is the ray depth for a given receiver at this range. THETA is an interpolated value for the ray arrival angle at the receiver. TIME is the travel time in seconds to this receiver from the source and is also an interpolated value between the travel times for two rays bracketing a receiver. SL(DB) is discussed in the preceding section of this report.

ElGE	NHAY	SET		TEST	CASE FOR INTENS	111					
NRAY	NBR	NTU	NSH	NTO	HANGE	DEPTH	THETA	TIME	SL (DB)	IQUAL	REM
8	U	7	7	٥	370000	350.0000	-10.6075	248.56510	-106.4	3	•
	0	7	7	0	370000	740.0000	-9.6028	248.60291	-106.5	1	
17	0	11	0	10	370000	350.0000	5.4116	249.38608	-99.5	2	
17	0	11	Ü	10	370000	700.0000	5.1751	249.36221	-94.5	1	
	Ü	7	7	0	37000	350.0000	9.4668	248.56477	-107.9	1	
28 28	Ü	7	7	Ō	370000	700.0000	8.9143	248.52684	-107.9	ī	
17	0	22	U	21	740000	700.0000	6.7384	498.73865	-103.7	2	
26	Ó	26	22	0	1110000	350.0000	4.3020	746.19729	-113.1	1	
26	Ü	55	22	ŏ	1110000	700.0000	4.4851	746.16336	-113.1	ì	

Fig. 11 - Example of an eigenray printout

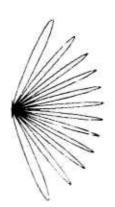
THE LLOYD'S MIRROR OPTION FOR RECEIVERS

Some examples of the Lloyd's mirror beam pattern are presented in Fig. 12. The receiver depth is at the point where all the lines converge for each plot.

FREQUENCY . 50 HERTZ RECEIVER DEPTH- 18.288 FREQUENCY :

50 HERTZ RECEIVER DEPTH- 91.440

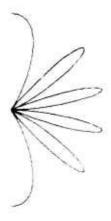




FREGUENCY -

100 HERTZ RECEIVER DEPTH- 18-266 FREQUENCY =

100 HERTZ RECEIVER DEPTH- 91.440



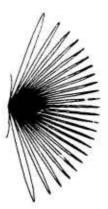


Fig. 12 - Examples of Lloyd's mirror beam patterns for receivers

The computer coding for the Lloyd's mirror option for receivers appears within the subroutine INTENSTY. The switch LLMR, in column 26 of the output control cards, is a receiver Lloyd's mirror switch. When the switch is off (0 or blank), the old intensity is returned, and when on (nonzero), the beam pattern

$$2\sin^2\left(\frac{2\pi^2}{\lambda}\sin\,\theta\right)\;,$$

where z is the depth, is used for type I random phase, type I coherent phase, Type II, and Type III intensity calculations for all receiver depths. For Type I and II calculations, θ is the ray angle, and for Type III calculations Snell's law is used to calculate the ray angle at the receiver. One can calculate some intensities with and some without the Lloyd's mirror by specifying them on different output control cards.

ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE RESTART OPTION

If the restart option is desired, a tape for output must be provided and a backup tape can be provided. I ogical unit 15 is the primary output tape. Logical unit 16 is the backup output tape. Logical unit 17 may be used as a second backup tape, but this is optional. If the tape on logical unit 15 was bad when the program attempted the dump and it had to write on logical unit 16 or 17, then that tape would become logical unit 15 for restart. Logical units 16 and 17 may be omitted if you are sure you have a good tape on logical unit 15. The control deck should then have these cards:

79 EQUIP, 15 = MT, LO,**, DA

 7_9 EQUIP, 16 = MT, LO,**, DA (optional)

79 EQUIP, 17 = MT, LO,**, DA (optional)

For dumping on tape the job request form should be as follows:

Logical Unit No.	Input	Output	Save	Tape No. (if not specified, the Computation Center sells you one and assigns a number)
15	C)	K)	K I	Number for tape
16 (Optional)		Ø	Ø	Number for tape
17 (Optional)		K	Ø	Number for tape
20 (Program tape)	Ø		K	573
1 (Used only for ray tape)		K	×	Number for tape

In addition the second card in each case should contain the word DUMP in columns 73 through 76 if a restart capability is desired. If the program runs out of time, one may restart it according to the following procedure.

1. Change the job request form for logical units 15 and 1 as follows:

Logical Unit No.	Input	Output	Save	Tape No.
15		E	K	Number for tape
1	80	X	Ø	Number for tape

However, the output block for logical unit 15 is checked only if a dump is desired again if the program runs out of time, and the input block for logical unit 1 is checked only if the ray tape is being restarted.

2. The first card after your run card must contain RESTART in columns 1 through 7. If a dump is desired again if the program aborts because of lack of time, DUMP is entered in columns 9 through 12 of the same card. One looks through the listing and determines what cards were read last, pulls out all these cards and places the remaining cards behind the card containing the word RESTART. If the multiple replacement option is being used, the profile remaining to be read should be read in from the case in which LA = 1. For the next case all cards would have to be read in again. Also the run must have progressed at least one range increment before dump can be called. Thus, if these conditions are not met, the entire deck must be resubmitted. Also, if the last data card read was an end-of-file card, then the first data card read must be the restart card and then the end-of-file card is read. If multiple replacement is being used, one should have the restart card and then a blank card followed by a card with the word START in columns 1 through 5, followed by remaining data. This can be determined by looking at the comment which is printed at the end of the program. Reference 7 is a more complete writeup on the restart option.

CAUTIONS TO THE USER

The following are some cautions to the user:

- If you have six receivers, then you must insert a blank card after the output control card containing the six receivers.
- The number of input and internally generated points in a sound-speed profile cannot exceed 50. The number of internally generated points can be reduced by reading in profiles with common depths.
- Do not read in the second speed-profile at a range less than the second bottom point; otherwise a diagnostic is printed and program aborts. Thus the range to your second bottom point should equal or be less than the range to the second profile.

- The source depth and sound-speed depth for any profile should not be the same; otherwise a diagnostic is printed and the program aborts. To correct this fault, change the source depth by 0.01 meter.
- The first bottom point must be at range zero.
- The maximum number of rays which may be traced is 1000.
- If the program runs for a long time and produces no results, you have specified too large a distance between bottom points or output values and the program is forced to set up long thin triangles. In this case there is difficulty in arriving at the proper ray intersections with the triangles. To correct this condition, insert either additional bottom points or additional output at shorter range increments.

PROGRAM TRIPLT

Program TRIPLT performs a Calcomp plot of the ray trajectories (Fig. 13). It reads an output tape from the main program and plots selected rays to a given range. Cubic splines are employed to give the proper trajectories. A maximum of 512 rays and a maximum of 2000 range increments may be plotted. A portion of the range may be plotted by specifying the number of records (one record being one range increment). A description of the input follows.

The input ray tape should be read in on logical unit 1. Thus the first equip card should be

 7_9 EQUIP, 1 = MT, density, RO, label.

Logical unit 2 should be equipped for the disk file as 7_9 EQUIP, 2 = DF.

Logical unit 10, the plot unit, may be equipped as 7_9 EQUIP, 10 = PL or 7_9 EQUIP, 10 = MT, LO, label, DA (to write an output tape to be plotted later).

The job request form should be checked as follows:

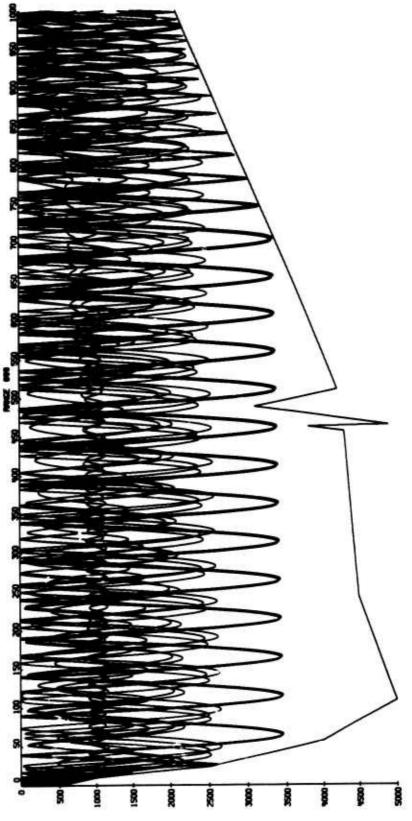


Fig. 13 - Example of a Calcomp plot

Logical Unit No.	Input	Output	Save	Tape Serial No.
1	X	0	Ø	Input Tape No.
2	K			DF
10	6	Ø	⊠	Output Tape No.

Logical unit 10 need be specified only if writing an output tape; if the plot is to be done on line, the 7_9 EQUIP, 10 = PL may be used or the card may be omitted. Computer 1 should be specified on the job request form also, because it contains the plotter package. The data deck input is as follows:

First-card Columns	Variable	Meaning
1.2	ITNC	Total number of cases.
Second-card		
Columns	Variable	Meaning
1-8	AL	Plot length in inches, which must be ≤ 120.0 .
9-16	ZMAX	Maximum depth of plot, in either feet or meters.
17-20	NRMAX	Number of records to be plotted. There is one record for each range increment on the tape. Plots for a portion of the range from range ZERO may be made by specifying the number of records to that point. To plot the entire range a number may be specified which is larger than the actual number but less than 2001.
21-25	IKNM	If IKNM < O, the range scale will be plotted in nautical miles; if IKNM > O, the range scale will be in kilometers.
26-30	IFMC	If IFMC < O, the depth scale will be plotted in feet; if IFMC > O, the depth scale will be plotted in meters.

Second-card Columns	Variable	Meaning
31-35	NFSK	Number of files to skip on the tape before plotting this case.
36-40	ITTR	If ITTR < O, a title card is read to replace the title on the tape; if ITTR > O, the title from TRIMAIN will be used for the title.
41-45	NSR1	Maximum number of surface hits allowable. The ray will be terminated at this surface hit. If this is left blank, the previous limits from TRIMAIN will be used.
46-50	NBR1	Maximum number of bottom hits allowable, analogous to NSR1.
51-60	ALIM1	Maximum dB loss allowed per ray, similar to NSR1 and NBR1. It is read in as a positive floating-point number, such as 200.0.
Third-card Columns (If ITTR < 0)	Variable	Meaning
1-80	TITLE	Title of the plot. This card is omitted if ITTR > 0 in columns 36 through 40 of the second card; if this card is omitted, the fourth card becomes the third card.
Fourth-card Columns (or Third-card Columns if ITTR > O)	Variable	Meaning
1-4	NRPLOT(1)	Number of the first ray to be plotted, which corresponds to the number of the ray in the program TRIMAIN.
5-8 	NRPLOT(2)	Number of the second ray to be plotted.

Fourth-card Columns (or Third-card Columns if ITTR > O)	Variable	Meaning
76-80	NRPLOT(20)	Number of the 20th ray to be plotted.
•••	•••	
Additional-card Columns	Variable	Meaning
1-80	NRPLOT(N)	Numbers of the rays to be plotted, continued 20 per card until the desired number N is reached.

An end of file card terminates each case. The cards beginning with the second card are repeated ITNC times for multiple cases.

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Appendix A

LISTING OF THE PROGRAM

17/25/73 . 44 PROGRAM TRIMAIN DIMÉNSION JUNK(10), P1(10),DR(10),R2(10),STRCD(26,10),JNRC(10),INTTRÎM (10), IT(6,10), IRT(10), IRD(10), ISCPEQ(6), 7(2,50), V(2,50), TI(9) TRIM EQUIVALENCE (ISCP, ISCPEQ) COMMON /MIRRORS/ FSRL, RRLT(200), BPST(200) COMMON /INFO/ RSTART, RMAX, OMEGA, ATT, IPRAY, ITN, ITN2, ITN3, IBIG, TRIM TRIM ISCP, IT1, 112, IT3, IPER, IFTIMS, LTRT, LTER, LTRP, LPIN, PATT TRIM CEMMON /PROFIL/ RENE, N1, Z1(50), V1(50), RTLG, N2, Z2(50), V2(50), IBOTC, TRIM 1 IPFL TRIM COMMON /LEUDNESS/ LNRC.RCD(100).DINT(400) Common /pro/ iprop.iknm.pltl.rm.ipco.ifpr TRIM 10 TRIM DATA (LIRTE 1), (LIER=41), (LIRP=42), (LPIN=60) COMMON /PATTERN/ SC, ITAP, DATD, SORLEV TRIM TRIM 13 CUMMON /PIDEF/ PI. CTP. TWOP! TRIM CEMMON/LIMITS/R1.DR,P2 TRÍM 15 COMMON /TLE/ ITITLE (1n) TRIM COMMON/ABC/PU/CHDB (16), INCR.NBRS.NSRS.ALIM, IFT, IFT1
COMMON /IFC/ IFE, IA, IB, IP, ID, IS, LA
COMMON /RANST/ RTWOM, IREC, IFSK, SDS TRÍM 17 TRÍM TRIM PI=4. ATAN(1.) SIFT=0 SIFT1=0 S IPCG=0 STHEP1=PI+PISDTR=180,/PI READ 900, ITTTLES IEPT=ITITLE(1) S HRITE (19) ITTTLE TRIM Ô TRIM REWIND 19
IF (E0F, 60) 155, 2
2 IF (IDPT.EQ.8HRESTART)G0 T0 104 TRIM TRIM 5 GB TB 122 DC FGRMAT(10A8)

155 IF (IFE.EG.1) GO TO 152 S IFE=1 S GG TO 1

122 PHINT 901, ITITLE S RSTARTED.O SHMAX=0.0 S N

1 FGRMAT(+1HORIZONTAL GRADIENT RAY TRACE +, 10AR) TRÍM TRIM NTPLTED TRIM TRIM READ 902.SC, FKHZ, LATT, SORLEV, LTBP, DATD, SLDR, LABOT, ISCP, NRECUR, TRIM 1180TC, IPFL, IPROP, IKNM, PLTL, NBRS, NSRS, ALIM, 1A, IR, IP, ID, IS, LA, 18PT TRIM ALIEALIM \$ SDS#SD TRIM FSRL=,0...(-...-SLCB) SIF(ALIM,NE,D.0)ALIM=PBHRF(,0.0,(-ALIM,0.0))TRIM FGRMAT(FB,3,F5.3,I1,F5.2,I1,2F5.2,711,F8.3,215,F10.3,611,1X,A8) TRIM GMEGA =2000,-PI-FKHZ SIF (ALIM,E0,0,0)ALIM-1,0E-30 \$ \$2=FKHZ-+2 TRIM PRINT 903, SD, SARLEV, FKHZ, ITBP, DATD, NBRS, NSRS, AL, . IA, 18, IP, 10, IS, LATRIM 35 1. IMPT BEATRIM FERMAT (. DSOURCE DEPTH . FB. 2. . LEVEL . F6. 1. . FREQ(KHZ) . F6. 3. . 37 1MPATTERN -. 12,3x,-ANGLE=+,F5,1,5x,-NBRS=+,15,5x,-NBRS=+,15,5x,+DB TRIM 38 2Llm|Tme,F10,3,/,5x,e|Ame,|1,5x,e|Bme,|1,5x,e|Pme,|1,5x,e|Dme,|1, 35x,e|Sme,|1,5x,e|Ame,|1,5x,e|BPTme,AB} TRIM 39 TRIM 40 IF (NRECUR.GT.0.ANC.1BMTC.GT.0)SD=SD=(1.+.5+SD/6371221.3)
A7T=0.0003025+S2 +44.+S2/(4100.+S2)
IF (IATT.EG.0) ATT=0. S IF (NBRS.EQ.0) NBRS=2500 S IVSR=0
PRINT 904.ATT.SLDB S IF (NSRS.EQ.0) NSRS=2500
FORMAT(+0V0LUME ATTENUATION+,F10.6.+ DR/KM. SURFACE LGSS+,F7.2, TRÍM TRIM TRIM TRÍM • DB. •) TRIM 46 CALL INITARYS S D6 985 J=1,10 SR1(J)=0.0 SDR(J)=0.0 585 R2(J)=0.0 SIF(IAB6T,NE;0) G8 T0 45 S RR=ISCP CALL BRLTRD(RB) SIF (LA,EQ.1.0R,IB.EQ.71.0R,IB.EQ.3) REWIND 9 TRIM 47 TRÍM 48 TRIM 49 (LA.EQ.1.GR.18.GE.2) REWIND 8 \$ GO TO 18 TRÍM 50 PRINT 905 TRIM 15 TRIM RH=1.630 52 TRÍM FORMAT (+OBOTTOM ABSORBS ALL INCIDENT SOUND ENERGY+) 93 905 N=1 SIF (IP.EG.O.AND.LA.EG.O.OR.LA.EG.1) LPC=60 SIF(IP.EG.1)LPC=4 TRIM IF(LPC.EO.60)READ(LPC.906)R1(N).DR(N).R2(N).IC.(IT(I,N).I=1,6).JVSTRIM 55 20 1R, IRD(N), IRP, IRT(N), IPRAY, (STRCD(I,N), I=1,6)

. 44 07/25/73 #1(N),DR(N),#2(N),IC,(IT(I,N),I=1,6),JVSTRIM 57 IF(LPG.EQ, 4)READ(LPC) 1R. IRD(N), IRP. IRT(N), IPRAY, (STRCD(1.N), I=1.6) TRIM Tr(LA,EQ.1)WRITE(4) R1(N), DR(N), R2(N), IC, (IT(1,N), I=1,6), JVSRTRIM
1. IRD(N), IRP, IRT(N), IPRAY, (STROD(I,N), I=1,6)
TRIM 59 TRIM 60 FORMAY (3F6.2.12,1111,14,6F8,4) 61 906 TRÍM INT(N)=0 De 22 I=1,5 TRIH TRIM TRIM INT(N)=INT(N)+IABS(IT(I,N)) 22 IF (IT(5,N),GT.0) IPER=IT(5,N)
IF(INT(N),E0.0) GB TO 30
PRINT 907,R1(N),DR(N),R2(N),(IT(I,N),I=1.6) TRIM TRIM 65 TRÍM 67 IF(DR(N).LT.O.) DR(N)=-1.+DR(N)/R1(N) TRIM 68 TRIM 69 IH=6 TRIM 23 IF(STRCD([H,N).GT,0,) GB TB 25 70 IH-IH-1 IF(STRCD(IH,N).GT,0,) GO TO 26 TRIM 24 TRIM TRIM IF(IH, LE. 1) 26,24 73 74 TRIM 25 IL=IH+1 IH-IH-10 TRIM 75 IF(LPC.EO.6O, READ (LPC, 908, (STRCD(I, N, , I=IL, ; H) TRIM

IF(LPC.EO. 4) READ (LPC) (STRCD(I, N), I=IL, ; H) TRIM

IF(LA, EO.1) WRITE (4) (STRCD(I, N), I=IL, ; H) TRIM

THE SHITCH ITIM IS NOW LLMR, THE LLOYDS MIRROR SWITCH FOR ALL TRIM

RECEIVERS ON A GIVEN RANGE FAN CARD

FORMAT(+00UTPUT RANGES+, 3F6, 2, 9H ISCP, I2, 4H IT1, I2, 4H IT2, I2, 4H' TTRIM 76 77 C 907 13,12,3H IPER,12,5H LLMR,12) FORMAT(10F0,2) G0 T0 23 TRIM TRIM 908 TRIM 84 26 JNRC(N)=IH TRIM 85 PRINT 909, (STRCD(I,N), I=1, IH) TRIM PRINT 909,(STRCD(I,N),I=1,IM)
IF (NRECUR.LE.0) 00 TO 29
D8 31 I=1,IM
31 STRCD (I,N)=STRCD(I,N)+(1.+,5=STRCD(I,N)/6371221.3)
FORMAT(=0RCD=,10F9.2)
29 IF(JVSR.E0.0) G8 TS 27
PRINT 910,JVSR
D FORMAT(=0INTENSITY VERSUS RANGE PLOT WILL BE MADE FOR TYPE+,I3)
IF(IVSR.E0.0) PRINT 911 TRIM 87 TRIM TRIM TRIM 90 909 91 TRIM TRIM 910 TRIM 93 IF(IVSR.NE.O, PRINT 911 TRIM FORMAT(5H ***, CAUTION, ... ONLY THE LAST I VS R PLOT WILL BE MADE*)TRIM 95 IVSR=JVSR TRIM 96 TRIM NVSREN IF (IRP.E0,0) G0 T6 28 98 27 TRIM NTPLT#15 00 TRIM 100 ZMAX=0. DRPLT#1. TRIM 101 RLPLT=1,E6 TRIM 102 TRIM 173 PRINT 915 IF (IRD(N), NE. 0) PRINT 912 TRIM 104 28 IF(IRT(N), NE.O) PRINT 913
\$15 FORMAT (+ORAY PLOT WILL BE MADE+)
12 FORMAT(+ORAY DEPTH DISTRIBUTION WILL BE MADE+) TRIM 105 TRIM 106 TRIM 107 912 TRIM 108 FORMAT(+ ORAY TAPE WILL BE MADE +) 913 G0 T0 40 IF (IRP.EQ.0) G0 T0 33 TRIM 109 30 TRIM 110 NTPLT#STRCD(1,N)+.1 TRIM 111 IF (NTPLT.LT.1) NTPLT=15 TRIM 112

17/25/73 44 **TRIM 113** ZMAX=STRCD(2.N) DRPLT#DR(N) TRIM 114 RLST=R2(N) TRIM 115 RLPLTERLST TRIM 116 TRIM 117 PRINT 915 PRINT 914,R1(N),DR(N),P2(N) **TRIM 118** IF(IRD(N)*IRT(N).EC.0) G0 T0 35 PRINT 914,R1(N),DR(N),R2(N) FORMAT(*08UTPUT RANGES*,3F10.4) TRIM 119 33 TRIM 120 TRIM 121 914 IF (IRD(N), NE.O) PRINT 912 IF (IRT(N), NE.O) PRINT 913 TRIM 122 TRIM 123 GB TB 40 TRIM 124 TRIM 125 N=N-1 35 TRIM 126 1F(1C,EQ.0) GG TG 45 40 N= N+1 TRIM 127 IF (N.GT.10)41,20 TRIM 128 41 PRINT 42 42 FORMAT (1MO, NUMBER OF BUTPUT CONTROL CARDS EXCEEDS 10, PROGRAM TRIM 129 TRIM 130 TRIM 131 TRIM 132 1 ABORTED.) CALL BYEBYE NR=N S IF (LA.EG.1.0P, IP.EQ.1) REWIND 4 TRIM 133 45 TRIM 434 TRIM 135 JRT=0 HMAX1#U,
D=1.0 \$ D1=DRPLT \$ DELTM=0.0 \$ ICA=0 \$DELTA=0.0
D0 47 I=1;NR
IF (DR(I);LT.D) D=DR(I) \$ IF (DR(I);LT,D1) D1=DR(I)
IF(R2(I):GT,RLST) RLST=R2(I)
IF(IT(2,I);E0.0) G0 T0 47
IF(R2(I):GT,RMAX1) RMAX1=R2(I)
DRT=JRT+IRT(I)
DRT=JRT+IRT(I) TRIM 136 TRIM 137 TRIM 138 \$ [F (DR([),LT,D1) D1=DR([) TRIM 140 TRIM 141 TRIM 142 47 TRIH 143 D=0/2.0 TRIM 144 CALL INIT TRIM 145 CALL NEWPROF (ZM) TRIM 146 CALL NEWPREF CALL CONNECT IF (ZMAX.EQ.O.) ZMAX#ZM TRIM 147 TRIM 148 RPLT=1.E6 1F(NTPLT.EG,0) G8 T8 49 TRIM 149 TRIM 150 TRIM 151 TRIM 152 RPLT=DRPLT CALL RAYPLET (NTPLT, ZMAX) TRIM 153 TRIM 154 IF (JRT.EO.0) GR TO 51 CALL RAYTAPE 49 TRIM 155 51 NOLD==10 TRIM 156 Jet NINT=1 TRIM 157 IF ALL THE INTENSITY CALCULATIONS HAVE THE SAME RODS A TABULAR FORMAT WILL BE USED TRIM 158 TRIM 159 TRIM 160 C D8 55 [=1,NR IF(INT(I),EQ.0) G8 T0 55 IF(J.EQ.0) J=1 IF(J.EQ.I) G8 T8 55 TRIM 161 TRIM 162 TR14 163 TRIM 164 IF(JNRC(I).NE.JNRC(J)) G0 T0 54 TR:M 165 K=JNRC(1) D6 53 L=1.K TRIM 166 TRIM 167 IF (ABS(STRCD(L, I) - STRCD(L, J)) . GT. . 1) GO TO 54 CENTINUE 53

等。1984年1月1日 1985年
07/25/73 . 44 TRIM 169 G0 T0 55 TRIM 170 54 NINT=2 TRIM 171 GG TG 95 TRIM 172
TRIM 172
TRIM 173
TRIM 174
TRIM 175
TRIM 177
TRIM 177
TRIM 178 CONTINUE 95 RMAX=0. 100 RN=1.E6 DG 103 I=1,NR IF(R1(I),LT,RN) Rh#R1(I) 103 CENTINUE RSTARTERMAX TR M 179 TR M 180 TR M 181 TR M 182 RMAX=AMIN1(,001+RTW0,RPLT,RN)+1000. RT=,001+(RMAX+1.) IF(RT,GT.RLST+D) GO TO 140 IF (18PT. NE, 8HDUMP) GO TO 104 TILTPETILT TRIM 183 TILT=TIMELEFT(1)
DELT=TILTP=TILT TRIM 184 TRIM 185 TRIM 186 IF (DELT.LT.0.0) GE TO 108 TRIM 187 ICA=ICA+1 TRÍM 188 FICATICA TRIM 189 DELTA DELTA + DELT DELTH DELTA/FICA 108 RER=(RLST=(RSTART/1000-0))/D1 TRIM 191 TOTIME=RER-DELTM-2.0 TRIM 192 TRIM 193 TOTIMMETOTIME/60.0 IF (TILT.LE.90.0+DELTHTAND.TOTIME.GE.30.0+DELTM) 107,104 107 IF (JRT.NE.0) BACKSPACE 1 \$ CALL DUMP TRIH 195 PRINT 105 TILT TOTIMM
105 FORMAT(160, PROGRAM ABORTED, INSUFFICIENT TUN TIME, TIME REMAININTRIM 197 1G. . . F10.3, . SECONDS . . SY, . ESTIMATED TIME TO FINISH RUN. . . F10.3. TRIM 198 TRIH 199 2. MINUTES:) PRINT 101, RTWOM
101 FORMAT (1M0, • REMOVE DATA DECK THROUGH PROFILE AT RANGE • , F10 : 3, • TR M 200 M 201 101 FORMAT (1MO, **REMOVE DATA DECK THROUGH PROFILE AT MANGE*, F1D: 5, ** KHTRIM 201

1F (IFE.EG.1) PRINT 106

1F (IS.EG.1.AND.IFE, F0.0) PRINT 112

112 FORMAT (1MO, **INSERT RLANK CARD AFTER RESTART CARD, FOLLSHED BY A CTRIM 205

1ARD WITH WORD START IN COLUMS 1-8, FOLLSHED BY REMAINING DATA**/) TRIM 206

106 FORMAT (1MO, **INSERT END OF FILE CARD AFTER RESTART CARD BEFORE RESTRIM 207 1 TARTING CASE .. /) TRIM 208 IF (IFE.EQ.1) GO TE 111 TRIM 209 TRIM 210 109 READ 900 JUNK TRIM 211 TRIM 212 TRIM 213 TRIM 2'4 IF (EOF, 60)111,109 CALL BYEBYE 111 CALL BYEBYE 104 IF (18PT.NE,8HRESTART) GO TO 102 IF (18PT.EQ,8HRESTART) CALL RESTART & CALL CLOSE COP 8 DO 443 JE4440 PRINT 901.ITITLE S D8 113 J=1:10
113 JUNK(J)=ITITLE(J) S READ (19) [TITLE
REWIND 19 TRIM 215 TRIM 2-7 IF (ITITLE(1).EQ.8HRESTART .AND.IS.EQ.1.AND.IFE.EQ.0) CALL RETRY TRIM 218 TRIM 219 ISPT1=ITITLE(2) TRIM 220 TRIM 221 TRIM 222 TRIM 223 TRIM 224 IF (IMPT1.EQ.8H \$ DO 114 J=1,10) IMPT=10PT1 114 ITITLE(J)=JUNK(J) 4 IF (JRT,EQ.0) G0 T0 102 \$ D0 121 J=1,1FSK 121 CALL SKIPFILE (1) \$ D0 123 J=1,1REC S CALL NEWPROF 102 CALL ADVANCE SIF (RMAX+.1.LT, RTH8) GO TO 110

44 07/25/73 CALL CONNECT TRIM 225 IF(RT, LT, RPLT) G8 T0 115
PPLT=RPLT+DRPLT TRIM 226 110 S CALL RAYPLET IF (RPLT.GT.RLPLT+,1) RPLT=1,66 IF (RT,LT.RN) G8 T8 135 TRIM 228 TRIM 229 115 D8 130 I=1,NR
IF(R1(I).GT,RT) G8 78 130
IF(INT(I).EQ.0) G8 78 125 TRIM 230 TRIM 231 IF (I.EQ.NOLD) GO TO 120 TRIM 233 LNRC=JNRC(I) D0 117 J=1,LNRC RCD(J)=STRCD(J,I) TRIM 234 TRIM 235 TRIM 236 TRIM 237 117 D0 119 J=1.6 ISCPEQ(J)417(J,1) TRIM 238 CALL INTENSTY CALL ITHPRINT(NINT) 120 TRIM 239 TRIM 240 IF (I.EQ.NVSR) CALL [VSRPLOT(IVSR) TRIM 241 NELD=1 TRIM 242 IF(IRD(I), NE.O) CALL RAYZDIST (NTPLT)
IF(IRT(I), NE.O) CALL RAYTAPE
IF(DR(I), LT.O.) GO TO 126 125 TRIM 243 TRIM 244 TRIM 245 R1([)#R1([)+DR(]) G0 T0 127 TRIH 246 TRIM 247 R1(1)8-R1(1) - DR(1) TRIM 248 126 IF(R1(1).GT,R2(1)+.001) R1(1)=1,56 127 TRIM 249 CONTINUE TRIM 250 IF (RT, GT, RB) CALL NWBRLT (RB) 135 TRIM 251 GO TO 100 IF(JRT,EQ,0) GO TO 150 TRIM 252 140 TRÍM 253 ENDFILE LIRT ENDFILE LIRT TRIM 254 TRIM 255 BACKSPACE LTRT 150 IF (INCR.GT,1.AND.INCRILE,16) 151,153 TRIM 256 TRIM 257 TRIM 258 TRIM 259 TRIM 260 TRIM 261 TRIM 262 TRIM 263 IF (E0F.60) 158,157
160 IF (LA.E0.1.8R.IS.E0.0.TAND.LA.E0.0) LPM=60
IF (IS.E0.1) LPM=6
176 IF (LPM.E0.60) READ (LPM.1903) NCUR.RB, TI TRIM 264 TRIM 265 TRIM 266 TRIM 267 IF(LPM.EQ, 6)READ (LPM)
IF(EOF,LPM) 177,178 TRIM 268 NCUR, RB, T1 TRIM 269 177 IF (LA.EQ.1) ENDFILE 6
REWIND 6 TRIM 270 TRIM 271 TRIM 272 TRIM 273 G9 T0 158 178 IL=1 S IF (LA.EO.1) WRITE (6) NCUR, RB, T1 179 IH=IL+4 TRIM 274 TRIM 275 IF (LPM.E0,60) READ(LPM,1900) (2(2,1), V(2,1),1=1L,1H) IF(LPM.EQ, 6)READ(LPM) (7(2,1),1(2,1),1(1,1))
IF(LA,EQ.1)WRITE (6) (Z (2,1),V (2,1),1=1)
IF(V (2,1),LE,0,) G0 T0 176 TRIM 275 (Z (2,1),V (2,1),[=[L,1H) TRIM 277 TRIM 278 TRIM 279 IL=IL+5

G9 T0 179

1903 FORMAT(|1,F7,3,9A8)

1903 FORMAT(|1,F7,3,9A8)

1906 FORMAT(|1,F7,3,9A8)

198 IFFRIBIFPR S IF (|FPRINE,1) | IPPR=1 S | F (|IPFL.EQ.0) 08 T8 159

IF (|IFPR1,EQ.U.AND.|IPFL,EQ.1) CALL PROFPLET (2.0.5,1)

IF (|IPFL.EQ.2,AND.|IFPR1,EQ.D) CALL PROFPLIT (2.0.5,1)

159 | IFS=1 S | IFT1 | IFT1,1 S | IF (|IS,EQ.0) G8 T8 1

161 READ 900,JUNK S | F (|E0F,60) 1,161

172 | IF (|IPC0.NE,0) CALL STOPPLOT

CALL BYEBYE

END

ED

5.4DS TRIMAIN 07/25/73 IDENT 04624 TRIMAIN PREGRAM LENGTH ENTRY POINTS PLECK NAMES TRIMAIN 01572 00621 00024 MIRRORS INFO PROFIL 00316 LOUDNESS PRO 00765 00006 PATTERN 00004 PIDEF LIMITS 00003 TLE 00012 01026 IFC 00037 RANST 00004 EXTERNAL SYMBOLS GEGENTRY THEND. 02007111 01010100 GBODICT. INITRAYS BRLTRD RYEBYE INIT NEWPROF CONNECT RAYPLOT RAYTAPE TIMELEFT DUMP RESTART CLOSEI OP RETRY SKIPFILE ADVANCE INTENSTY ITHERINT IVSAPLOT RAYZDIST NWBRLT PREFPLOT PREFPLIT STOPPLOT PORRF MIN1F ATANE GBGIFEOF EFT. BSP. REW. TSH. TSB. STH. STB. SLC. SLI. GNSINGL.

i	CLOSETOP							07/12/73	ED 000	000 PAG	E NO.		1
	PROGRAM ENTRY PO . ATERNAL	INTS		CL08E10	00012	IDENT	CLOSEIOP				cio	P	1
				100.									
						ENTRY	CLOSE TOP				CID		2
	00000				SAVEAG	855	2				CID		3
	00002	50	1	77777	SAVE 12	ENI	50,1				CIO		4
		50	Ö	00000		•					CID	•	5
	00003	77	5	00000		DLDA	SAVEAD					_	
		12	0	P00000							C13	-	6
	00004	00	0	00000	CLOSE 10P	OCT	0				C10		7
	4444	77	0	00000							613	-	,
	00005		5	04000		DSTA	(*) SAVEAQ				CID		
		50	0	200000							•		•
	00000	56	ł	.8886±		\$10	SAVEISOI				CID	•	9
	00007	0.4	i	00043	•	ENI	15,1				C13		10
		50	ė	00000	•	ENG	35.1				013		11
	00010	63	ŏ	00031		4.5					• • •		
	*****	03	×	X77777	•	63	310				CIO	•	12
	00011	55	ĭ	P00007		03 1JP	(\$) 10P.				C10		13
		75	ò	P00002			•-2.1				C13	•	14
						UJP	SAVETZ				010		15
						END					C13	•	16

CHECKER TO THE PROPERTY OF THE

06/04/73 .5,44 SUMMOUTINE WETRY
CIMENSION TITLE (9).ZIL(2.50).VIL(2.50) RETY 1 2 3 RETY 15 READ 1.10 1 FERMAT (AB) 1F (EEF, 60) 15,14 14 IF (IL, EU, ENSTANT) 60 TE 75 RETY RETY RETY RETY RETY RETY RETY SE TE 15 8 75 LFN#60 1F (LPN.EU.60)READ (LFN.903) NCLP.RB.TITLE 1F (E0F.LPN.) 77,78 77 ENDFILE 6 10 REWIND O RETY RETY NCUR, RB, TITLE RETY 78 79 HRITE (6) RETY 15 IFEIL 4 IF (LPN, EU, 60) HEAD (LFN , 900) (ZIL(2, 1), VIL(2, 1), I=IL, IH)

HHITE (6) (ZIL(2, 1), VIL(2, 1), I=IL, IH)

IF (VIL(2, 1H), LE, 9,) CO TO 76 16 RETY RETY RETY RETY RETY 18 TL=1L+5 GE TE TY FERMAT (10F8,4) 19 20 RETY 21 20C RETY EZ PETCHA RETY 23 RETY F & D

PROGRAM LENGTH OCD46
ENTRY PGINTS RETHY OCJ40
EXTERNAL SYMBULS
THENC,
OUGLICT,
OUGLICT,
REH,
TSH,
SLE,
SLE,
SLI,
ONSINGL,

06/04/73 SUBROLTINE INITRATE INIT CIMENSION VER(91)
CEMMON /PATIERN/ SC. LTFP, DATE, SEPLEV INIT CEMMEN /PIDEF/ PI.T'F. THEPI INIT CEMMEN /HAYS/ NRAY, TGAP (1000), 22 (1000), 55 (1000), TIME (1000), INIT NCTH(1000),PH45E(1000) INIT 6 CEMMEN / IFC/ IFE . IA . IB . IP . IC . IS . LA INIT NEAY BO INIT EG=1000, PHINT 905 INIT INIT FERMAT (• GAMLD GAMCD DGAMD IC SL PHASE •)

IF (IA.EQ.C.AKC.LA.EG.C.ER.LA.EG.1.WR.IA.EQ.2) LPC#60

IF (IA.EQ.1.SH.IA.EG.3) LPC#2

IF (LPC.EQ.60) KFAD (LFC.Y00) GAMLD, GAMDU, DGAMD, IC.SL.PH 905 INIT INIT INIT 13 INIT 10 14 IF (LPC.ED, 2) RFAD (LFC) GAMUD, GAMDD, DGAMD, IC, SL, PH
IF (LA, EU, 1) HITE (2) CAMUD, GAMDD, DGAMD, IC, SL, PH
PHINT YUO, GAMUD, GAMDD, CGAMD, IC, SL, PH INIT 15 INIT 16 INIT 17 906 FERMAT (1HU, 3F10,4, 15, 2F7,2) INIT 18 INIT SL#10, **(,1*(SL*SERLEV)) 155 = 1 20 INIT IF (ARS (GG GAMED), LT, DC1) GE TE ZU IF (NRAY LEG. C) GO TE 15 NRAY ENHAY O1 21 INIT INIT 22 INIT 23 SSINRATIED INIT 24 25 15 SG=+CGAMU-GAMLD INIT SEG=S: . (OG/LTF) INIT 26 IFF=0 INIT 27 20 G=9G+LGAMD INIT SESINIG/DIR) INIT 29 ARAYBARAY+1 INIT 30 IF (NRAY GT, 1000) WE TO 100 TGAM (NRAY) #5/5CRT(1, -5-5) 31 INIT INIT 32 ZZINRAYJESD INIT 33 TIME (ARAY) ... INIT 34 ACTR (NRAY) EG INIT 35 PHASE (NHAY) #PH/DTH INIT 36 \$5(NRAY)=\$L+,5+A45(5+SEG) INIT 37 IF (IFF . NE . 0) \$5(NHAY-1) #55(NRAY-1) +5L+,5+ABS(5+50G) INIT 38 IFF#1 39 INIT 0G=3 INIT 40 SEGOS INIT 41 IF ((G + .0000001) ,LT, GAMUD) GO TO 20 IF (IC, NE, O) GO TM 10 IF (IT P EQ. 0) GO TE 25 INIT 42 INIT 43 23 INIT 44 IL=1 INIT 45 25 IF=IL+14 INIT 46 IF=[Le19

IF (IA, EG, 0, AND, LA, EC, C, ER, LA, EG, 1, GR, IA, EG, 1) LP =60

IF (IA, EE, 2) LP=7

IF (LP, EG, 60) READ(LF, 9C1) (VBP(I), L= IL, IH)

IF (LP, EG, 60) READ(LF) (VEP(I), L= IL, IH)

IF (LA, EG, 1) HRITE(7) (VEP(I), L= IL, IH)

PRINT 9U7, (VPP(I), L= IL, IH) INIT 47 INIT 48 49 INIT INIT 50 INIT 51 INIT 52 FGHMAT (+ 0 VBF +, 2015, 1) INIT 53 IF (VBP(1H).EC.0.) GE TE 27 54 INIT 1L=1L+2U GE TO 25 55 INIT 56 INIT

44	06/04/73		
27	[he]he1	INIT	57
	1F(1H,EU,1) GE TO 28	INIT	58
	IF (VBP (i H) , EG , O ,) CG TE 27		
28	DE 29 141H.9C	INIT	59
29	VBP([+1]=VBP([H)	INIT	60
	DE 31 1-1, NHAY	INIT	61
	DRABS(DIROATAN(TGAP(1))+DATD)	INIT	62
	NaD	INIT	63
	D*D*A	1.17	64
		INIT	65
• •	D=(1,=D)=V8P(N-1)+C=VBF(N+2)	INIT	66
31	SS(1)*SS(1)*10,**(*1,E*1*D)	INIT	67
35	PRINT YUZ	INIT	68
	PRINT 903, (1, TGAM(1), SS(1), PHASE(1), 1=1, NRAY)	INIT	69
	IF (LA.EG.1.6R.IA.EG.1.6R.IA.EG.3) REWIND 2	INIT	70
	IF (LA.EQ.1.CH. LA.GE.2) RENING 7	INIT	71
	RETURN	INIT	72
100	IF(ic,Eu,D) GE TO 23	INIT	73
	READ 904,10	•	-
	GE TE 1UO	INIT	74
900	FERMAT (3F10,4, 15, 2F5,2)	INIT	75
901	FERMAT (2014,1)	INIT	76
902	FERMATION TAITIAL TAN GAMMA STOAM STOAM	INIT	77
903	FERMAT(00 INITIAL TAN GAMMA, SIGNAL LEVEL, AND PHASE 0//)	INIT	78
904	FERMAT (2(11C, 3+15,5))	INIT	79
704	FERMAT(18X,12)	INIT	80
	END	1 . 1 . 7	

5	INITPAYS					06/04/73	€D	0
	PREGRAM LENGTH		01026	ICENT	INITRAYS			
	ENTRY PEINTS PLECK NAMES	INITRAYS	00550					
		PATTERN	00004					
		PAYS	13561					
	EXTERNAL SYMBUL	S	00007					
		THEND. 02047111						
		0101010u 0100310u						
		GBLEICT, SURTE						
		SINF						
		ATANF Rew.						
		TSH. TSH.						
		STH.						
		STR. Onsingl.						

The state of the s

- White wife, Substitute

4A 36/04/73

```
SCHAFLTINE BELTEDIES & COMMEN /PIDEF/ PIDTE, INAP!
                                                                                                          BLRD
   CEMMEN /INFO/ IDUM(2), EMEGA, IDMM(17)
                                                                                                          BLAD
  CEMMEN /MIRHERS/ FERL, EHLT (200), BPST (200)

DIMENSION DUIDO: LG (50), CTSTR (600), BR (91,4), BP (91,4), [SW (4),
                                                                                                          BLAD
 1 HHL(DD), ICL(DD) , DTH (600)
CEMMEN/ABC/PUNCHUB (10), INCR, NBRS, NSRS, ALIM, IFT, IFT1
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                          BLRD
   COMMON ATECA IFE, LA, IJ, IP, IC, IS, LA
FULLVALENÇE (LB, DTSTR(551)), (DG, CTSTR(501)), (ICL, DTSTR(451)),
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLAD
       (Abl.DİSTR(401)).(ISm.DTSTR(397)).(RR.DTSTR).(ISCP.DTSTR(396)).BLAD
                                                                                                          BLAD
       (1E, UTSTR(395)), (18, UTSTR(394)), (K, DTSTR(393)),
                                                                                                                   10
  (IL, DTSTR(392)), (IH, DTSTR(391)), (IC, DTSTR(390))
EGUIVALENCE (R, DTSTR(384)), (T, DTSTR(388)), (F, DTSTR(387)), (PH1,
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   12
 1 DTSTH($86)).(DCE.ETSTR(389)).(R.DTSTR(384)).
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                                   13
                                                                                                          BLAD
       (AN, UTSTR(3A3)) & ECUTVALENCE (BP, DTSTR(183))
                                                                                                                   14
EATA ((UTSTR(1),1=501,600)=
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   15
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   17
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   20
                                                                                                          ALAD
                                                                                                                   21
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   22
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                                  28
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                  30
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   31
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                                   32
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                                   33
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                                   35
                                                                                                          SLAD
  DATA ((UTSTH(1), 1=301,400)=
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                                   37
1 19, 25, 35, 45, 51, 5(90,),
2 18, 25, 35, 45, 55, 5(90,),
3 14, 20, 30, 40, 50, 53, 4(90,),
4 8, 11, 20, 22,5, 26, 5(90,),
5 2,5, 4,5, 7,5, 10, 14,5, 17,5, 20, 23, 2(90,),
1 0, 1,5, 3,2, 5,1, 6(6,),
2 0, 2,8, 5,6, 7,6, 6(9,),
5 3, 5, 7,5, 6,4, 10,8, 5(11,),
6 5, 6, 7,5, 6,4, 10,8, 5(11,),
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                                   39
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   40
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                          BLAD
       5,, 6,1, 12,2, 13,2, 6(14,),
9,, 10,, 12,, 13,5, 16,, 17,1, 17,7, 3(18,)
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   46
 5
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   47
  DATA ((UTSTH(1), 1=201,300)=
                                                                                                          BLAD
                                                                                                                   48
              UTSIR(1), I=201,300) = 23, 30, 40, 50, 55, 4(90,), 20, 25, 30, 35, 45, 55, 3(90,), 25, 30, 35, 45, 55, 3(90,), 25, 30, 35, 45, 50, 3(90,), 12,5, 20, 22,5, 27, 5(90,), 4,5, 7,5, 10, 14,5, 17,5, 20, 23, 2(90,), 4,5, 7,5, 5,6, 6,6, 6,8, 4(10,), 6,6, 8,4, 9,1, 10,4, 10,7, 4(51,),
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                                   49
 1 18,,
      17,1
                                                                                                          BLRD
     13.1 25.1
                                                                                                          BLRD
       9.1 12,5,
      2,5,
                                                                                                          BLRD
                                                                                                         BLAD
       3. .
       0.1
                                                                                                         BLAD
                                                                                                                   55
                                                                                                         BLAD
                                                                                                                   56
       3.1
```

6 4 06/04/73 7., 10., 8., 12., 13.1, 6(14.), 10., 12., 13.5, 16., 17 BLAD 67 BLAD 16,, 17,1, 17,7, 3(18,) 2;5; 7;5; 12;3; 20; 25; 30; 35; 40; 00 2;5; 7;5; 12;3; 20; 25; 37;5; 42;5; 2(90;); 2;5; 5; 7;5; 10; 11;5; 17;5; 22;5; 27;5; 32;5; 2(90;); 2;5; 5; 8;5; 10; 12;9; 15; 20; 22;5; 27;5; 90 3;5; 5;4; 6; 6;6; 7;7; 8;6; 9;4; 9;8; 2(10;); 6;5; 8; 9;5; 11; 11;6; 13; 13;4; 3(13;5); 7; 9;4; 11;5; 14; 14;7; 15;1; 15;4; 3(13;5);) 34 CATA BLRD 59 ... BLRD 60 BLAD 2(90.) BLAD BLAD 11,7, 13,, 15,, 20,, 24, 10,, 12,5, 15,, 20,, 22,5, 6,6, 7,7, 8,6, 9,4, 9,8, 11,, 11,9, 13,, 13,4, 3(13, 14,, 14,7, 15,1, 15,4, 3(15, 16,, 16,6, 17,, 17,4, 3(17, 17,, 18,1, 18,8, 19,6, 19,8, BLRD 5 64 BLRD 45 BLAD 44 SLAD 67 9,, 13,5, 15,2, BLAD 68 11.) 11., 13,6, 16., 17., DATA ((UTSTH(1),1=1,100)= 2(20.) 49 SLRD 70 7,5, 11,, 13,5, 15,, 17,5, 20,, 7,5, 10,, 11,5, 14,, 15,, 17,5, 7,5, 12,, 15,, 18,, 20,, 22,5, 2(90.1. 25,, 27,5, BLRD 71 20,, 25., 29.5, 90., 27., 90., 90., 7,5, 10,, 11,7, 14,, 17,, 17,, 27,, 27,, 90,, 9
7,5, 12,, 15,, 18,, 20,, 22,5, 25,, 27,, 90,, 9
7,5, 10,, 14,7, 17,5, 20,, 22,5, 25,, 28,, 90,, 9
2,5, 5,5, 8,, 10,, 15,, 17,5, 20,, 23,, 90,, 9
6,5, 6,6, 9,8, 10,6, 11,, 11,7, 12,7, 3(13,),
7,, 8,8, 10,, 10,6, 11,1, 11,9, 12,5, 13,4, 2(14,),
8.4 11,, 12,8, 14,, 14,8, 15,4, 15,8, 3(16,), BLAD 90., BLAD 73 ... 74 BLAD ..00 BLAD 75 5 74 BLRD 1 77 BLRD 8,, 11,, 12,8, 14,, 14,8, 15,4, 15,8, 9,, 11,, 13,5, 14,8, 19,6, 16,2, 16,6, 78 BLAD 3(17.). BLAD 79 10. 3(19,) 5 13,, 15,, 16,, 17,8, 18,4, 18,7, BLAD 80 IF (IFT,EU.1) GO TE 2 DE 1 4-1.600 BLAD 41 BLRD 82 1 DTH(J)=LTSTR(J) BLRD 83 IFT#1 BLAD 84 GE 10 3 BLAD 85 2 DE 4 J=1,600 4 DISTR(J)=UTH(J) BLAD 86 BLRD # 16 m 0 87 3 FH=UMEGA/THUPL & IF(FR.LT.300.) GO TO 25 BLRD 88 IF (FR (G) . 1500.) GW TE 10 \$ [F(FR LT , 750.) GB TO 5 \$ 19=301 BLRD 89 GE TO 20 BLAD 90 16=401 . GR TE 20 BLAD 11 IF (FA, L1, 2750,) GE TE 15 \$ 10=101 \$ IF (FR, GT, 6000,) 10=1 GE TO 20 10 BLRD BLRD 93 10=201 DE 24 1=5(1,600 > DTSTR(1)=DTSTR(10) BLAD 94 15 BLRD 20 16=16+1 BLRD 24 96 BLAD CE 30 1=1,500 25 97 CISTR(1)=0. \$ ISCHARE 30 BLRD . IF (IW.E0.0.AGC.LA.EC.C.ER.LA.EG.1.8R.IJ.E0.2) LP8860
IF (IW.E0.1.6R.IJ.EG.3) LP889 BLRD 99 BLRD 100 BLAD 101 16=16-1 % IF (LPB, EC, 60) REAC (LPB, 900) RBL(18), ICL(18) ROL(10), [CL(10) ROL(10), [CL(10) 5 [F(ROL(10)) 41,41,42 IF(LPH.EQ. Y)READ (LPH)
IF(LA,EU,1)HRITE (9) RLRD 102 BLAD 103 RBL(16)=1,E30 IF(ICL(18)) 43,43,44 ICL(16)=0 % 56 TM 60 BLRD 104 41 42 BLAD 105 BLRD 106 43 44 1F(1CL(18)-9) 46:46:45 BLRD 107 ICL(18)=1CL(16)/10 BLRD 108 46 1F(1CL(18)-5) 60.60.47 BLRD 109 K# [CL(18) 45 T IF(15H(K)) 48,48,60 BLAD 110 BLAD 111 15%(K)#1 5 IL=1 48 THEIL-19 & IF (LPB.EG. 6C) READ (LPB. 901) (BR(1,K), 1=1L, 1H) BLRD 112

06/04/73 44 BLRD 113 IF (LPB_EG, V)HEAD (LFB) (BR (1,K), I=IL, IH) IF (LA. EU, 1) WRITE (9) ALAD 114 (BR(1,K), 1=1L,1H) 5 1L=1L+20 IF (BR(IM.K)) 51,51,49 BLAD 115 1F(8R(1M,K)) 51,51,53 50 ALRD 116 BLAD 117 51 1H01H01 & IF(1H) >2:52:50 52 Ihe1 8LRD 118 9LRD 119 BLRD 120 53 54 D6 54 1=1H.90 IF(BP(IM,K)) 55,60,55 IF(BBL(18),LT,1,E15) GE TO 40 \$ DO 65 K=6,9 9LRD 125 ALAD 126 60 [F([Sh(K+5)] 65,65,61 PHINT 9U2,K-S PRINT 903,(1,8M(1+1,K+5),8P(1+1,K+5),1=1E,90) BLAD 127 BLRD 128 CONTINUE & PRINT 900 \$ DF 70 1=2,18 \$ RN=RHL(1=1) **BLRD 129** PHINT 9U4, H, RA, (CL(I+1) RERN & MRINT 905, H, (CL(IH) & (E81 ALRD 130 BLRD 131 IC=ICL(IE) S IF(IC) 76,76,80
D8 77 I=1,200 S BHLT(I)=1,
RPST(I)=0, S G0 70 100
C6 99 I=1,200 S 70TR-ATAN(,01-(I-1)) S K=IC-5 S IF(K) 81,81,95 75 BLAD 132 76 BLRD 133 BLRD 134 77 BLAD 135 80 IL=10*IU \$ IF(DG(IL*9),GE,T) G0 T0 93
IF(DG(IL*8),GE,T) C0 TC 92 \$ IL*IL*1 \$ G0 T0 82
DG8*DW(IL*9)*(T*DG(IL*5))*(DB(IL*8)*DW(IL*9))/(DG(IL*8)*DG(IL*9)) BLRD 136 81 BLAD 137 82 BLRD 138 GE TO 94 8LRD 139 DCB=Cb(IL+9) BLRD 140 93 PHISO, B GO TE 9H
NET S FETEN S CCHEER(N+1,K)+F+(BR(N+2,K)+BR(N+1,K)) S PHISO,
NET S FETEN S CCHEER(N+1,K)+F+(BR(N+2,K)+BR(N+1,K)) BLRD 141 94 ALRD 142 95 IF(|SCP_NE,0) PHI=EP(N+1,K)+F+(BP(N+2,K)+BP(N+1,K))
BPST(|)=PHI BLAD 143 RLRD 144 98 BLRD 145 99 BRLT(|) = 10, + + (- , 1 + CCE) RBERBLILE) & RETURN & ENTRY AWARLT & LESIE+1 BLRD 146 100 15((CellL((E)) 75,100,75 RLRD 147 BLRD 148 RLRD 149 BLRD 150 FERMAT(F8,4,12) FERMAT(EQF4,2) 900 901 FERMATISHNUSER SUPPLIED BETTEM LOSS TABLE CLASS ,15/1X 902 BLRD 151 1 3(2HGA, 6X, 2HCH, 7X, 3HFH1, 10X)) FERMAT(3([3,F10,3,F6,3,9%))
FERMAT(3H FREM,F10,2,3H T0,F10,2,16H KM ROTTOM CLASS,[5]
FERMAT(3H FREM,F10,2,3H T0,3%,23HEND OF RUN HOTTOM CLASS,[5] 8LAD 152 903 ALRD 153 904 BLAD 154 905 ALAD 155

PRLIRE					06/04/73	ED	0
			ICENT	BRLTRD			
PREGRAM LENGTH		03503					
ENTRY PEINTS	PHLIPD	07361					
en in		_					
	* WENLT	03371					
PLECK NAMES							
	PICEF	00003					
	INFE	00024					
	MIRHERS						
		00021					
	ARC	00059					
	110	00007					
EXTERNAL SYMHUL	5	•					
CATEMAR OF MOL							
	01610100						
	THEAD.						
	01003100						
	02067111						
	DUCLICT.						
	ATANE						
	TSF.						
	750.						
	51H,						
	STB.						
	ONSINGL.						

07/02/73

4 4

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WERD
  SUBROUTINE WORD SIZE
  CEMMON /RAYS/ NRAY, TGAP(1000), ZZ(1000), SS(1000), TIME(1000),
                                                                                       WERD
      NCQUNT(1000), PHASE(1000)
                                                                                       WORD
  C8HM8N /INFA/ RSTART,RMAX,EMEGA,ATT,IPRAY,ITN,ITN2,ITN3,IBIG,
L [SCP,IT1,IT2,IT3,IPER,IFTIMS,LTRT,LTER,LTRP,LPIN,IATT
C6MM8N /TRIANG/ AP(100,2),BP(100,2),AL(100),BL(100),ZZER8(100),
L RZER9(100),AA(100),EB(100),SST(100),CCT(100),NTRI
                                                                                       HORD
                                                                                       WORD
                                                                                       WORD
                                                                                       WERD
  CEMMON /TLE/ STITLE (10)
CEMMON/ABC/PUNCHOB (16), INCR, NBRS, NSRS, ALIM, IFT, IFT1
                                                                                       WORD
                                                                                       WORD
                                                                                       WORD
  CEMMON PRANSTY ROUM, TREC, IFSKISCUM
                                                                                              10
  CATA (JUIGE3777777777777779);(|ENT#0) ;(|FSK#=1)
ENTRY [NIT
                                                                                       HORD
                                                                                       HORD
IF (IFT1,E0,0) G0 T0 2
JBIG=37/7777777777778
2 ITN=SGRI(SGRT(JBIG/4,))
                                                                                       HORD
                                     5 IENT#0
                                                                                       WERD
                                                                                       HERD
                                                                                              ĩ5
  11N2=11N++2
                                                                                       WERD
                                                                                              16
   ATT SUTTE ENTE
                                                                                       WORD
                                                                                              17
   IBIG# TN3#ITN
                                                                                      HERD
                                                                                              16
  RETURN
ENTRY RAY TAPE
                                                                                      HERD
                                                                                      WERD
  ZHEAL(NÎR])+BL(NTRI)+RHAX
                                                                                       WORD
                                                                                              21
  HORD
                                                                                              22
                                                                                      HERD
                                                                                              23
HERD
                                                                                              24
                                                                                      HORD
                                                                                              25
                                                                                      HERD
                                                                                              26
      (PHASE(I), I=1.NRAY) S IRECPIREC+1
                                                                                      WERD
                                                                                              27
  RETURN
                                                                                      HORD
                                                                                              28
  END
                                                                                      HERD
```

S	MONCSIZE					07/02/73	£0	0
				ICENT	WORDSIZE			
	PREGRAM LENGTH		00217					
	ENTRY PRINTS	INIT	00012					
	•	RAYTIPE	00044					
		WORDSIZE	00005					
	BLBCK NAMES							
	-	RAYS	13561					
		INFO	00024					
		TRIANG	02261					
		TLE	00012					
		ABC	00026					
		RANST	00004					
	EXTERNAL SYMBULE							
	•	01010100						
		THEND.		•				
		GACCICT.						
		SORTE						
		578,						
		SLE.						
		DNSINGL,						

4A 07/30/73

```
SUBROUTING NEHPROF(ZMAX)
COMMON /INFO/ RSTART, RMAX, OMEGA, ATT, IPRAY, ITN, ITN2, ITN3, 181G.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEUP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                    [SCP, 171, 172, 173, 1PER, 1FT [MS, LTRT, LTER, LTRP, LPIN, 1ATT NEWP COMMON / PROFIL / R1, N1, Z1 (50), V1 (50), R2, N2, Z2 (50), V2 (50), 180TC, 1PFL NEWP
                    COMMON/INPUT/ ROOT(250), 280T(250), ZIL(2,50), VIL(2,50), NN(2), ICON(2NEWP
                1,90)
COMMON /TLE/STITLE (10)
COMMON /PRO/ IPROP, IKNM, PLTL, RM, IPCO, IFPR
DIMENSION TITLE(9), PM(3), Lin (114)
COMMON/ABC/PUNCHOB (10), INCR, NERS, NSRS, ALIV, IFT, IFT;
COMMON /IFC/ IFE, IA, IB, IK, ID, IS, LA
COMMON /RANST/ RS, IDUM, IDUMM, SDS
NATA /MBDT=00, (IFESF=0) , (LIN=114(1M )), (IFT2=0), (IF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEUD
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       NEWP
      COMMON /RANST/ RS, IDUM, IDUMH, SDS

DATA (NBPT=0); (IFEFF=0); (LIN=114(1H)); (IFT2=0); (IRH=0); NEWP

IFE=IFEOF SIF (IFT1, EQTIFT2) GR T0=952; SIBM=0; SIFT2=IFT1; NEWP

952; IF (IFT1, EQ1,0.0R, IBM, EQ1,1); GR T0=950; SIRPT=0; SIFFEFF=0; SIFF=1FEOFINEWP

IBM=1; $ \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); B \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); B \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); B \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); B \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \( \text{LOW} \); A \
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          13
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          17
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          18
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          19
Ç
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          50
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          21
                     IH=IL+4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
2
                  33
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEHP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          26
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          21
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          29
                    DO 5 1-1. NBPT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          30
                   31
       6.1 FBRMAT (1048,/,(10F8,3))
511 FBRMAT (10F8,3)
ZMAX=0, SD8 4 1=1,NBPT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          33
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                   ZMAX=0, $D8 4 [=1,NBPT
IF(ZB$T(1),GT,ZMAX) ZMAX=Z8$T(1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          35
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                    CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                    18PT-0 $ 1F (15,EG.O,AND.LA,EG.O.GR,LA.EG.1) LPN-60
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          34
                   39
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEUP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEUD
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          41
                    ZIL(I,J)=0.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          42
                   VIL(1,J)=0.0
ICON(1,J)=0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          43
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEHP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEHP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          44
                    NN(1)80
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          45
                    NIB=0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          46
                    DR 56 J=1,50
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          47
                    21(3)*0.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NELP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          48
                    11(J) #0.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                    0.00(L) $5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          50
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWD
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          51
          56 V2(J) 90.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEUD
                   ASSIGN 6 TO IRET
GO TO 70
AT 70 IS THE READIN AND CONNECT ROJTINE, RETURN IS TO IRET
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         52
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         53
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          54
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                   ASSIGN 20 TO 1RET
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          55
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NEWP
```

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44
                                                                           07/30/73
          IBPT=[BPT+1
  20
                                                                                                 NEHP
                                                                                                         57
          IF (IBPT.LE, NBPT) GE TO 21
                                                                                                         58
                                                                                                 NEWP
          RBT=,001+R2+100,
                                                                                                         59
                                                                                                 NEWP
          NEWP
                                                                                                 NEWP
  21
                                                                                                 NEWP
          Z87=Z88T(18PT)
                                                                                                 NEHP
     IF (RM.LE.RBT.AND.IFE0F.EQ.1.AND.RS.NE.Q.Q) IFPR=1
IF (RBT.LE.RB) GO TO 25
GET NEW INPUT PROFILE
ASSIGN 23 TO IRET
GO TO 70
23 IF (IBPT.GT.NBPT) GO TO 25
                                                                                                 NEWP
  22
                                                                                                         65
                                                                                                 NEHP
                                                                                                         66
  C
                                                                                                 NEHP
                                                                                                 NEWP
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                 NEHP
          IBPT=IBPT=1
                                                                                                 NEWP
          Z87=Z87+(RA-R87)+(Z87-Z807([8P7))/(R87-R887([8PT))
                                                                                                NEWP
  C
              THIS IS THE BOTTOM DEPTH AT PROFILE RANGE
                                                                                                 NEWP
          RBTERA
                                                                                                NEWP
  25
          R1=R2
                                                                                                NEHP
          N1=N2
                                                                                                NEWP
              MOVE PROFILE 2 TO PROFILE 1
  C
                                                                                                NEWP
          D0 27 1=1,N2
                                                                                                NEWP
          Z1(1)#22(1)
V1(1)#V2(1)
                                                                                                         78
                                                                                                NEWP
   27
                                                                                                NEWP
          R2=1000. . RBT
                                                                                                 NEWP
          FA=(RU-RBT)/(RB-RA)
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                        81
82
          FB=1. FA
                                                                                                 NEHP
          N2=1
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                         83
     29 IF (ICON(1,N2).GT,NN(1)) ICON (1,N2)=NN(1)
IF (ICON(2,N2).GT,NN(2)) ICON (2,N2)=NN(2)
Z=FA-ZIL(1,ICON(1,N2))+FB-ZIL(2,ICON(2,N2))
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                         85
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                         86
          V=FA+VIL(1, ICON(1, N2))+FB+VIL(2, ICON(2, N2))
IF (N2, GT, 1, AND, Z, LT, Z2(N2-1)) 125,126
                                                                                                         87
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                         .
    125 Z=Z2(N2-1)
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                         89
          V= V2 (N2-1)
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                         90
    126 IF (Z.GT.ZBT+:..) GB TO 35
                                                                                                NEHP
          22 (N2)=Z
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                        92
          V2 (N2) = V
                                                                                                NEWP
         N2=N2-1
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                        94
         IF (NZ.LE.NIB) GO TE 29
EXTRAPELATION TE BOTTOM
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                        95
 C
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                        94
         22(N2)=28T
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                        97
         M=42-1
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                        .
         MEM-1
                                                                                                        Q.
 31
                                                                                                NEWP
                                                                                                NEWP 100
         Z=72(M)
                                                                                                NEWP 101
NEWP 102
NEWP 103
          IF (AB$(Z-22(N2-1)).LT,1,E-5+Z) GO TO 31
          V2 (N2)=V2(M) +(ZHT-Z)=(V2(N2-1)+V)/(Z2(N2-1)-Z)
                                                                                                NEWP 104
NEWP 105
         GB TO 40
 35
         Z2(N2)= ZBT
          V2 (N2)=V2(N2-1)+(Z8T-Z2(N2-1))+(V-V2(N2-1))/(Z-Z2(N2-1))
                                                                                                NEMP 104
                                                                                                NEWP 107
             REMOVE DUPLICATE POINTS
         M = 2
     IDG=0
42 Tr (Z2(M),GT,Z2(M-1)+0:0001) GM T3 45
                                                                                                NEWP 109
         IUC=1
                                                                                                NEWP 111
         N2=N2-1
                                                                                                NEWP 112
```

44 07/30/73 D6 44 1=M, N2 **NEWP 113** NEWP 114 NEWP 115 Z2(1)=Z2(1+1) V2([)4V2([+1) MEM-1 NEWP 116 IF (M.LE.N2) GG TB 42 NEWP 117 IF (IDC.GT.0) GB TE 40 IF (Z2(N2+1).EQ.0.0) GB TO 46 NEWP 118 NEWP 120 NEWP 121 D8 47 1=N5,50 72(1)*0.0 47 v2(1)*0.0 NEWP 123 46 IF (IPROP, EQ. Q. OR, IPROP, EQ. 1) 30 TO 54 NEWP 124 PRINT 902,82 PRINT 914 NEWP 125 NEWP 126 NEWP 127 D0 7 J=1.62 NV=V2(J)=1455,5 IF (NV.LT,4.8R.NV.GT.114) G0 T0 48 NEWP 128 LIN(NY)=1H= PRINT 915, Z2(J), V2(J), LIN NEWP 130 NEWP 131 NEWP 132 NEWP 133 LIN(NY)=1H G0 T0 7 48 PRINT 915,22(J), V2(J) NEWP 134 7 CONTINUE 34 IF (IPFL.EG,1) CALL PROFPLOT (RB,N3, INPF) NEWP 135 IF (IPFL.EU,1) CALL PROFPLET (RB.N3,INPF)

IF (IPFL.EU,2) CALL PROFPLIT (RB.N3,INPF)

IF (RS.GE.RBOT(2).CR.IFEOF.EQ.1) RETURN S PRINT 275 % CALL BYERYE NEWP 130

275 FORMAT (5%,0PROGRAM ABORTED, TWO SOUND SPEED PROFILES INPUT REFORENEWP 139

1 SECOND BOTTOM POINT()

NEWP 140

IF (NN(2).EQ.0) GO TO 75 \$ NB=NN(2) % DO 71 I=1,NB NEWP 141 70 ZIL(4,1)=ZIL(2,1) VIL(3,1)=VIL(2,1) RA=RB NEWP 143 71 NEWP 144 NEWP 145 NN(1) eNN(2) 1F(1FE0F.E0,0) G0 T0 76 75 NEWP 146 NEWP 147 NEWP 148 R8-R8-1.E6 G8 T8 82 76 IF (LPN.EQ.60) READ (LPN ,903) NOUR, 98, TITLE NEWP 149 IF (LPN.EQ, 6) READ (LPN ,903) NCUR, RB, TITLE

IF (LPN.EQ, 6) READ (LPN) NCUR, RB, TITLE

IF (LPN.EQ, 6) READ (LPN ,903) NCUR, RB, TITLE

IF (BF, LPN) 77, 78

IF (BF, LPN) 77, 78

IF (LA.EQ, 1) REWIND 6 S GB TB 82

IL 4 S IF (LA.EQ, 1) RRITE (6) NCUR, RB, TITLE S RS=RB

IMPIL 44

IF (LPN EQ ADDEAD (LPN ,800) (TIL (2.1) NIL (2.1) TELL THE 77 78 79 IF(LPN.EQ,60)READ (LPN ,900) (ZIL(2,1),VIL(2,1),I=IL,IH)
IF(LPN.EQ, 6)READ (LPN) (ZIL(2,1),VIL(2,1),I=IL,IH)
IF(LA FO 3)HBITE (A) (ZIL(2,1),VIL(2,1),I=IL,IH) NEWP 157 NEWP 158 IF(LA EQ 1)WRITE (6)
IF(VIC(2; | H).LE,O.) GO TO 81 (ZIL(2,1),VIL(2,1),1=1L,1H) NEWP 159 NEWP 160 NEWP 161 NEWP 162 NEWP 163 IL-IL-5 GB TB 79 IH-IH-1 81 IF(VIL(2,1H).LE,0,) G0 T0 81 **NEWP 164** NEWP 165 NEWP 166 NN(2)41H N3=IH NEWP 167 INPF=0 IF (!PROP,EQ.0) GO TO 74 NEWP 168

.44 07/30/73

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NEWP 169
NEWP 170
         PRINT 904, RB, TITLE
         PRINT 914
  IF (V[L(2]]).LT,1400.076R,V[L(2,1),GT]1650.0) 58,57

58 PRINT 920,RB,Z[L(2,1),V[L(2,1)]

920 FORMAT(1H1.5X.*INPLT ERROR IN PROFILE AT RANGE*,F10.4,5X,*VALUE ATNEWP 774

1 DEPTH*,F10.3,**P*,F10.3,**M/SEC*)

CALL BYEOF

57 IF /711.07
    CALL BYEBYF
57 IF (ZIL(2,I).NE,SDS) GR TO 257 $ PRINT 250,ZIL(2,I),RBSCALL BYEBYENEWP 177
   258 FERMAT (5x, -PROGRAM ABERTED, INPUT PROFILE DEPTH-, F10,3,1X, -=SOURCNEWP 178
1E DEPTH, AT RANGE-, F10.3, - KM-) NEWP 179
   257 IF (I,EQ.1) GO TO 157 SIF (ZIL(2,I),LT.ZIL (2,I-1)) GO TO 50
157 IF (IPROP,EQ.0) GO TO 28 SNV=VIL(2,I)-1455.5
IF (NV,LT,4,0R.NV,GT.114) GO TO 38 S [IN(NV)=1HV
PRINT 915;ZIL(2,I),VIL(2,I),LIN
                                                                                                              NEWP 180
                                                                                                              NEWP 162
NEWP 163
NEWP 183
         LIN (NV) =1H
                                                                                                              NEWP 184
         G0 T0 25
                                                                                                              NEWP 185
    38 PRINT 915, ZIL(2,1), VIL(2,1)
28 CONTINUE
                                                                                                              NEWP 186
NEWP 187
         IF (NCUR.GT,0) G8 T8 89
                                                                                                              NEWP 188
NEWP 189
         D8 80 I=1, IH
                                                                                                              V:L(2,1)=VIL(2,1)=(1,-71L(2,1)/6371221.3)
Bn ZIL(2,1)=ZIL(2,1)+(1,-5=ZIL(2,1)/6371221.3)
Bn IF (IPFL.EQ.1) CALL PROFPLOT (RB,N3,1NPF)
         IF (IPFL.EG.2) CALL PRAFPLIT (RB,N3, INPF)
                                                  GO TO IRET. (6,20,23)
         IF (NN(1).E0.0)
         [CON(1.1)#1
62
         ICON(2,1)81
         NB=5
         NIR=2
                                                                                                              NEWP 199
                                                                                                              NEWP 201
    83 IF (Z[L(2,N]8).EQ.Z[L(1,N]8)) G0 T0 92
         IF (NB, LE. NN(2)) GE TO 84
                                                                                                              NEWP 202
NEWP 203
NEWP 204
         1P=2
         GG TO 88
84
         IF(NA, LE, NN(1)) GB TR 85
         IP=1
                                                                                                              NEWP 205
         GE TA BA
                                                                                                              NEWP 204
NEWP 207
         DVMA=VIL(1,NA)-VIL(1,NA-1)
85
                                                                                                              NEWP 208
         DVLA = DVMA
         DVHA=DVHA
         IF(NA, GT. 2) DVLA=VIL(1, NA-1)-VIL(1, NA-2)
                                                                                                              NEWP 210
                                                                                                              NEWP 211
NEWP 212
         IF(NA,LT.NN(1)) DVHABVIL(1,NA+1)-VIL(1,NA)
DVMS=VIL(2,NB)-VIL(2,NR+1)
                                                                                                              NEWP 213
         BMVCBEDVMB
         DVHB=DVMB
         IF (NB,GT.2) DVL8=VIL(2.NB-1)=VIL(2.NB-2)
                                                                                                              NEWP 215
         IF(NB, LT, NN(2)) DV+B=V1L(2, NR+1)-V1L(2, NB)
                                                                                                              NEHP 216
         9M(1) #ABS(ZIL(1, NA-1)-ZIL(2, NB))
IF(DVLA-DVMB.GE.0..AND.DVMA-DVMB.GE.0.) PM(1) #PM(1)-250.
                                                                                                              NEWP 247
                                                                                                              NEWP 218
         PM(2) = ABS(ZIL(1, NA) = ZIL(2, NB=1))
IF(DVMA = DVLB, GE, 0, AND. DVMA = DVMB, GE, 0, PM(2) = PM(2) = 250,
                                                                                                              NEWP 219
                                                                                                              NEWP 220
         PM(3)=ABS(ZIL(1 NA)=ZIL(2 NB))
IF(DVMA=DVMB.GE;0,.AND.DVMA=DVMB.GE;0;) PM(3)=PM(3)=250.
                                                                                                              NEWP 221
                                                                                                              NEWP 222
         BP=PM(1)
                                                                                                              NEWP 223
         19=1
                                                                                                              NEWP 224
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14 07/30/73 De 87 I=2,3 If(pM(I).GE,8p) Ge Te 87 IP=1 NEWP 229 NEWP 229 NEWP 229 NEWP 229 NEWP 234 NEWP 235 NEWP 235 NEWP 236 NEWP 236 NEWP 236 NEWP 236 NEWP 236 NEWP 236 NEWP 236 BP=PH(I) CONTINUE 87 . GB TB (90,91,92),1P 1C9N(1,N1B)=NA-1 1C9N(2,N1B)=NB NB=NB-1 G0 T0 93 91 ICON(1, NIB) .NA ICON(2.NIB)=NB-1 NATURALL GO TO 93 ICON(1, NIB) ENA 92 ICON(Z.NIB) =NB NEWP 241 NEWP 242 NEWP 243 NEWP 244 NEWP 245 NA=NA+1 N8=N8+1 93 IF(NA, GT. NN(1). AND. NB, GT. NN(2)) GB TO IRET, (6,20,23) NIB=NIB+1 IF (NIB,LE,50) G0 T6 83 PRINT 905 NEUP 246 CALL BYEBYE
FORMAT(10F8,4)
FORMAT(24H0LISTING OF ROTTOM TRACK/1H0.4x,9(6H R(KM),6x,4H2(M).4x)NEWP 249 CALL BYEBYE FORMAT(10F8,4) 900 901 901 F@RMAT(24HOLISTING @F HETIEN IMAGR/INU, 44,2300 ANNO, 100 NEWP 250 //(1x,10F10.3))
902 F@RMAT(30H0INTERPBLATED PR@FILE AT RANGE, F10.0.2H H//) NEWP 251 NEWP 252 NEWP 252 NEWP 252 NEWP 253 NEWP 252 NEWP 253 NEWP 253 NEWP 254 F@RMAT(23H1NPUT PR@FILE AT RANGE, F11,3,3H KM, 5x,9AB//) NEWP 254 1014900.6X,015100.6X,015100.6X,015200.6X,015300.6X,0

220						07/30/73	ED	0
DS	NEWPROF							
				IDENT	NEWPROF			
	PREGRAM LENGTH		03072					
	ENTRY POINTS	NEHPROF	00471					
	BLECK NAMES							
	Becan iiii	INFO	00024					
		PROFIL	00316					
		INPUT	01442					
		TLE	00012					
		PRO	00006					
		ABC	00026					
		IFC	00007					
		RANST	00004					
	EXTERNAL SYMBOL							
	EXIENNAS STITUTO	THEND.						
		01010100						
		GBODICT.						
		PROFPLOT						
		PROFPLIT						
		BYEBYE						
		GOCIFESF						
		EFT.						
		REW.						
		TSH.						
		TS9.						
		STH.						
		STB.						
		SLO.						
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		ONE INC.						
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FND

06/04/73 3,4A SUBROLTINE CONNECT CENN CEMMON /PHOFIL/ RI,N1,Z1(50),V1(50),R2,N2,Z2(50),V2(50),IBOTC,IPFLCONN CEMMON /THIANG/ AP(100,Z),8P(100,Z),AL(100),BL(100),ZZERO(100), CONN L RZEHU(100),AA(100),EU(100),SST(100),CCT(100),NTRI NASNBS1 CONN KIRISO CONN CENN 1ADD=0 CHNN 8 ATRIBATRIOS TF(NH,EW,N2) GR TO 12

IF (1470,EQ,1,FR,NA,EQ,N1) GR TO 30

RZERR(N1R1)#R2

ZZERR(NTR1)#Z2(NH) CENN 0 CONN 10 CONN 12 CONN 12 CONN AL (NTRIJ#Z1(NA+1) 13 CONN BL(NTH1)=(22(AB)=21(NA+1))/(R2=R1) AA(ATHI)=1,/V2(AH)++2 BZ=(1,DU/V1(AA)++2+1,DC/V1(AA+1)++2)/(Z1(NA)+Z1(NA+1)) CENN 15 16 CONN DH=(1, DU/V2(N3) + 2+1, DC/V1(NA) + +2+BZ+(Z2(NB)+21(NA)))/(R2+R1) 17 CONN 18 "ABNAOL CANN 19 1400=1 G6 T0 4U R4ER6(NIRI)=R1 CONN CONN 20 CENN 30 21 ZZERG(NIRI) #Z1(NA) CRNN 22 ALCNTHIJ= (1(NA) CENN 23 CENN 24 BL(NTR1)=(21(NA)=22(N3+1))/(R1+R2) AA(\TRI)=1,7V1(NA)++2 HZ=(1,DU/V2(\d)++2+1,DC/V2(NB+1)++2)/(Z2(NB)+Z2(NB+1)) CONN 25 CONN 26 BR=(1, JU/V1(NA) - 2+1, DC/V2(NB) + 2+B4+(Z1(NA) - Z2(NB)))/(R1+R2) CONN 27 CONN 28 NEENBOS CONN 1400=3 CONN 30 GE TO 40 CANN 31 #d(NTHI)#SI3N(SQHT(dZ++2+dR++2),BZ) 40 1F(38(N)R[),E3,0,) GF TO 41 SST(NTR[)#84288(NTR[) CONN 32 CONN 33 CONN 34 CCT (ATRI) #HZ/HH (NTRI) GS TO 42 CGT(NTR)) #1, CENN 35 CONN 36 41 SST(NTH[)=0; AL(NTH[)=AL(NTP])=EL(NTH])=F1 CONN 37 CONN 38 42 TANT=SSICNTRED/AMAXICCCT(NTRED, 1, E-100) CONN 39 CONN 40 RP(TRIIZ)=(AL(NTRI)+TANT)/(1,+BL(NTRI)+TANT) CENN 41 GERL (NTHIGH) IF(NTHI,EQ.1) HaD HP(NTHI,1)#(H+TANT)/(1,+B+TANT) CONN 42 CONN 43 AP(NTAI,1)=AP(NTAI,2)=C, IF(NA,LI,N1,FA,NA,LI,N2) GE TE 10 44 CONN CONN CONN 46 RETURN

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PLOT
          SUBROUTINE PROFPLET (RI, N3, INPF)
         COMMON /PROFIL/ R1,N1,71(50),V1(50),R2,N2,72(50),V2(50),180TC,1PFLPLOT DIMENSIONXT(10),X(4),XP(50),Y(50),PLTARRAY(254),ZDEPTH (256),XRANGPLOT
       1E (250).xL(50).YL(400).YP(10) PLOT COMMON/INPUT/ RBOT(250).ZBOT(250).ZIL(2.50).YIL(2.50).NN(2):IGON(2PLOT
                                                                                                                            PLOT
       1,50)
         COMMON /LIMITS/RO(10),DR(10),R02(10)
COMMON /PRO/ IPROP, IKNM, PLTL, RM, IPCO, IFPR
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                            PLOT
  COMMON /TLE/STITLE (10)

COMMON/ABC/PUNCHDB (16), INCR.NBRS.NSRS.ALIM.IFT.IFT1 PLOT

DATA (IPLOT=0), (IST=0), (IFT2=0), (IRM=0), (IJ=0) PLOT

IF (IPCO.EG.,1.AND.IPLOT.EG.,0.OR.IST.FG.1) GO TO 100 PLOT

IF (IPLOT.EG.1) GO TO 1 S CALL PLOTS (PLTARRAY.254,3) PLOT

100 IF (IFT1.EG.,IFT2) GO TO 952 SIBM=0 S IFT2=IFT1 PLOT

552 IF (IFT1.EG.,0.AND.IJ.EG.,1.OR.IBM.EG.1) RETURN PLOT

IBM=1 S IPLOT=1 $ IPCO=1 $IST=0 $ IJ=1 PLOT

RM= MAX1F(ROZ(1),ROZ(2),ROZ(3),ROZ(4),ROZ(5),ROZ(6),ROZ(7),ROZ(6),PLOT

1ROZ(9),ROZ(10)) $ IDI=0 $ K=0
          COMMON /TLE/STITLE (10)
                                                                                                                             PLET
                                                                                                                                       10
                                                                                                                                       15
    1R02(9),R02(10)) $ IDI=0 $ K=0
20 K=K+1 $1F (RM,GT,R80T(K)) 20.21
21 ZMAX=ZR0T(1)
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                             PLET
                                                                                                                                       20
                                                                                                                             PLGT
                                                                                                                                       21
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          D622 J=2.K
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       22
    22 ZMAX= MAX1F(ZBOT(J), ZMAX)
         IF (ZMAX.LE, 250.0, AND, ZMAX.GT, 0.0) ZMAX= 250.0

IF (ZMAX.LE, 500.0, AND, ZMAX.GT, 250.0) ZMAX= 500.0

IF (ZMAX.LE, 1000.0, AND, ZMAX.GT, 500.0) ZMAX= 1000.0
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       23
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       24
                                                                                                                            PLOT
                                                                                                                                       25
          IF (ZMAX.LE, 2000.0, AND, ZMAX.GT, 1000.0) ZMAX. 2010.0
IF (ZMAX.LE, 4000.C, AND, ZMAX.GT, 2000.0) ZMAX. 4000.0
IF (ZMAX.LE, 5000.0, AND, ZMAX.GT, 4000.0) ZMAX. 5000.0
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       50
                                                                                                                                       27
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                            PLOT
          IF (ZMAX.LE.10000.0, AND, ZMAX.GT, 5000.0 ) ZMAX=10000.0
                                                                                                                                       30
          DO 25 J=1,11
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       31
          A=(ZMAX/10.0) -(J-1)
          IF (J.EQ.6) CALL SYMBOL (-1,00,5,0,0.14,9HDEPTH (M),00,0,9)
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       33
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          XL(J)=0.0
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          Y(J)=(11-J)
                                                                                                                                       35
                                                                                                                             PLET
    25 CALL NUMBER (-0.80, Y(J).0.140, A, 0.0, 4HF5.0)
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       36
          CALL LINE (XL, Y, 11, 1, 3, 0, 105, 1)
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       37
          DO 26 J=1,250
    26 YL(J)=0.0
IF (PLTL.GT.156.0) CALL BYEBYE
                                                                                                                             PLAT
                                                                                                                                       38
                                                                                                                                       39
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          RSCALE PLTL/RM
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       40
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          NIMEAMINI (PLTL+1.,40.5)
          RT=1.
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       42
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          RMANERM
          IF (IKNM.GT.O) RMANBRM /1.852
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       45
          NT=RMAN/RT
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       46
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          IF (NT, LE. NTM) GO TE 57
                                                                                                                                       47
                                                                                                                             PLST
          RT=2. . RT
                                                                                                                                       48
          NT=RMAN/RT
                                                                                                                             PLST
          IF (NT, LE. NTM) GO TO 57
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       40
                                                                                                                                       50
                                                                                                                             PLST
          RT=2.5+RT
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          NT=RMAN/RT
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          IF (NT, LE. NTM) GO TO 57
                                                                                                                                       53
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          RT=2. . RT
                                                                                                                                       54
                                                                                                                             PLOT
          GB TB 56
               PLOT SURFACE AXIS
                                                                                                                                       55
                                                                                                                             PLOT
C
57
                                                                                                                             PLOT
                                                                                                                                       56
          CALL PLOT(0., 0.,3)
```

07/25/73 5.4A XN=9. PLOT 57 RSCALE1=RSCALE
IF (IKNM.GT.O) RSCALE1=1.852*RSCALE PLOT PLOT DX=RT+RSCALE1 PLOT 20 PLAT R=0. 1F=0 PLOT 58 CALL PLOT(XN.0.,2) PLOT 63 CALL PLOT (XN, -0.05.2) PLOT PLOT 65 RKER CALL NUMBER (XN-, 48, -0, 19, 1, 4E-1, RK, 0, , 4HF4, 0) PLOT 64 IF (R.LT.RMAN/2.) GP TO 59 IF (IF.EQ.1) GO TO 59 PLOT 67 PLOT IF (IKNM.EQ.0) 4.7 PLOT 7 CALL SYMBEL(XN-0.30,-0.40,0,14,10HRANGE (NH),0.,10) GO TO 8 70 PLOT PLOT 4 CALL SYMBOL(XN-0.30,-0.40,0,14,10HRANGE (KM),0.,10) PLOT 8 CALL SYMBEL (XN-7.20,10,15,0.21,5717LE.0.,80) PLET 1F=1 PLOT CALL PLOT(XN.0.,3)
1F(R.GE.RMAN) GO TO 60 75 PLOT PLOT YN . YN . DY R=R+RT PLOT GG 19 58 PLOT 60 IDP=0 PLOT 80 1 IF (IFPR.EQ.1) GO TO 5 PLOT X(3)=(R2/1000.0)=RSCALF PLET IF (INPF.EQ.0) X(3) =RI-RSCALE PLOT X(1)=X(3)+1,5 PLOT IF (INPF.EG. 1) GO TO 2 S IF (X(3).GT, PLTL) GO TO 35 PLOT D6 15 J=1,N3 15 XP(J)=((0,5*VIL(2,J)=735.0)*0.1)*X(3) PLET PLOT 87 101=101+1 8. XL(101)=X(3) IF (IDI.GE.2) GO TO 50 PLOT CALL SYMBEL (X(1)+0,02.10.27,0.10.16HYELOCITY (H/SEC),0.0.16) PLOT 92 PLAT TX=g.5 PLAT 50 N=2 DG 55 J=1, N xT(J)=x(1)+(J-1)+Tx YP(J)=10.02 PLST 94 .5 PLOT PLOT 96 97 XM=1500.0 PLOT DX=10,0 PLET 98 99 PLOT PL=XM+(J-1)+DX PLOT 100 IF (IDI.EG.1) CALL NUMBER(XT(J)-0.07.10.10.105.PL.0.0.4HF4.0) PLOT 101 PLOT 102 55 CENTINUE IF (X(3).LE.PLTL) CALL LINE (XT, YP, N. 1, 13.0, 07.1) IF (INPF.EG.1) GO TO 2
DO 3 [=1,N3 \$Y([)=10,0=(1,0=(Z]L(2,])/ZMAX)) PLOT 103 PLOT 104 3 IF (Y(1).LT.0.0) Y(1)=0.0 IF (X(3).LE.PLTL) CALL LINE (XP,Y,N3,1,-2,0,0,0) PLOT 105 PLOT 106 35 INPF=1 PLOT 107 PLOT 108 PLOT 109 GE TR 5 2 00 6 1=1.N2 \$Y(1)=10.0+(1.0+(Z2(1)/ZMAX)) 6 IF (Y(1).LT.0.0) Y(1)=0.0 PLOT 110 PLOT 111 ICP=IDP+1 PLOT 112 ZDEPTH(IDP) a Y (N2) PL87 113 XRANGE (IDP)=X(3) 5 IF (IFPR.EG.0) G0 T0 30

CALL LINE (XRANGE, ZDEPTH, IDP, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0)

CALL LINE (XL, YL, IDI, 1, 3, 0, 140, +1)

CALL PLOTS (0, 0) S CALL PLOT (PLTL+10, 0, 0, 1, -3) S IST=1 PLOT 114 PLOT 115 PLOT 116 PLOT 117 30 RETURN

END

DS

i	PREFPLOT					07/25/73	ED	0
	PREGRAM LENGTH		03700	IDENT	PROFPLOT			
	ENTRY POINTS	PROFPLOT	02503					
	EXTERNAL SYMBOLS	PROFIL INPUT LIMITS PRO THE ABC G101010 G80DICT, PLOTS SYMBOL NUMBE EPLOTIF MAX1F	00316 01442 00036 00006 00012 00026					

3,4A

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SUBROUTINE PROFPLIT (RI, N3, INPF)
             COMMON /PROFIL/ R1,N1,Z1(50),V1(50),R2,N2,Z2(50),V2(50),186TC,1PFLPLIT
DIMENSIONXT(10),X(4),XP(50),Y(50),PLTARRAY(254),ZDEPTH (250),XRANGPLIT
1E (250),XL(50),YL(400),YP(10),XI (100)
COMMON/INPUT/ RBOT(250),ZBOT(250),ZIL(2,50),VIL(2,50),NN(2),ICON(2PLIT
                 COMMON /L[MITS/R0,10), NR,10), R02,10)
COMMON /PRO/ IPROP. IKNM, PLTL, RM , IPCO , IFPR
COMMON /TLE/STITLE (10)
COMMON/ABC/PUNCHOB (16), INCR. NBRS, NSRS, ALIM. IFT. IFT1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10
COMMON/AGC/PUNCHD8 (10), INCN, NONS, NSRS, ALIM, IFT, IFT,

DATA (IPLOTED), (ISTED), (IFT2=D), (IBH=D), (IJ=D)

IF (IPCO.EQ.1.AND, IPLOT, EQ.0.0R, IST, EQ.1) d0 T0 100

IF (IPLOT, EQ.1) d0 T0 1 $ CALL PLOTS (PLTARRAY, 254, 3)

100 IF (IFT1.EQ, IFT2) G0 T0 952 $ IBH=D $ IFT2=IFT1

532 IF (IFT1.EQ, 0.AND, IJ.EQ, 1.0R, IBH.EQ, 1) RETURN

IBH=1 $ IPLOT=1 $ IPCO=1 $ IST=C $ IJ=1

RM= MAXIF (RO2(1), RO2(2), RO2(3), RO2(4), RO2(5), RO2(6), RO2(7), RO2(0), RO2(1), R
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        PLİT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   16
             1RH2(9), RG2(10)) $ K=0 $ IDI=0 $ ITL-0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  18
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
    20 K=K+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  19
                  IF (RM.GT, RBOT (K)) 20,21
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
    21 ZMAX=Z88T(1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 21
    D022 J=2,K
22 ZMAX= MAX1F(ZB0T(J),ZMAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  23
                  IF (ZMAX.LE. 250.0.AND, ZMAX.GT. 0.0) ZMAX= 250.0
IF (ZMAX.LE, 500.0.AND, ZMAX.GT, 250.0) ZMAX= 500.0
  IF (ZMAX.LE, 500.0.AND.ZMAX.GT, 250.0) ZMAX= 500.0
IF (ZMAX.LE, 1000.0.AND.ZMAX.GT, 500.0) ZMAX= 1000.c
IF (ZMAX.LE, 2000.0.AND.ZMAX.GT.1200.0) ZMAX= 2000.0
IF (ZMAX.LE, 4000.0.AND.ZMAX.GT.2000.0) ZMAX= 4000.0
IF (ZMAX.LE, 5000.0.AND.ZMAX.GT.4000.0) ZMAX= 5000.0
IF (ZMAX.LE, 5000.0.AND.ZMAX.GT.5000.0) ZMAX= 5000.0
IF (ZMAX.LE, 10000.0.AND.ZMAX.GT.5000.0) ZMAX=10000.0
D0 25 J=1;118A=(ZMAX/10,0)=(J=1)
IF (J.EQ.6) CALL SYMBOL (=1,40,5,0,0.4,9HDEPTH (M),90,0,9)
Y(J)=(11-J) SXL(J)==0.4
25 CALL NUMBER(_1.20,Y(J).0.140,A.0.0.4HF5.0)
CALL LINE (XL,Y,11.1,3.0.105,1) $ RSCALE=PLTL/RM $ RJ#RM=RSCALE
IF (PLTL.GT.56.0) CALL BYEBYE $ D0 26 J#1.250

26 YL(J)=-0.0525 $ IDP=0
CALL SYMBOL (1,02.10.20.0.10.16HVEL0CITY (M/SEG).0.0.16)
IF (IFPR.EO,1) G0 T0 5 $ X(3)#(R2/1000.0)*RSCALE
X(1)=X(3)*4.0 $ X(2)#=0.94
X(4)=R2/1000.0
IF (IKNM.GT.0) X(4)#X(4)/1.852
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 26
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  27
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PL T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PL T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 31
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 33
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  34
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 35
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  36
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PL T
PL T
PL T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  37
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  38
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 39
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  40
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                 IF (IKNM.GT.0) x(4) x(4)/1,852
IF (INFF,E0,0) G0 T0 60
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   42
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  43
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  44
                 DG 15 J=1, N2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PLİT
    15 XP(J) = V2(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 45
                  CALL SCALE (XP.N2,1,0,XM,DX,1,TX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  46
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PL T
PL T
PL T
                 00 30 J=1.N2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 47
   30 XP(J) #XP(J) +X(1)
    50 N=1.0/TX+0.50
                 NEN-1
                 D8 55 J=1.N
                 XT(J)=X(1)+(J-1)+TX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PLT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 93
                  YP(J)=10.02
                 PL=XM+(J-1)+DX
                 IF (PL.GE.1600.0.AND.PL.LE.1650.0) PLEPL-1600.0
IF (PL.GE.1500.0.AND.PL.LE.1600.0) PLEPL-1500.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 55
```

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IF (PL.GE,1400.0.AND.PL,LE.1500.0) PLEPL-1400.0
                                                                                                        PLİT
 99 CALL NUMBER (XT(J)-0.07,10.10,0.07,PL,0.0,4HP2.0)
CALL LINE (XT,YP,N,1,13,0.07,1)
IF (INFF,EQ,1) G8 T8 2
                                                                                                        PLIT
                                                                                                                58
                                                                                                        PLIT
                                                                                                                 59
                                                                                                        PLİT
 60 INPF=1
IDI=IDI+1
                                                                                                        PLİT
                                                                                                                62
      x1(1D1)=x(3)
1f (x(3).ge,rj/4.g.and.itl.eg.g) 35,5
      IF (IKNM.EG,0) CALL SYMBOL (RJ/2.0-0.6.-0.40.0.14.10HRANGE (KM),0.PLIT
    10/10) PLIT
IF (IKNM.GT.0) CALL SYMBOL (R /2.0-0.6,-0.40,0.14,10HRANGE (NH),0.PLIT
    10,10)
                                                                                                                 69
      CALL SYMBOL (RJ/2.0-4.8.10.20.0.14.57[TLE.0.0.80)
                                                                                                        PLIT
      GO TO 5
   2 D0 6 1-1.N2
                                                                                                        PLIT
                                                                                                        PLIT
      Y([)=10.0*(1.0*(Z2([)/ZMAX)) $[F(Y([).LT,0.0) Y([)=0.0] XL([)=X(3)
   6 CALL NUMBER (X(2)+X(1),Y(1),0.07,Z2(1),0.0,4HF4.0)
                                                                                                        PLIT
      CALL LINE (XL, Y, N2, 1, 3, 0, 07, 1)
CALL LINE (XP, Y, N2, 1, 1, 0, 07, 1)
                                                                                                        PLIT
                                                                                                        PLIT
      CALL NUMBER (X(3)-0.30.+0.25.0.105.X(4).0.0.4HF4.0)
                                                                                                        PLIT
      IDP=IDP+1
ZDEPTH(IDP)+Y(N2)
                                                                                                        PLIT
      RANGE (IDP)=X(3)
IF (X(3),GE,RJ/4.0.AND.ITL.EQ.0) 45,5
                                                                                                        P1 11
                                                                                                                81
 45 ITL=1
IF (IKNM.EQ,0) CALL SYMBOL (RJ/2,0-0.6,-0.40,0.14,10HRANGE (KM),0.PLIT
PLIT
                                                                                                                85
    10,10)
IF (IKNM.GT.0) CALL SYMBOL (RJ/2.0-0.6,-0.40.0.14.10HRANGE (NM).0.PLIT
  10:10)
CALL SYMBOL (RJ/2:0=0.6,10:20:0:14;STITLE:0:0:46)
S IF (IFFR.E0.0: G0 T0130
CALL LINE (XRANGE, ZDEPTH, LDP, 1:1:0:0:0)
CALL LINE (XRANGE, YL, LDP, 1:3:0:1)
CALL LINE (XI,YL, LDI:1:3:0:2::1)
CALL LINE (XI,YL, LDI:1:3:0:2::1)
CALL PLOTS (0:0) S CALL PLOT (PLTL*10:0:0::-3) S IST=1
                                                                                                                87
                                                                                                       PLIT
PLIT
PLIT
                                                                                                                88
                                                                                                                90
                                                                                                        PLIT
                                                                                                                92
                                                                                                       PLIT
                                                                                                                93
                                                                                                       PLÍT
130 RETURN
                                                                                                                94
                                                                                                        PLIT
                                                                                                                95
      END
```

PREGRAM LENGTH U3745
ENTRY POINTS PROFPLIT U2054
RLECK NAMES

PROFIL 00316
INPUT 01442
LIMITS 00036
PRO 00006
TLE 00012
ABC 00026

EXTERNAL SYMBOLS
OUT10100
SECULOT,
HUTTS
SYMBOL
NUMBER
LINE
BYEBYE
SCALE
PLOT
MAX1F

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5,4A 06/04/73 ADVACCO. SUBROUTINE ACVANCE CEMMON /THIANG/ AP(100,2), RP(100,2), AL(100), RL(100), ZZERO(100), HZERU(100), AA(100), EB(100), SST'100), CCT(100), NTRI CEMMON /RAYS/ NRAY, TGAP(1000), ZZ(1000), SS(1000), TIME(1000), ADVADO01 ADVA0002 ADVADO03 NCGUNT(1000), PHASE(1000) ADVACCO4 CEMMON /INFO/ RSTART, RMAX, EMEGA, ATT, IPRAY, ITN, ITN2, ITN3, IBIG, ISCP, IT1, IT2, IT3, IPEH, IFTIMS, LTRT, LTRP, LPIN, IATT CEMMON /PIDEF/ PI, LTR, TWEPI CEMMON /MIRHORS/ GL, PRLT(200), RPST(200) ADVADO05 ADVADOD6 ACVADOD7 ADVACODS CEMMON/ARC/PUNCHON (16), INCR, NBRS, NSRS, ALIM, IFT, IFT1 ADVADGO9 MIMENSIUN RPNEW(4), RNEW(4), ZNEW(4), ZPNEW(4) ACVADO10 LEGICAL BNUP, GALW ACVACC11 TANSUM(A, H)=(A+B)/(1,-A+B) ADVA0012 CELT(CR.T.S) = ABS(UR) - SCRT(CM[S) - (1, + (T+(T+S)+S+S)/3,) ADVADO13 LOGP OVER ALL THE RAYS
DG 100 (RAYD1, NRAY \$ IMIST=0 C ADVACO14 SSROSS(IRAY) ADVADD15 IF (NBRS,EG, 2500, AND, NSRS,EG, 2500) GO TO 10 ADVADO16
NN=NCCUNT(IRAY) \$M=NN/ITN \$NNE=MITN \$NSR=M-NN+ITN \$MENN/ITN \$NRR=MADVADO17 ADVAD016 10 IF (ABS(SSH), LT, ALIM, ER, NER, GT, NERS, GR, NSR, GT, NSRS) GO TO 100 ADVACC18 ZR=ZZ(IHAY) S HREESTART ADVAD019 TGRATGAM([RAY) ADVADD20 TRAYSTIME (IRAY) ADVACO21 HREPHASE (] HAY) ADVA0022 NCTRENCOUNT (IRAY) ADVACO23 DE 20 1=1,NTR1 ADVADO24 FIND CORRECT LAYER ADVADO25 C P=ZR=AL(1)-BL(1)*HR ADVAD026 IF (P-,0001.GT.0,) GG TE 20 ADVACO27 ATRRE ADVAD028 ADVACO29 IF (A85(M) GT, .0001, GR, TGR, GT, -AL(I)) G8 T8 30 20 CENTINUE ADVADO30 GE TO BU ADVADO31 30 CT=CCT(NTHR) ADVAD032 IF(IPRAY, NE, 3) PRINT 666, IRAY, NTRR, ZR, RR, TGR, NCTR ST#SST(NTRR) ADVAD033 ADVADO34 ZOSZZERU(NTRE: ACVADO35 TRANSFORM TO PRIMED CEGACINATES ACVADO36 Ċ ROSRZERB(NTRR) ACVACO37 ZRP#CT+(ZR=Z0)+ST+(HR-R0) ACVADO38 RRPacte(RH-RJ)-ST-(ZR-20) ACVACO39 CISHAA(NTHR)+BB(NTFR)+ZRP ADVACO40 TANT -ST/AMAX1(CT:1,E-3CD) ADVADO41 TURP TANSUM (TANT. -TGR) ADVAD042 CHIS+CIS/(1,+TGRP++2)
CALCULATE PARABELIC RAY PATH, ALPHA IS THE CURVATURE ADVACC43 ADVADD44 ALPHAR, 25.88 (NTRR)/CHIS ADVADO45 TA=2. . ALPHA ADVADO46 FIND INTERSECTIONS WITH UPPER AND LOWER LAYER BOUNDARIES C ADVADO47 ADVADD48 DE 40 1=1,2 APNTROAPINTER . 1 . ADVACCAS BPNTRABP(NTRR. 1) ADVADO50

C=APNTR+HPNTQ+RRP+ZRP

IF (ABS(ALPHA),GT.1,E=25) GC TO 303 RAY PATH IS LINEAR FOR THESE STATEMENTS

PERPATROTORP

ERPS-C/P

C

ADVA0051

ADVACO52

ADVAD053

ADVAD054

ADVADO55

3,4A 06/04/73 K#2+1+1 ADVAROS6 RPNEH (K) =RRP+CRP ADVAD057 ZPNEW(K)=ZRP+TGRP+CRP ADVACC58 ZNEW(K) #CT+ZPNEW(K) +ST+HPNEW(K)+ZO ADVA0059 RNEW(K) #CT+ RPNEW(K) +ST+ ZPNEW(K) +RO ADVACCAC ZNEW(K+1)#1,8300 ADVANO61 ZPNEW(K+1)#1,6300 RNEW(K+1)#1,6300 ADVADD62 ADVACO63 RPNEW (K+.)=1,6300 ADVADO64 GG TO 40 SOLJE QUADRATIC EQUATION FOR PARABULIC RAY PATH ADVADO65 ADVADO66 CISCOPOPO+4.0ALPHACC IF(DISCILT.O.) GO TO 32 DISCOSONT(DISC) ADVADO67 ACVAGGAS ADVADDAS DE 31 J#1,2 ADVADO70 K#2#1#J#2 ADVADO71 5=2-1-3 ADVADO72 F#P+S+DISC ADVA0073 DRP#F/TA ADVA0074 ITERATION TO IMPREVE ACCURACY FOR SMALL CURVATURE PAYS C ADVACO75 1F(ABS(F),LT, 1-ABS(F)) ERP#(ALPHA-((ALPHA-DHP--2-C)/P)--2-C)/P ADVA0076
RPNEH(K)#RHP+CRP ADVA0077 305 ZPNEH(K)=ZRF+CRP+(TGRP+ALPHA+CRP) ADVACO78 ZNEH(K)=CT+ZPNEH(K)=ST+RPNEH(K)+ZO ADVAGG79 RNEW(K) #CT+RPNEW(K)+ST+ZPNEW(K)+RC 31 ADVADORD G6 T8 40 DE 33 J=1,2 ADVAND81 32 ADVAD032 K#2 * 1 + J # 2 ADVACOS3 33 RNEW(K)=-1,E300 ADVACOB4 CENTINUE 40 ACVADO85 COLUMADS (ZR-AL (NTHR)-BL (NTHR)-RR), LT, .01, AND. TGR.GT, -BL (NTRR)
SELECT CORRECT INTERSECTION AS NEXT POSITION
IF (NTRRED, 1) GO TO 405
CNUPADS (AL (NTRR-1) + EL (NTRR-1) + RR-ZH), LT, .01 ADVADO86 C ADVADOS7 ADVADO88 ADVADOS9 AND TGR.LT, - BL (NTRR-1)
GE 19 41 ACVADOSO ADVACO91 ENUPEABSIZED, LT. . 01, AND . TGR . LT. 0. 405 ADVARR92 ILPEIDNE-1 41 ADVA0093 IF (NGT 10NUP) GO TE 411 ADVADO94 ILP*1 ADVARO95 IF(AB\$(MR@RNEW(1)),LT,AES(RF@RNEW(2))) IUP@2 IF(RNEW(IUP),LT,RM,ER,RNEW(ILP),GT,RMAX) IUP@0 IF(,NGT_ANLW) GO TE 412 ADVANO96 ADVADO97 ADVADO98 411 ICN#3 ADVADOS IF (ABS (HRORNEN (3)), LT, ABS (RRORNEW (4))) IDN=4
IF (RNEW (IDN), LT, RH, OR, RNEW (IDN), GT, HMAX) IDN=0
IF (IUP, GE, C) GO To 414 ADVA0100 ADVA0101 ADVA0102 412 ADVA0103 ILP#0 RTRYSRMAX ADVA0104 DE 413 1=1,2 IF(RNEH(I),LT,RR,GR,RNEH(I),GT,RTRY) GO TO 413 ADVA0105 ADVAC106 RTRYORNEW(1) ADVA0107 ADVA0198 ILP#1 ADVA0109 CENTINUE 413 414 IF (| DN . GE , 0) GE TE 416 ADVA0110 ADVA0111 TENDO

06/04/73 5,4A ADVA0112 RTHYSHMAX ADVA0113 CE 415 1=3.4 ADVA0114 IF (HNEW(1),LT,RR,GR,RNEW(1),GT,RTRY) GO TH 415 ICNOI ADVAD115 RTRYSHNEH(1) ADVA0116 CENTINUE ACVA0117 415 15 (101.EQ.0) GE TE 420 ADVA0110 416 IF (ILP, NE U) GR TE 418 ITRY=1DN ADVA0119 ADVA0120 417 ADVA0121 RINYERNEW (IDA) ADVA0122 GE TH 429 ADVA0123 IF (HNEW (TUP), GE, HNEW (IEN)) GE TE 417 418 ITRYSIUM RIRYSHNEW(TUP) ADVA0124 419 ADVA0125 GE TE 429 ADVAD126 IF (ILP. E0,0) GE T6 50 ADVA0127 420 GE 10 419 ADVA0128 TGHPASTA+(RPALK(ITRY)-RHP)+TGRP ADVA0129 429 THAY STRAY DELT (RPACH (ITRY) - RAP, TGRP, TGRPN) ADVA0130 TGR WESTANSUM(TGRPN, -TART) ADVA0131 ADVA0132 RHEHTHY ADVA0133 ZH#ZNEWCITRY: CHECK FOR SURFACE AND BETTEM HITS, TURNOVERS AND TURNUNDERS C ADVA0134 IF (TGR . IGHN, GE. D.) GE TO 44 ADVA0135 IF CTGR, GT, U.) GO TE 43 NCTH+NCIR+ITN2 ADVA0136 ADVA0137 GE TO 44 ADVA0138 ACTRENCIR-1 ADVA0139 43 IF (ITRY GT, 2) GO TE 45 ATRREAT HEET 1 JVA0140 44 ADVAD141 IF (NTHE GT, 0) GO IE 46 ADVA0142 ADVA0143 NTRRES SSRUSSRUSL ADVA0144 PHHEPHROP! ADVA0145 ACTHERCIR*ITA ADVA0146 "GRESTGRN ADVA0147 ADVA0148 GE TE SU ATRHENTHROS ADVA0149 45 ADVA0150 IF (ATHRILE, NTHI) GE TO 46 ADVA0151 ATRHUNTHI ADVAG192 ACTRONCIROITAS TGRAZE # I ANSUM (TGRN, BL (NTRI)) ADVA0153 5=100, +ABS(TGAAZE)+1, ADVA0154 NES ADVA0155 ADVA0156 SESON IF (N, 61, 199) N#199 SSR#SSH*((1, -5) + 3HLT(N)+S*ARLT(N+1)) ADVA0157 ADVA0158 PHR#PHR+((1,-5)-UPST(N)+5-#PST(N+1)) ADVA0159 TGRE-TANSUM(TGRAZE, HL (NTRI)) ADVA0160 ADVA0161 IF (TGR.LT.=3L(NTHI)) 80.30 46 TGRETGRN ADVA0162 GE TO 30 ADVA0163 CALCULATE HAY INTERSECTION WITH VERTICAL BOUNDARY, RORMAX ADVA0164 50 IF (ABS(ST), LT, 2, E-4) GF TO 60 ADVA0165 ADVAD166 BV=+CT/ST AVE (RMAX-HO)/ST ADVAD167

06/04/73 F . 4A ADVA0168 CERVOHHPOUV-ZAP PEHIATGHP ADVA0169 IF (A65(ALPHA), GT. 1, E-25) GF 78 501 ADVA0170 ADVA0171 ADVA0172 LINEAH RAYS C RPNER (1) = RPP+C/P RFNE# (2)=1,6100 ADVAD173 ADVA0174 68 TE 505 PARABOLIC HAYS ADVA0175 r FISC = POMO 4, OAL OHAOC ADVAD176 501 IF (DISC, LT, 0,) GU TE BO PISC = SJAT(DISC) ADVAD177 ADVAD178 S#1, TE 503 (=1,2 ADVAD179 ADVAD180 FEP+S+DISC ADVAC181 CHPSF/TA ACVAD182 IF (ABS(F), LT, ,1+ABS(F)) ERP+(ALPHA+((ALPHA+DRP++2+C)/P)++2+C)/P ADVA0183 BENEW (1)=KAN+THE ADVA0184 5==5 ADVA0185 503 re >1 1=1,2 ADVA0186 505 ZPNE # (1) = ZPP+(RPNE # (1) + RRP) + (TGFP+ALPHA+(RPNE # (1) + RRP)) ADVAD187 51 ZNEA(1)=CT-ZPNEH(1)+ST+HPNEH(1)+20 ADVA0188 ADV-2489 ADVA0193 SELECT CURRECT INTERSECTION C IF (ARS(ZNEW(1)+ZR), LT, ABS(ZNEW(2)+ZR)) [=1 TGRPN=TA+(RPNEW(I)+HRP)+TGRP ADVAD191 ADVA0192 TRAYSTRAY - DELT (RPNEW(1) - RRP, TGRP, TGRPN) ADVA0193 TGRN#STANSUM(TGHPN, #TANT) ADVA0194 CHECK FOR TUNNEVERS AND TURNUNDERS ADVA0195 IF (TGH+ IGH+, SE, O.) GE TO 54 ADVA0196 IF (TGH, LT, C,) GO TE 53 ADVAD197 ACTREACTRE1 ADVA0198 38 TG 54 ADVAD199 ACTRENCIROITS ADVAGEOD TGAM (THAY) ETGAN ADVANZO1 54 IF (\TRM_LE,1) GO TO 945

CHECK THAT GAY IS WITHIN THE PROPER LIMITS

IF (2\Ev([],LT,AL(\TRF-1)+BL(\TRR-1)+RMAX-,1) 30 TO 80 ADVA0202 ADVA0203 C ADVAD204 1+ (2-E+(1), GT, AL (ATHR)+HI (ATRR)+RMAX+,1) GO TO 80 ADVA0205 545 THEOR IN VELUME ATTENLATION ADVA0206 1F([ATT_1:E,0))SSR#SSH+1C,++(+,U0U1+ATT+(TRAY+TIME([RAY))/SGRT(G[S])ADVA0207
SS([RAY)#SSR ADVA0208 22(1HAY)=4 NEA(1) AD' A0209 ADVA0210 TIMECIRATIETRAY + COUNT (LRAY) INCTR ADVA0211 PHASE (IHAY) = PHR ADVA0212 SE TF 100 ADVA0213 ADVA0214 1-151-60 60 AMEN SMALL OR ZERO HURIZONTAL GRADIENTS, EQUATION FOR SECTION ADVANZAS DO 15 SINGULAR, THIS IS AN ITERATIVE SOLUTION FOR SUCH A CASE ADVANZAS GUESS VALUE FOR ITERATION ADVANZAS C C C 71 HEZROIGHO (RMAKOHE) ADVA0218 DE 67 121.7 ADVA0219 RFWASCT (RMAX-RO)+ST+(ZNH+ZO) ADVA0220 PAPERF'A-ARP ADVA0221 TGHPAVEIGHP.ALPHAUTHF ADVA0222 TZPECHPETGRPAV ADVA0223

ZNW2@CT=ZPNW=ST=RPNW+ZD D=ABS(ZNW2#ZN=) IF(I.Eg_3) DD=D A7 ZNW=ZNW2 C CMECN FOR CENVERGENCE	ADVA 0224 ADVA 0225 ADVA 0226 ADVA 0227 ADVA 0228 ADVA 0229 ADVA 0230
D=ABS(ZNWZ#Z\m) If (I.Eg_3) DD=D 47	DVA0226 DVA0227 DVA0228 DVA0229
D=ABS(ZNWZ=Z\m) IF(I,Eq_3) DD=D 47	DVA0226 DVA0227 DVA0228 DVA0229
IF (I, EQ.3) DD=D 47 ZNW=ZNWZ 48 CMECK FOR GENVERGENCE A	CVA0227 ADVA0228 ADVA0229
47 ZNWEŻNWŻ G check for genvergence a	DVA0228
C CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE	CVA0229
** '	
	LVA0231
	DVA0232
	EVAD233
	DVAR234
	DVA0235
	CVA0236
	DVA0237
	DVA0238
	CVAD239
666 FERMAT(- HAY-, 15 IN LAYER-, 15 Z - ,F10,2, - R, F10,2, - TGR, FA	DVA0240
	DVA0241
81 FERMATIO HAY 15. TERMINATECO, 5X, . INIST 12,5X, . STARTING RANGE	DVA0242
	DVA0243
82 FORMAT (DX, MAXIMUM RANGE F12, 2, 5X, NEW RAY DEPTHIS, F10, 2, 5X, FINA	DVA0244
	DVA0245
	DVA0246
	EVAN247
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	EVA0248
	DVA0249

DS	ACVANCE					06/04/73	ED	0
	*********			ICENT	ADVANCE			
	PREGRAP LENGTH		01720					
	ENTRY PEINTS	ADVANCE	00125					
	BLECK NAMES							
		TRIANG	02261					
		RAYS	13561					
		INFE	00024					
		PICEF	00003					
		MIRRERS	00621					
		ABC	00026					
	EXTERNAL SYMBUL		00020					
		THEND.						
		C3C10140						
		23:00040						
		71010100						
		01203100						
		02007111						
		QBODICT.						
		SURTE						
		MAXIF						
		STH.						
		GNSINGL,						

44	06/04	4/73
	SUBROUTING CHANNEL (ZR. T. ZTE. ZTU)	CHANGOOD
	COMMON / V&LPRF / N. Z (100), C (100)	CHANGOG1
2.77	CALL VELCALC	CHANGODZ
20	DO 29 102,N	CHANGOG3
	[F(ZR,0],Z(1)) GO TO 25	CHANGO4
	1201	CHANDOD
	P=(ZReZ(1e1))/(Z(1)eZ(1e1))	CHANDOD
	CH#\$ORT(1,+T+T)+(F+C([)+(1,+F)+C([+1))	CHANDOQ7 CHANDOG8
	00 70 30	CHANGOO
25	CONTINUE	CHANGO10
	ZTU@ZT@@=%,	CHANG011
30	RETURN IN-IZ-1	CHANGO12
31	IFICIINI, GT, CHI GO TE 39	CHANDO13
9	INGINO1	CHANGO14
	IF([N,NB,Q) 00 TO 31	CHANO015
	21000	CHANO016
	GO TO 4U	CHANGO17
35	FE(CHeC(IN+1))/(C(IN)+C(IN+1))	CHANGO18
••	Z100F0Z(1N)-(1,-F)0Z(1N+1)	CHANGO19
40	theiz	CHANGO20
41	IF(C(IN),GT,CH) GB TE 45	CHANGO21
	INDÍNOS	CHANGG22
	IF(IN,LE,N) GO TO 41	CHANDO23
	ZTUBZ{N}	CHANDO24
	RETURN	CHANDORS
45	PB(ÇM+C(IN+1))/(C(IN)+C(IN+1))	CHANGOZO
	ZTU8F0Z(N)+(1,=F)+Z(N+1)	CHANGO27
	RETURN	CHANOOZB
	ENTRY RCALC	CHANDO29
	1F(2T0, UT. 0.9) G0 TA 50	CHANDOSO
	RCYCLE #1, 630c	CHANDO31
_	RETURN	CHANOGE
50	INOI	CHANGO33
	RCYCLEOU,	CHANGOS4 CHANGOSS
	TG2#0,	CHANDO36
	DO 60 101,N	CHANDQ37
	1F(Z(1),GT,ZT0,A'0,Z(1),LT,ZTU) G0 T0 55	CHANOOS
	IF (IN EU, 1) GO TO 10	CHANDOSO
	RCYCLEOMCYCLEO(ZTU-Z([-1))/(,5+TG1)	CHANDO40
55	RETURN TG1850RT({CM/G([))++2=1;}	CHANGO41
77	[F([, 60]1] G0 T0 99	CHANDD42
	IF(IN,EU,1) 00 T8 56	CHANDO43
	DA+(Z([]-2(]-1))/(,5+(TG1+TG2))	CHANDO44
	GO 70 5/	CHANGO45
54	DR=(Z(1)-ZT@)/(,5-TG1)	CHANGG46
57	RCYCLEONCYCLEODR	CHANGO 47
59	TG20TG1	CHANGO48
	1048	CHANGO49
60	CONTINUE	CHANDOSO
-	RETURN	CHANDO51
	ENTRY WHENS	CHANO092
	1F(RCYCLE,GT,1,E100) GE TO 71	CHANDOSS
	16012	CHANG054
65	IF(Z(IN),GT,ZR) GO TE 70	CHANDOSS

,44	06/04/73	
	IF(Z(N+1).GT,ZR) G0 TC 75 N= N+1 IF(N,GE,N) G6 T0 71 G6 T0 65	CHANDOS6 CHANDOS7 CHANDOS8
70	IF(Z([N=1]),LE,ZR) GO TE 74 [N=[N=1] IF([N,GE,1]) GO TO 65	CHANDOS9 CHANDOSO CHANDOS1 CHANDOS2
71	TOO RETURN	CHANGO 63 CHANGO 64
74	IN=IN=1	CHANDOS
75	V=C(IN)+(G(IN+1)=G(IN))+(ZR=Z(IN))/(Z(IN+1)+Z(IN)) T=1,/(SURT((CM/V)++2+1,)+RCYGLE) RETURN END	CHANDOS CHANDOS CHANDOS CHANDOS

15	CHANNEL					06/04/73	ED	0
				ICENT	CHANNEL			
	PREGRAM LENGTH		00506					
	ENTRY PEINTS	CHANNEL	00003					
		RCALC	00151					
		WDENS	00257					
	BLOCK NAMES		••••					
	-	VELPRE	00311					
	EXTERNAL SYMBUL							
		DEGLICT.						
		VELCALC						
		SORTE						

06/04/73 5,4A SLURGUTINE VELCALC

CEMMON /INFO/ DDDUC,RMAX,DDDDDD(18)

CEMMON /VELPRF/ N.Z(100),C(100)

CEMMON /VELPRF/ N.Z(100),BP(100,Z),AL(100),BL(100),ZZERG(100),

RZERW(100),AA(100),RW(100),SST(100),CCT(100),NTRI

CEMMON/ABC/PUNCHOW (16),INCR,NBRS,NSRS,ALIM,IFT,IFT1

DATA (RWLDP-1,E300),(IFT2*0),(IBM*0)

IF (IFT1,E0,IFT2) GG TE 13

IBM*0 VELC VELC VELC VELC 18H=0 IFT2=|F|1 13 |F (|FT1, E0, 0, GR, |EM, EC, 1) G8 T0 3 RELDER11E300 VELC VELC IBH#1 3 IF (ABS(HMAX-RGLD), LT, 1,) GE TO 20 RELD=RMAX VELC 15 N#NTR[+1 DE 10 :41;N IF([,EQ;1) G0 T6 1 VELC VELC 16 VELC VELC 10 19 Jelei ZZ=AL(J)+HL(J)+RMAX GS 70 2 VELC 24=0, VELC 55 1 ZZ=UCT(J) = (ZZ-ZZEHE(J)) + SST(J) = (RMAX=RZERG(J)) C(I) = 1, /SURT(AA(J) = HB(J) = ZP) Z(I) = ZZ RE~URN 24 25 2 VELC VELC VELC VELC 26 27 10 20 END

20

3	VELCALC					06/04/73	ED	0
				ICENT	VELCALC			
	PROGRAM LENGTH		00132					
	ENTRY PEINTS	VELCALC	00006					
	BLOCK NAMES							
		INFO	00024					
		VELPRE	00311					
		TPIANG	02261					
		ABC	00026					
	EXTERNAL SYMBUL	S	******					
		GEGDICT.						
		SARTE						

FTN5.4A 01/02/75 SUBROUTINE INTENSTY INTE JUNE 14: 1971 LLOYUS MIRROR ADDED FOR ALL RECEIVERS AND TYPES
UNUSED SWITCH IFITMS IS NOW LLMR: 0 FOR NO LLOYDS MIRROR: AND
NON_ZERO FOR LLOYDS MIRROR. THIS WITCH IS THE COLUMN AFTER
IPER ON THE INPUT EARDS
6/15/71 RECEIVERS WELOW BOTTOM FIXED INTE C INTE INTE INTE INTE INTE INTE INTE INTE INTE INTE 12 13 COMMON /PIDEP/ BI*DIR*TWOPI INTE COMMON /VELPRF/NN*Z4100),C(100) INTE COMMON /TMPSTR/ DDD(182) DIMENSION QUAD(100),INP(100),SINT(100,4),SSL(100),QUS(100),TYPS(10INTE 15 10) INTE 18 EQUIVALENCE (QUAD DOD)
COMMON/ABC/PUNCHOW 110) . INCR. NBRS. NSPS. ALIM. IFT. IFT1 INTE INTE OATA (IENT_0), (IFT2=0], (I8H=0), (IHP=1:02(0))

SEC(T'=FVA*SQRT(1.0+1*1)

IF (IFT1-EQ-IFT2) G9 TO 2 \$ I8H=0 \$ IFT2=IFT1

2 IF (IFT1-EQ-0-OR-I8M-EQ-1) GO TO 3 \$ IENT=0 \$ I8H=1 21 INTE 23 INTE INTE 3 FVA=1. IF(IATT=E0=0.AND=ATT=NE=0.) FVA=10.00(10ATT=RMAX) CALL VELCALG SWAVEL=TWOPI*C(1)/OMEGA SAK=TWOPI/WAVEL S FLM=1. INTE 25 INTE 26 INTE INTE 28 5 29 IF (IT1.EQ.0.AND.IT2.EU.0) GO TO 60 SW#04 INTE 30 SW=0 SDZ=0. DO 10 [=2.NRAY W=AMIN1(SS(I).SS(I-1)) SDZ=5DZ+W+AB5(ZZ(I).ZZ(I-1)) INTE INTE 32 33 INTE INTE 35 SWESWOA INTE 10 DZBAR=SDZ/SW INTE IF (DZBAR.LT. WAVEL) DZBAR=WAVEL 3 INTE CALL CHANNEL (1 . . 1000 . . Z5 . Z8) INTE 39 DZM=ZB/SURT(FLOAT(NRAY)) INTE IF(DABAR.GT.DZM) DEBAHHUZM IF(IT .EQ.) GO TO 45 DO 20 I=1 .NRAY INTE 42 INTE INTE NªNCOUNT(I) INTE 45 MEN/ITY INTE INTE 46 NTO-N-4-IIN N=H/ITY 47 INTE NSR#M-V-ITN INTE MEN/ITY 40 INTE NTU=N-4ºITN INTE IF(I.E2.1) GO TO 19 NOTUO=IABS(NTO-NTOS)+IABS(NTU-NTUO) INTE 52 53 NDSBR=IABS (NSR-NSRO) + IABS (NBR-NBRO) IdTE 54 ID=NDS3R ID=ID+NDTUO 55 THIE

INTE

56

01/02/74 FTNS.4A IF(ID.GT.3) ID=3
W=AMIH](\$5(I),\$5(I=1);
IF(W-LE.ALIM-OR.NBR-GT.NBRS.OR.NSR.GT.NSRS) ID=3
NCOUNT(I)=NCOUNT(I)+ID=IRIG INTE 57 INTE 58 INTE 59 89 INTE 10 NSROHNSR INTE 62 NBRO-NBR INTE NTUOONTU 63 NTOO=NTO INTE 20 \$ DO 21 1=1.LNRC CONTINUE INTE NTE SSL (1)=0.0 67 TYPS([]=0.0 21 [HP([]=0 \$ [PR=0 INTE INTE INWENCOUNT(2)/IBLG
DC 30 I=2,NR47
NCOUNT(I)=NCOUNT(I)+IWW=IBIG INTE 71 INTE INTE INTE INTE 75 INTE 76 77 INTE INTE TISTIME (1-1) DT=TIME(1)-T1 TG1=TGAM(1-1) 80 INTE UTG=TG4M(I)=TG1
DZ=ZZ(I)=Z* S DO 25 J=1.LNRC S IQ1=0 S IQ2=0 S IQ3=0
ZR=RCD(J) S IF(ZR.0T.48) GO TO 25
F=(ZR-Z1)/DZ S DZ1=ZZ(I+1)=ZZ(I) S F1=(ZR-ZZ(I))/DZ1 INTE INTE INTE 85 IF(F.LT.-g.s.OR.F.GT.1.5) GO TO 25
IF (INd.EG.0.AND.F.UE.1.0.AND.F.GE.0..AND.IHP(J).EQ.0) 23,24 INTE INTE INTE 88 89 IF (F.GT.1.0.AND.INW.EQ.0 .AND.INXT.NE.INW.AND.IHP(J).EQ.0)31932 INTE 31 192=1 INTE GO TO 26
IF (F.LT.0.0.AND.IPR.NE.INW.AND.INW.EQ.0) INTE 23 103 TO INTE GO TO 26

34 IU1=0 \$IQ2=0 \$IQ3=0
GO TO 25

26 SL=(S1+F+D5)/(RMAA+AB5(DZ))
IF (SL-LE-0-0) GO TO 45\$ IF (ABSF(DZ), LT-0-001) GO TO 25
TG_TG1+F+DTG S IF (IU1+E0-1) IMP(J)=1
TH=DTR+ATANF(TG) \$ IF (INM-GE-1-AND-INXT-GE-1) GO TO 25
IF (LLMR-NE-0) FLM=24*SIN(ZR*AK*TG/SQRT(1-*TG**Z))***
T=T1-CADT 95 INTE INTE 97 INTE 96 INTE 99 INTE 101 INTE 102 TET1+FEDT IF ([0],E0,1,AND,S[NT(J+1),E0,0,0) S[NT(J+4)=FLM INTE 104 IF (101.E0.1.AND.SINT(J'1).E0.0.0) SINT(J'1).EL 103.EQ.0.0.AND.SINT(J.INTE 103.EQ.0.AND.SINT(J.INTE F (192.E93.4ND.SINT(J.17.E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.2).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.INTE 108

IF (192.E9.1.AND.SINT(J.1).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.2).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.INTE 108

13).E9.0.0.0 SINT(J.2).E9.

INTE 109

IF (193.E9.1.AND.SINT(J.1).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.2).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.INTE 110

13).E9.0.0.0 SINT(J.1).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.2).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.INTE 111

IF (193.E9.1.AND.SINT(J.1).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.2).E9.0.0.AND.SINT(J.INTE 112

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INTE 113
              13).EQ.0.0) SINT(J.31=$L
                 IF(IPER.EQ.0) GO TO 28
IF (IENT.EQ.0) WRITE(LTER.1899) STITLE
IF (IENT.EQ.0) WRITE( $9.1879) STITLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 114
INTE 115
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 116
 1879 FORMAT (1048)
1399 FORMAT (1410 EIGENRAY SET
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 117
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 116
                                                                                                                **10AB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 119
                 IF(IENT.E2.0) WRITEALTER.899)
PRO10.0ALOGIO(SL)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 121
INTE 122
INTE 123
                 N=NCOUNT(I)
                 IENT=1
                 H=N/ITY
                 NTO-N-4-ITN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 124
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 125
                  NEM/ITY
                 NSREM- VOITN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 127
                  HEN/ITY
                  NTU-N-4-ITN
                 IF (103.E0.1) IQUAL#3
IF (101.E0.1) IQUAL#2
IF (101.E0.1) IQUAL#1
IREM#24
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 129
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 130
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 131
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 132
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 133
INTE 134
                  INTE 135
                   WRITE (LTER, 900) I. NOR. NTU. NSR. NTO. RMAX, ZR. TH. T. PR. IQUAL, TREM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 136
                  RMKMER 4AX/1000.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 137
 #RITE(49-1878 ) I-MBR+NTU+NSR+NTO+RMKM+ZR+TH+T+PR
1878 FORMAT (515-F10.4+F10.4+F10.4+F15.5+F10.1)
199 FORMAT(+ONRAY NBR NTU NSH NTO+10X++HANGE
1 TIME++ 9X++SL(DB)++5X++IQUAL++4X++REM+)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 138
INTE 139
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   THETA INTE 140
                                                                                                                                                                                  DEPTH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 141
                 FORMAT (515.F15.0.F10.4.F10.4.F13.5.F10.1.64.15.5X.A2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 143
INTE 144
900
       FORMAT (515-F15-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07-10-07
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 145
INTE 146
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 147
        IF (IQ1.EQ.1.AND.SINT(J.1).NE.0.0) 71.72
71 TYPEIRP(J)=SL(J)
IF (ISCP.EQ.0) 60 TO 27
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 148
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 149
INTE 150
INTE 151
                   TYPEISC(J) =TYPS(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 152
INTE 153
        QUAD(J)=QUS(J)

GO TO T

72 SSL(J)=TYPEIRP(J)

27 TYPEIRP(J)=TYPEIRP(J)+SL+FLM

IF(ISCP-EQ+O) GO TO EN

PR=SQRT(SL)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 154
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 156
                  P=OMEGA=T+PMASE(1)
IF (103-EQ.1.AND.101-EQ.0) QUS(J)=QUAD(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 158
INTE 159
                   QUAD(J) =QUAD(J) +PR+SIN(P)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 160
                   IF (193.E9.1.AND.191.E9.0) TYPS(J)=TYPEISC(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 161
                   TYPEISC(J)=TYPEISC(J)+PR+COS(P)
IF (INAT-GE-1-OR-IPR-NE-INW-AND-INW-NE-INAT) IHP(J)=0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 162
INTE 163
25
                  IPR=INd
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 164
INTE 165
29
                   INWEINKT
IF (INWEEQ.O.OR.INWELT.L.AND.INXTT.LT.1) GO TO 30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 166
                  00 28 LL=1.LNRC
SINT(LL-1)=0.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       INTE 167
```

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

FTN5.4A 01/02/75 INTE 169 SINT (LL+2) =0.0 SINT(LL+3)=0.0 SINT(LL+4)=0.0 26 CONTINJE INTE 170 INTE 171 INTE 172 INTE 173 30 CONTINUE DO 37 I=1+LNRC
TYPEISC(I)=TYPEISC(I)=02+QUAD(I)=02
QUAD(I)=EXP(=RCD(I) #DIBAR)
IF(IT2.EQ+0) GO TO GO
F=2+GRANOZBAR INTE 178 35 INTE 176 37 INTE 177 INTE 178 EX=EXP(-ZZ/CZBAR)
DO 50 [=1.NRAY
IF(ABS(SS(I)).LT.ALEM)
EZ=EXP(-ZZ(I)/DZBAR) INTE 179 INTE 180 INTE 181 GO TO 50 INTE 182 SL=SE((TGAM(I), +8S(I)/F SGK=TGAM(I)+AK/SGRT(1++TGAM(I)++2) SL=SE/(1+-+8+(EB/EZ+E4)) INTE 183 INTE 184 00 40 J=1.LNRC IF(RCD(J).GT.ZB) GD TO 50 INTE 186 INTE 187 ENSUAD(J)

IF(LLMR.NE.0) FLMS.051N(RCD(J)05GK)002

IF(EH.3T.EZ) GO TO 19

SSLEER/EZ INTE 188 INTE 189 INTE 190 INTE 191 INTE 191 INTE 192 INTE 103 INTE 105 INTE 106 INTE 107 INTE 109 GO TO 40 S-SL-EZ/ER TYPEII (J) = TYPEII (J) + S+FLM CONTINJE IF (IT3.EQ+0) RETURN 00 70 1=1 . NRAY CALL GANNEL(ZZ(I) +TGAM(I) +ZTO+ZTU)
CALL RCALC IF(LLMR.NE.D) CALL WDENS(ZZ(I)*CTRR)
SLOFYA*SS(I)*RMAX
DO 65 Jolnec
IF(RCD(J).GT.ZTU) GO TO 70 INTE 289 INTE 202 INTE 203 INTE 204 INTE 205 INTE 206 INTE 207 INTE 208 IF(HCD(J) LT.ZTO) GO TO 65 CALL TOENS (HCD(J) 51 IF(LLMR.EQ.O) GO TO 64 TG=TGAM([]*CTRR/S FLM=2.*SIN(AK*R:B(J)*TG/SQRT(1.+TG**2))**2 SESOFLY INTE 209 INTE 210 TYPEIII(J) = TYPEIII(J) + S*SL CONTINJE 64 INTE 212 CONTINUE RETURN 70 INTE 214

END

• • 0s	INTENSTY					01/02/75	ED
				IDENT	INTENSTY		
	PROGRAM LENGTH		93451				
	ENTRY POINTS	INTENSTY	01540				
	BLOCK NAMES		•••••				
		LOUDNESS	00765				
		TLE	90012				
		RAYS	13561				
		INFO	40024				
		PIDEF	-				
		VELPRE	00003				
			00311				
		TMPSTR	30266				
	EXTERNAL SYMBOL	ABC	90026				
	EXICHIAL STAROL						
		02007111					
		THEND.					
		GSQDICT.					
		VELCALC					
		CHANNEL					
		RCALC					
		WDENS					
		ALOG10					
		SORTE					
		SINF					
		HINIF					
		EXPE					
		COSF					
		ATANE					
		STH.					
		SLO.					
		ONSINGL.					

ITNP

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And the state of t

06/04/73 . 44 SCHROLTINE ITAPRIAT (NINT) ITHP CEMMEN /INFO/ RSTART, RMAX, FMEGA, ATT, 1PRAY, 1TN, 1TN2, 1TN3, 1D1G, ITHP ISCP. 171, 172, 173, IPER, IFTIMS, LTRT, LTER, LTRP, LPIN, IATT ITNP ITHP CEMMEN / TMP 4TH/ DLE(182) CEMMEN/LIMI.J/ H1 (10), ER (10), R2 (10) CEMMEN/AHC/PUNCHDW (16), INCR, NBRS, NSRS, ALIM, IFT, IFT1 ITHP ITNP CEMMEN /TLE/STITLE (10) DATA(INCRE1) ITNP ITNP DIMENSION LINE(90), DE(4), FMT(6), AAL(400), IS(4), ABDDD(182) ITHP TNP EGUIVALENCE (LINE.CUC) 10 CEMMON YLOUDNESSY LNRC, RCD(100), AL(100,4) ITNP ITHP EGUIVALENCE (AL, AAL) 12 DATA (HA6#3HA7,):(FFE=5HF7,1,);(B=1H);(IS=1HS:1HR:1H2:1H3) ITHP 13 DATA (FMT(1)=6+(F0,3,),(FMT(6)=8+6×,90A1))
DIMENSION ITT(4) ITHP 14 ITNP 15 FEUIVALENCE (ISCP. ITT) ITHP 16 ITHP 17 DATA (1ENTED), (1FT2=0), (1B+=0) 18 19 20 21 22 23 ITNP 24 CENTIAUE & DBM#10, *AINT(ALEG10(AM)) 10 S DBL DBM.90. 25 ITHP RK#, 001 PRMAX ITHP 26 ISKED IF (IENI, EQ.)) WRITE (39,1) STITLE IF (LARCIGE, 35) ISK#1
WHITE (39,900), ISK, RK, CBL, CBM
DE 30 I#1, LARC ITHP 28 ITHP ITNP 30 31 ITNP DE 15 J=1,90 LINE(J)=1H TYNP 15 ITHP 33 DE 25 J=1,4 ITHP IF (AL(I,J),LT,ALIM) GE TE 20 34 ITHP FMT(J+1)=HF6 35 DB(J)=10, -ALEG10(AL(1, J)) ITNP 36 1L=(D8(J)=D8L)+1.5 ITHP 37 IF(IL, LE, 0, 08, 1L, GT, 50) G0 TE 25 LINE(IL)=IS(J) ITHP 38 ITHP 39 ITNP 40 GE TE 25 41 20 FMT(J-1)=HA6 ITHP DB(J)BH 42 ITHP 43 CENTINUE ITHP WRITE (39, FMT) RCU(1), EB.LINE 44 30 ITHP 45 RETURN ITNP 46 IF (JENT NE , 0) GO TE 41 40 ITNP 47 WRITE (39,1), STITLE ITNP 48 1 FERMAT (1H1,10A8) ITHP 49 WHITE (36,920), STITLE, LNRC, ITT(1), ITT(2), ITT(3), ITT(4) IF (IENI, EG, 0) HRITE (35,941) STITLE, (RCD(J), J=1,19)
941 FERMAT (10A8,/,(10F8,3))
IF (IENI, EG, 0, AND, ITT(1), GT, 0) HRITE (45,912) .STITLE
912 FERMAT (* COMERENT PHASE VALLES*,/,10A8) ITNP 50 ITNP 91 ITNP 92 ITNP 53 ITNP 54 IF (IEN], EQ, O, AND, ITT(2), GT, O) WRITE (46, 913), STITLE ITHP 55 913 FERMAT (* PANDOM PHASE VALLES *. /. 10AB)

IF (1EN].E0, 3, AND, 177(3), GT, 0) WRITE (47, 914), STITLE

06/04/73 .44 ITHP 914 FERMAT (* TYPE 2 VALLES*,/,10A8) IF (1EN1,EG,3,ANO,1TT(4),GT,0) HRITE (48,915) ,STITLE 915 FERMAT (* TYPE 3 VALLES*,/,10A8) ITHP 54 ITHP .. ITHP ITHP WHITE (39,908) ITHP FERMATCITOINTENSITIES ATO, F10, 3, . Km, ./.O DEPTH ITHP 63 900 ISC ITHP 64 ITHP 45 905 66 ITNP ITHP FERMAT(1X) 908 ITHP 41 RKERMAX/1000. 48 1P=0 ITHP ITHP 70 DE 50 1=1,4 IF (ITT(1), EQ. 0) G6 TE 50 D6: 45 J=1, LNRC ITHP ITHP 10. - ALEGIO (AMAXI (ALIM , AL(J, I))) DED(J)= ITHP ITHP PLNCHEH (INCH) BAHSF (DED(J)) AUDDD (J) = PUNCHDH (INCR) ITHP ITHP INCREINLROI 76 ITHP IF (ÎNCR,LT,17) GE TG 45 INCH=1 WHITE (36,939) (PUNCHDE(11), II=1,16) ITHP 78 ITHP 79 ITHP 45 CENTINUE IF (I,EU,1,AND,ITT(1),GT,O) HRITE (45,911) (ABDDD(J),J=1,19)
IF (I,EU,2,AND,ITT(2),GT,O) HRITE (46,911) (ABDDD(J),J=1,19)
IF (I,EU,3,AND,ITT(3),GT,O) HRITE (47,911) (ABDDD(J),J=1,19)
IF (I,EU,4,AND,ITT(4),GT,O) HRITE (48,911) (ABDDD(J),J=1,19) ITHP ITNP 83 ITHP 84 IF (IP,EU,0) GO TO 46
WRITE (39,906) [S(1),(CDC(J),J=1,LNHC)
FEHMAT (16x,A1,2x,13F9,1,/,19x,13F9,1) LTNP ITHP 84 ITHP 906 87 GE TE SU ITNP 88 ITHP 89 46 ITHP 90 WRITE(34,907) RK. [S(1), (CDC(J), J=1, LNRC) 91 ITHP FERMAT (9, 3, 7x, A1, 2x, 13 + 9, 1, /, 19x, 13 F 9, 1) 907 ITHP 50 CENTINUE ITHP •3 909 FERMAT(1055,1) ITHP 911 FERMAT (10F8,3) 920 FERMAT (10A8,7,515) 94 ITHP 95 RETURN ITHP 96 ITNP 97 END

1

,	ITAPRIAT					06/04/73	ED	0
	PROGRAM LENGTH Entry Peints Block names	ITAPRINT	01560 00511	ICENT	ITNPRINT			
	EXTERNAL SYMBOL	INFO TMPSTR LIMITS ABC TLE LBUCKNESS S TMEND. 0191010U GBCCICT, ALEGIO MAX1F SLB. SLB. GNSINGL,	00024 00266 00026 00026 00012 00765					

06/04/73

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SUBHOLTINE IVSRPLET(ITF)
                                                                                                               IVSR
        CEMMEN /INFO/ RSTART, RMAX, CMEGA, ATT, IPRAY, ITN, ITN2, ITN3, IBIG, ISCP, IT1, IT2, IT3, IPER, IFT IMS, LTRT, LTRP, LTRP, LPIN, IATT
                                                                                                               IVSR
         CEMMON /LOUDNESS/ LNRC. HCD(100), AL(100,4)
                                                                                                               IVSR
         CEMMON /TMPSTH/ DUE(182)
                                                                                                               IVSP
         CEMMON /TLE/STITLE (10)
CEMMON/ABC/PLNCHDB (16), INCR, NBRS, NSRS, ALIM, IFT, IFT1
DATA (IENT=0), (IFT2=0), (IBH=0)
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                                IVSR
         CIMENSION LINE(105)
EGUIVALENCE (LINE, CDC)
IF (IFT1, E3, IFT2) G6 T6 13
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         10
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         11
                                                                                                                IVSR
         164=0
                                                                                                                        12
                                                                                                               IVSR
         1FT2=1F11
                                                                                                                         13
     13 IF (IFTI, EQ. O. CH. Idr. EQ. 1) GG TE 3
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                                         14
         IENT=D
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                                         15
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                                         16
          IBHS1
      3 IF (IENT, NE.O) GB TE 10
WHITE (38,1 ).STITLE
1 FERMAT (1MI, 1JAB)
                                                                                                                        17
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                        18
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         19
         IENT=1
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         30
         ITELTP+1
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                                         21
        IF(IT,EU,5) IT=1

EG 2 [=1,11

LINE(I)==170+10=1

A=MINO(LNAC,9)
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                                        22
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                                         23
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         24
                                                                                                                         25
                                                                                                               IVSR
         WRITE(30,900) (HCU(1),1,1=1,N)
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                        26
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         27
         WRITE (38,901) (LINE(1),101,11)
         CE 25 1=1,11
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         28
    25 LINE(1)=1H+
                                                                                                               IVSR
       HAITE (38,903) (LINE(I), [=1,11) IVSR FERMAT(*0*,154,**RECEIVED INTENSITY VS RANGE*/**ORECEIVER AT DEPTH PIVSR 1LETS AS*//(F18,3:19)) IVSR
                                                                                                                         30
                                                                                                                        31
900
                                                                                                                         32
   1 FERMAT(=0 R(KM)=,5x,11110)
903 FERMAT (14X ,11(9x,A1))
1F(||T||LE.O.; OR, ||T.GT,4) RETURN
DG 15 ||=1,105
LINE(||)=48
06 20 ||#1.N
                                                                                                               TVER
                                                                                                                         33
901
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         34
                                                                                                                         35
10
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         36
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         37
15
         CE 20 1=1, V
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                        38
         DB=10, *ALEG10(AMAX1(1,E-25,AL(1,IT)))
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                        39
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         40
         1P=161.5+U9
         IF (IP, LE. 0, UR, IP, GT, 105) GE TG 20
LINE (IP) = 1
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         41
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         42
         CENTINUE
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         43
20
         RKERMAX/1000,
HRITE(30,902) RK.LINE
                                                                                                                IVSR
                                                                                                                         44
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         45
         FERMAT ( + 9 , 3 , 14x , 105 H1)
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         46
902
                                                                                                               IVSR
                                                                                                                         47
         RETURN
                                                                                                               IVSR
         END
                                                                                                                         48
```

				06/04/73	ED	0
		ICENT	IVSRPLOT			
4	00432					
IVSAPLOT	00064					
1	00024					
TMPSTR	00266					
TLE	00012					
	00026					
	•					
ALEG10						
XMINUF						
MAX1F						
	IVSAPLOT INFE LOUGNESS THEST ABC OLGICO SUBSTITUTE ABC ABC ABC ABC ABC ABC ABC ABC ABC ABC	IVSAPLOT 00064 INF6 00024 LOUDNESS 00765 TMPSTR 00266 TLE 000126 PLS 00026 THEND, 01G1010U 20GDICT, ALCG10 MINUF MAXIF STH. SLC.	1 VSAPLOT 00064 INF6 00024 LOUGNESS 00765 TMPSTR 00266 TLE 00012 ABC 00026 BLS THEND, 01G1010U CHG10 XMINOF MAXIF STH. SLG.	1 VSAPLOT 00044 INF6 00024 LOUGNESS 00765 TMPSTR 00266 TLE 00012 AdC 00026 PLS THEND, D1G1010U D4GGIGT, ALCGIO XMINUF MAXIF STH, SLC.		

04/04/73 ,44 RAYP SUBROLTINE RAY PLOT(RP, ZPAX) CEMMON /INFO/ RSTART, RMAX, CMEGA, ATT, IPRAY, ITN, ITN2, ITN3, 1816, RAYP ISCP. IT1. IT2. IT3. IPER, IFTIMS, LTRT, LTER, LTRP, LPIN, IATT RAYP CEMMON /RAYS/ NRAY, TGAM (1000), ZZ (1000), SS (1000), TIME (1000), RAYP NCGUNT(1000), PHASE(1000) RAYP CEMMON /TMPSTR/ DDE (182) RAYP C6HMON/ABC/PUACHDE (16), INCR, NBRS, NBRS, ALIM, IFT, IFT1 DIMENSION IR(25), ISYM(25), LINE(115), INUM(9) C6MMON /THIANG/ AP(100,2), BP(100,2), AL(100), BL(100), ZZERO(100), RAYP RAYP RAYP RAYP RZEH#(100), AA(100), 88(100), SST(100), CCT(100), NTRI RAYD EGUIVALENCE (LINE, CDC) CATA (ISYME1HA,1HC,1HD,1HE,1HF,1HG,1HH,1HI,1HJ,1HK,1HL,1HH,1HN,1HBRAYP 12 RAYP 13 RAYP 15 16 RAYP IF (IFT1, 60, IFT2) 68 TE 2 RAYP 17 IBHBO RAYP 18 1FT2=1F11 RAYP 19 2 IF (IFT1, ED, O, ER, IBH, EC, 1) GE TO 3 IENT=0 5 IBH+1 RAYP 20 RAYP 3 IF (LENT NE . 0) GO TE 10 RAYP 22 WRITE (LTRP, 1), STITLE RAYP 23 RAYP IENT=1 24 ARPEFLOAT (NRAY)/FLEAT (NP)
DE > [=1.NP RAYP 25 RAYP A=ANP+(FLBAT(1)+.>)+1, RAYP 27 IRCIDA RATP RAYP 29 IF (IR (I), GT, NRAY) IR (I) = NRAY RAYP 30 CENTINUE RAYD 31 SZ=ZHAX/114 32 RAYP WRITE (LTHP, 900) SZ ZHEAL(NIR])-HL(NTR])-RMAX RAYP 33 RKM#,001+HMAX 18#(ZMAX-48)/57+1,5 RAYP 34 35 RAYP RAYP 36 18181 RAYP 37 IF (|H,LE,0) GG T9 12 1F([A,GT,115) 18*115 DE 11 | #1, | 8 RAYP 38 RAYP 36 LINE(1)=1HB RAYP 40 11 RAYP 161=18+1 CE 15 1:181,114 RAYP 12 RAYP 43 LINE(1)=1HLNY RAYP LINE(115)=15 RAYP 45 CE 20 1=1, NP RAYP K=IR(I) 46 IF (NEWS.EG.2500.AND.NSRS.EG.2500) GO TO 17 NN=NCEUNT(K) SM=NN/ITN SNN=M/ITN SNSR=M=NN=ITN SM=NN/ITN SNBR@M 47 RAYP RAYP 48 17 IF (ABS(SS(K)), LT, ALIM, ER, NBR, GT, NBRS, BR, NSR, GT, NSRS) GO TO 20 RAYP 49 RAYP 50 ZR=ZZ(K) RAYP 1P=(ZMAX-ZR)/SZ+1,5 51 IF(IP,G:,115) IP=115 IF(IP,LE,0) G6 T0 20 RAYP 92 RAYP 53 54 IF (LINE (IP), EG, IBLAK, OR, LINE (IP), EO, IS, OR, LINE (IP), EO, IHR) GOTO 19RAYP RAYD 55 DE 16 J=1,8 RAYP IF (LINE (IP), NE, INUM (L)) GO TO 16 56

44	06/04/73		
	LINE(1P)=[NUM(J+1)	RAYP	57
	GE TO 2U	RAYP	98
16	CENTINUE	RAYP	59
	LINE(IP) = INUM(1)	RAYP	60
	G6 T0 2U	RAYP	61
19	(INE(IP)=ISYM(I)	RAYP	62
20	CONTINUE	RAYP	43
-	WRITE (LTRP, 901) HKM, LINE	RAYP	64
	1 FERMAT (1M1.1DAB)	RAYP	65
900	FERMATIZATION OF HAY PATHS SCALE, F8.2.2%, 10HM/POSITION/	RAYP	66
	1 10HOHANGE(KM), 3x, 114(1Hx), 1HS)	RAYP	67
901	FERMAT(+11,3,2x,115A1)	RAYP	4.8
	RETURN	RAYP	69
	END	RAYP	70

·S	RAYPLOT					06/04/73	ED	0
				ICENT	RAYPLOT			
	PROGRAM LENGTH		00605	,				
	ENTRY PEINTS	RAYPLOT	00145					
	PLECK NAMES							
		INFE	00024					
		RAYS	13561					
		TMPSTR	00266					
		ABC	00026					
		TRIANG	02261					
		TLE	00012					
	EXTERNAL SYMHUL		90016					
		THEND,						
		01010100						
		BUGDICT.						
		STH						
		SLO.						
		ONSING						

The state of the s

5,4A 06/04/73 RAY7 SUBROUTINE RAYZDIST (NP) CEMMON /RAYS/ NRAY, TGAM (1000), ZZ(1000), SS(1000), TIME(1000), RAYZ NCBUNT(1000), PHASE(1000) RAYZ COMMON /INFO/ RSTART, RPAX, CMEGA, ATT, IPRAY, ITN, ITN2, ITN3, IBIG, ISCP, IT1, IT2, IT3, IPEK, IFTIMS, LTRT, LTER, LTRP, LPIN, IATT CEMMON /THPSTR/ DUD(102)
COMMON /TLE/STITLE (10) RAYZ RAYZ RAYZ DIMENSION LINE(71) DIMENSION ISYM(25), IR(25) RAYZ RAYZ RAYZ COMMON /PIDEF/ PI.ETR.TWEPI EGUĮVALĖNGE (LINE:CDC) Common/aug/punchdu (16):Incr.nbrs.nbrs.alim.ift.ift1 RAYZ RAYZ DATA (1ENT=0) . (1FT2=0) . (18H=0) RAYZ DATA (ISYMRIHA, IMC, 1+D, 1+E, 1+F, 1+G, 1+H, 1+I, 1+J, 1+K, 1+L, 1+I', 1+N, 14GRAYZ , 1+P, 1+O, 1+R, 1+T, 1+L, 1+V, 1+V, 1+Y, 1+Z, 1++) , (IFTI, EQ, IFTZ) G0 T6 7 RAYZ 15 16 18H40 RAYZ 17 1FT2=1F+1 RAYZ 18 7 IF (IFT1, +0.0. GR. | EH. EC. 1) GE TO 6 RATZ RAYZ 20 RAYZ IBH#1 21 6 IF (IEN), EO, 1) GO TE 3 RAYZ 22 LTRD=37 RAYZ ANPEFLOAT (NRAY)/FLEAT (NP) RAYZ DG 4 [=1,NP AWANPO(PLOAT(1)+,>)+1; RAYZ 25 RAYZ 26 RAYZ 27 IRCIDBA RAYZ 28 IF(IR(I),GT,NRAY) IR(I)=NRAY RAYZ 29 CENTINUE IENTEL
3 WRITE (LTRD.2).STITLE RAYZ 3.0 RAYZ 31 INC#1 RAYZ 32 1 CALL CHANNEL(1,,1000,,75,28)
DE 5 [=1,71
LINE(]) = 1 HX
RK=RMAX/1000, RAYZ 33 RAYZ RAYZ 35 RAYZ 36 SCALERZU/71,0 RAYZ 37 RAYZ WRITE(LIND, 900) HK, ZB, SCALE, LINE 38 RAYZ D6 8 1=1,71 LINE(1)=1H 30 RAYZ 40 C6 40 I=1,NRAY RAYZ 41 5=55(1) RAYZ IF (NBR5, 60, 2500, AND, NSR5, EG, 25JC) GO TO 35 RAYZ N=NCOUNT(1) RAYZ RAYZ RAYZ K#M/ITN 46 RAYZ ASREMON-ITN HEN/ITN RAYZ 48 LBREM RAYZ 49 35 IF(5.GT_AL(*.AND.NPR.LE,NBRS.AND.NSR.LE,NSRS) G0 T0 12 IF (1,EU, 18(180))10.15
10 FRITE (LTRD.1901).ISYM(180).I RAYZ 50 RAYZ 51 RAYZ 52 INCHINC+1 RAYZ 53 GE TO 40 15 HRITE(LIRD, 901) I 54 RAYZ RAYZ 55 FERMAT(ZOHDRAY DEPTH DISTRIBLTION AT.F10,4,4H KM.,10X, . BOTTOM DEPTRAYZ

5,4A 06/04/73 THEO,F10,3; No.1UX, SCALESO,F10,3, NO. M/PASITIONO, //, 29HOLD NRAY RAYZ 97
2NER NTU NSR NTG.3x,5HCEPTH,5X,5HTHETA,6X,4HTIME,1X,6HLOSSES,1X,RAYZ 98
371A1) RAYZ FERMAT(4x,'4,1Cx,11HTEFMINATEC.) 901 60 1901 FERMAT (2x, A1, 1x, 14, 10x, 11h TERMINATED,) RAYZ 61 GE 10 40 RAYZ THEIO, *ALUGIC(S) THINE(I) 12 RAYZ 7=22(1) RAYZ 45 NENCOUNT(1) MENZITH RAYZ 67 NTOBNEMOITN RAYZ 48 RAYZ Nam/ITN 49 NSHEMEN-ITN RAYZ 70 MEN/ITN RAYZ 71 72 ATUBNEMOITA RAYZ 73 NEREM RAYZ LINE(1) #1HE RAYZ LINE (71) =1HS RAYZ LALL CHANNEL (2. TGAP (1), 270, 270) RAYZ 14P=70.=(1,-ZTL/28)+1.5 RAYZ IF (IZP,GT,71,GR,IZP,LT,1) GE TO 45 LINE(IZP,#1H+ 45 IZM#70,#(1,-ZTE/Z#)+1,5 RAYZ 78 RAYZ RAYZ 80 IF (IZM,GT,71,ER,IZM,LT,1) GE TG 55 LINE(IZM)=1H+ 55 IZM=70,+(1,-Z/ZB)+1,5 RAYZ 81 RAYZ RAYZ IF (12R,GT,71,6R,12R,LT,1) GE TE 60 LINE(12R)=1H+ 60 TH=DTR=ATAN(TGAM(1)) RAYZ 15 RAYZ 86 IF (1,EG, IR(INC))20,25
20 FRITE (LTHD,902) ISYM(INC), I.NBP,NTU,NSR,NTO,Z,TH,T,DB,LINE RAYZ 87 RAYZ 88 INCHING+1 RAYZ 10 INCUING 1
CE TE 3U
902 FERMAT(2X,A1,1X,515, FE,2,F1C,5,F1U,3,F7,1,1X,71A1)
25 HRITE (LTHD,1602) I,NBF,NTL,NSR,NTE,Z,TH,T,DB,L;NE
1902 FERMAT(4X,515, FE,2,F1C,5,F10,3,F7,1,1X,71A1)
30 IF (IZP,LE,71,AND,IZF,GE,1) LINE(IZP)=1H
IF (IZM,LE,71,AND,IZF,GE,1) LINE(IZM)=1H
IF (IZM,LE,71,AND,IZF,GE,1) LINE(IZR)=1H
CENTINUE RAYZ 90 RAYZ RAYZ RAYZ RAYZ RAYZ 96 CENTINUE RAYZ 97 40 2 FERMAT (1H1,10A8,/) 78 RAYZ RETURN RAYZ .. END RAYZ 100

)S RAYZDIST 06	6/04/73	ED	0
ICENT RAYZDIST			
PROGRAM LENGTH 01/354			
ENTRY PEINTS RAYZDIST 0.234			
BLOCK NAMES			
PAYS 13561			
1NF6 00024			
TLE 00012			
PICEF 0003			
ABC 00026			
EXTERNAL SYMBOLS			
G1G1010U			
THEND			
COCDICT,			
CHANNEL			
AL@G10			
ATANF			
STH.			
SLE,			
ONSINGL.			

.4A

SUBROUTINE BYEBYE

CIMENSIUN LEAVE(1)

J=-1

LEAVE(J)=6300000U30C0C00B

END

BYBY

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06/04/73 ED

ICENT SYERYE

PREGRAM LENGTH ENTRY PEINTS BYEBYE EXTERNAL SYMBULS DECLICT: 00017 00004

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	PROGRAM LENGTH ENTHY POINTS	DUMP	0000	U	HECU: FMY						00001
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		00017 00004 5000 00052 00000	ANT CATHLE PART LA COME COME WITE PART LA COME WITE PART LA COME WITE PART LA COME	E 47 FEY E 40 E 40 E 40 E 40 E 40 E 40	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ALMAYS INPU PANITY RE-T OCTAL NUMBE PANITY STAT) IF UNLUAD	HY COUNTY R CN DEM	ND CAHU			00021 00022 00023 00024 00025

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	00004	5.	1	P00114		510	SAVESOLA						00034
		57	4			SIL	SAVESALA						99935
	00005	5-		P00115		MU	SAVESO.5						00034
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04/05/72 .5A PHOGRAM THIPLI TPLT THIS VERSION IS COMPAILABLE WITH 4-5-72 VERSION OF TRIMAIN TPLT C DISK VERSION OF TRIPLT IF INFO WILL FIT IN COME DISK IS NOT OPENED THIS DETERMINED BY NAMAX AND THE NUMBER OF RAYS TO PLOT TPLT C TPL7 TPLT TPLT COMMON /INFO/ ID, NR, RMAX, ZMAX, RSCALE, AL, RR(2000), ZBOT(2000), IKNM DIMENSION TITLE (10), BUF (254), NRPLOT (512), 28 (1000), TR (1000), \$\$ (1000 TPLT TPLT 1) . NCOUNT (1000) CUMMON /1/ ZSTER(16384) Cummon /2/ TSTER(16384) TPLT TPLT FURMAT(16AR) TPLT 940 12 FORMAT(28H1CALCOMP PLOT FROM RAY TAPE ,10A8) 901 TPLT 13 902 FORMAT (2FE, 3, 14,615,F10,3)
TPLY
S FORMAT(BHULENGTHE, F10.2,3X,10HMAX DEPTHE, F12,1,3X,14HN0, OF RECORDIPLY TPLT 15,110,5x,0[KMM=0,13,5x,0]FMC=0,13,5x,0N;SK=0,13,5x,0[TR=0,13,/,21x,0]B LIMIT=0,F8,3,5x,0MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SURFACE REFLECTIONS=0,315,5x,0MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SURFACE REFLECTIONS=0, TPLT TPLT 17 TPLT 18 944 FERMAT(2014) TPLT TPLT 945 FURMAT (SHUNRAY, 2015) 20 FEPMATITIHONE OF HA'S, 16, 3x, 10 HLENGTH OF BLOCK, 16, 3x, 12HNO OF BLOCTPLY 1K5, [6] TPLT 9039 FORMAT (24HOPAHITY EHRUR IN RECARD .16) TPLT IDFO=U \$ ICH=U SREAD 4, ITNC REWIND 1 4 FURMAT (12) TPLT 25 TPLT CALL PLOTS(BUR, 254,10)
2 READ 902, AL, ZMAX, NRMAX, IKNM, IFMC, NFSK, ITTM, NSR1, NBR1, ALIM1 TPLT 26 TPLT 27 IF (EUF, 60)2,/ TPLT 28 7 169:169-1 TPLT 29 DO 3 JE1, NFSK TPLT 30 DO 3 JEI, RFSK

3 CALL SKIPFILE (1)

READ (1), TITLE, ALIM, NURS, NSHS, ITNSIF(ITTR, LT, O)READ 900, TITLE

IF (ALIM1, NE. 0. 0, AND. ALIM1. GT, ALIM) ALIMSPOHRF(10.00 (*ALIM1/10.0)) TF_T

IF (ALIM1, EU. 0. 0) ALIM1=-10, 0 *ALOGIO (ALIM) S PRINT 901, TITLE

IF (NSR1. NE. 0. AND. NSR1, LT, NSRS) NSRS NSRS

IF (NBR1. NE. 0. AND. NBR1, LT, NBRS) NBRS NBRS

PLT

OHIGH 907-AL / MAY. NHMAY. IKNM. IFMC. NFSK, ITTR, ALIM1, NSRS, NBRS 33 39 TPLT 34 PHINT 903, AL, ZMAX, NRMAY, IKNM, IFMC, NFSK, ITTR, ALIM1, NSRS, NBRS PLT 37 IF (AL, LE.O., OR.AL.GT, 120.) STOP \$ IF (ZMAX, LE.O.) STOP \$ [L=1] IF (NRMAX, LE, O.OH, NOMAX, GT, 2000) STOP TPLT 38 TPLT 5 TPLT IHEIL+19 40 IF (IH, GT. 511) STOP READ 904, (NRPLOT(1), 1=1L, IH) TPLT 41 TPLT PHINT 905, (NRPLOT(I), LEIL, IH) TPLT 43 I+ (E0+ .60) 10,15 TPLT 44 TPLT 45 10 InsiL-1 TPLT G6 19 25 46 IF (VRPLOT(IH), EQ, 0) Se TO 20 TPLT 14=14-20 TPLT 48 49 GU TO 5 TPLT 2 L TPLT 50 IHEIH-1 IF (NRPLOT(IH) . NE. U) GU IN 25 TPLT 51 IF (IH, GT. U) SU TO 20 TPLT 52 TPLT 25 NIGPLY TH 53 IF (IH, LE. U) STOP TPLT 54 TPLT LULK=32+(512/NTOPLT) 55

56

MULK=(NRMAX-1)/LBLK+1

5A 04/05/72 TPLT 57 PHINT 906, NTOPLT, LALK, MULK TPLT 58 NDISKEMBLK-LRLK-NTOPLIOZ TPLT IF (NDISK.GT.20020) STUP IF (MBLK.EQ.1.WR.IDFW.EQ.1) GR TO 30 50 TPLT 60 IDF0=1 TPLT 61 CALL DKOPEN(2,3HRAN,0)
PLUT TITLE AND Z-AXIS
CALL SYMBOL(1.,0,,.14,TITLE,90,,60)
CALL SYMBOL(2,8,9,93,.14,1MC,0,,1) TPLT 62 TPLT TPLT TPLT 65 Z=0 . TPLT 66 TPLT De 31 1=1,10 67 TPLT 68 CALL PLOT(3,,11,-1,3) CALL PLOT (3, , 10, -1,2) TPLT 69 CALL PLOT(3,05,10,-1,2) CALL PLOT(2,95,10,-1,2) TPLT 70 TPLT Z=Z+ZMAX/10, CALL NUMBER(2,32,9,93-1,.14,2,0.,4HF5,0) TPLT TPLT IF (1,EQ.5.AND. IFMC,GE.U) CALL SYMBOL (2.,4.5..14.9HDEPTH (H).90..TPLT TPLT 19) IF (I,EQ.5.AND.IFHC.LI.U) CALL SYMBOL (2.,4.5..14,10HDEPTH (FT), TPLT 76 TPLT 190.,10) CONTINUE 77 TPLT 78 31 TPLT IF (IFMC.LT,0) ZMAX# ZMAX+0,3048 TPLT NRENRHAX 80 TPLT Ma1 TPLT 82 IREC=U 83 DO 50 IR=1,LBLK TPLT 35 IREC=IREC+1 5 IFEF=0 TPLT 84 READ(1) NHAY, HR (IREC), 788T (IREC), (TR (I), I=1, NRAY), (ZR (I), I=1, NRAY) TPLT 1, (SS(1), I=1, NRAY), (NCBUNT (I), I=1, NRAY) 85 TPLT TPLT 87 IF (E8F,1) 36,38 TPLT 30 IFEF=1 IF (NRMAX,LT.IREC-1) UM TO 52 NHMAX@IREC-1 TPLT TPLT TPLT NESNEMAX TPLT 92 G6 T8 52 TPLT IF (10CHECK,1) 39,40 93 39 PHINT 9039, IREC TPLT DE 45 1=1, TOPLT & KENPPLET(1) SJELBLK+(1-1)+IR & 7578R(J)=ZR(K) 95 TPLT IF (NSRS.EC.25cc.AND.NRRS.EU.25cg) GO TO 41 TPLT NN=NCEUNT (K)SMM=NN/IINSNN=HM/IINSNSR=MM-NN-IIN \$HM=NN/IINSNBR=HM TPLT 96 97 41 IF (SS(K), LE. ALIM, AM, NSH. GE, NSRS, OR, NOR, GE, NBRS) ZSTOR(J) =- ZR(K) TPLT 98 IF (2H(K),LT.0.0) ZSTUP(J)=ZP(K)
TSTOR(J)=-TR(K) TPLT 99 TPLT 107 50 CONTINUE TPLT 101 IF (MBLK.EG.1) GU 10 6U % IDEL. MULK•LBLK TPLT 102 MUISK#(M-1)+LULK TPLT 103 DO 55 1=1,478PLT TPLT 104 TPLT 105 TPLT 106 CALL UKLGCATE (MUISK) J=(1-1)+LBLK+1 TPLT 107 K=J+LELK-1 CALL UKHRITE(ZSTOR(J), 75TOR(K)) TPLT 108 MDISK#MDISK+IDEL TPLT 109 CALL DELECATE (DISK) TPLT 110 CALL UKHRITE(TSTOH(J), TSTOR(K)) TPLT 111 TPLT 112 HLISKOMDISK+IDEL 55

A		04/05/72		
6.	ı	IF (M.EQ.MBLY.OR.IFFF,EQ.1) 60 TO 65	TPLT	13
		M=M+1	TFLT	114
		GB TO 35	TPLT	115
	05	NHEC=32+([^ RMAX-1]/32+1)	TPLT	116
		RMAX=RR(NK)	TPLT	117
		RSCALE AL/RMAX	TPLT	118
		CALL PLOTURE	TPLT	119
		18 (MBLM.EG.1) GG TM BU	TPLT	120
		10=1	TPLT	
		MLISK#O	TPLT	
		De 70 [=1, htopit	TPLT	
		CALL DRIGGATE (MDISK)	TPLT	
		CALL LAREAD(75TUR(1),4510H(NREC))	TPLT	
		MUISKBMDISK+1LFL	TPLT	
		CALL DELECATE (MDISK)	TPLT	
		CALL UKREAP(TSTUR(1), ISTON(NPEC))	TPLT	_
		MLISK&MDISK+1DFL	TPLT	
		CALL HAYPLET (ZSTON, TSIMN)	TPLT	
7 u		IC=-1µ	TPLT	_
		GE 19 90	TPLT	
PU		lusi	TPLT	
. •		D6 85 1×1, NTOPLT	TPLT	
		L=(1-1)+LbLK+1	TPLT	
		CALL HAYPLOT(ZSTOH(L), TSTOR(L))	TPLT	
85		10:-14	TPLT	
9 u		CALL PLOT(AL+10.,0.,-3)	TPLT	
		IF (IFEF.EC.1) GR 70 91 \$ IRECTO	TPLT	
	43	INFC#IREC+1		
	• •	READ(1) MRAY, HR(INEC).7801(IREC).(TR(I), I=1, NRAY).(ZR(I), I=1, NRAY)	TPLT	170
		1.(SS(1),[81,".HAY),(NCOUNT(1),[01,NPAY)		
		1. (EUF.1) 91.92	TPLT	_
	4	IF (100.LT.ITAC) GR TO 2	TPLT	
	7 1	CALL STOPPLOT	TPLT	
		SIOP	TPLT	
		3"F	TPLT	140

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THIFLE 04/05/72 ED IDENT TRIPLT PREGRAM LENGTH ENTRY PHINTS 12/71 11432 TRIPLT BLECK NAMES U764/ INFO 1 40000 EXTERNAL SYMBOLS GEGENTRY THEND.
GBOSTOPS
GROUTUOG
GROUTUOG
GROUTUOG PLEIS SKIPFILE CKOPEN SYMBAL PLGI NUMBER CKHRITE PLOTBUT DKILEAD PAYPLOT STEPPLOT ALOGIO PEWHF CHCIFEOF CHCIFIOC REW. TSH. TS9. SLO. SLI. QNSINGL.

.5A 04/05/72 SURROUTINE PLUTBOT
COMMON /INFO/ ID, NR, RMAX, ZMAX, RSCALE, AL, RR(2000), Z88T(2000), IKNM TPLT 148 NIMBAMIN1 (AL+1.,40.5) TPLT 150 R1=1. TPLT 151 RMAHEHMAX TPLT 152 TPLT 153 IF (IKNM.LT.0) HMANERMAX/1.852 TPLT 154 TPLT 155 TPLT 156 50 NI=RMAN/RT IF ('IT, LE. NTH) GO TA 5/ RI=2. ORT NIERMAN/RT TPLT 157 TPLT 158 IF (NT, LE. NTM) GE TO 5/ TPLT 159 TPLT 160 R1=2.30RT NISRHAL/PT IF (NT, LE. NTM) GU TO 5/ TPLT 161 TPLT 162 R1=2. eRT Go TO 56 TPLT 163 PLUT SURFACE AXIS CALL PLOT(3.,10.,3) TPLT 164 TPLT 165 5/ TPLT 166 TPLT 167 TPLT 168 X=3. RSCALE1=PSCALE
IF (IKNM.LT.0) HSCALE1=1.852+RSCALE DX=RT-RSCALE1 TPLT 169 TPLT 170 R=O. TPLT 171 11=0 CALL PLOT(X,10.,2) CALL PLOT(X,9.95,2) TPLT 173 RK=H/1000; CALL NUMBER(X-.24,10.05,1.46-1,RK,0,,4HF4,0) TPLT 175 IF (R.LT.RMAN/2.) GO TO 59 TPLT 176 IF (IF,EQ.1) GO TO 59 TPLT 177 IF (IKNM.LT.G) CALL SYMBML(X-,30,10.25,,14,10HRANGE (NM),0,,10)
IF (IKNM.GE.O) CALL SYMBML(X-,30,10.25,,14,10HRANGE (KM),0,,10) TPLT 178 TPLT 179 TPLT 180 TPLT 181 IF = 1 CALL PLOT(X,10.,3)
IF(R.GE.RMAN) GE TO 60 54 TPLT 182 TPLT 183 X=X+DX RER+RT TPLT 184 G6 T0 58 TPLT 185 PLUT PUTTOM CONTOUR C TPLT 186 08 63 I=1, VR TPLT 187 64 K='IR+1-I TPLT 189 TPLT 190 Y=10. . (1, -ZHOT(K)/ZHAX) X=RR(K)+RSCALE+3. 11=2 TPLT 191 1+(1.EQ.1) IP=3 TPLT 192 1+ (Y. GE. D.) 30 10 65 TPLT 193 1103 TPLT 194 Y=0. TPLT 195 63 CALL PLOT(X,", IP) TPLT 196 TPLT 197 RETURN END

PREGRAM LENGTH U030P U0010 BLECK NAMES

INFO U7647

EXTERNAL SYMBOLS

O1010100 CBQDICT, PLOT NUMBER SYMBOL MINIF

H A 04/05/72 SUPRAUTINE RAYPLATIZSIOR, ISTAR) **TPLT 199** DIMENSION ZSTUR(2000). TSTUR(2000)
DIMENSION Z(25),R(25) TPLT 200 TPLT 201 CUMMON /INFO/ ID, NR. PMAX. ZMAX. RSCALE, AL, RR(2000). ZROT(2000). IKNM TPLT 202 NIP=1 \$ IBH#C \$ IPH#U \$ IHT#C \$ IRT#C \$ IST#C \$ 1JT#C IF (ID,LT.C) NID#NH \$ IF (NID,NE.1) IPR#1 TPLT 203 TPLT 204 TPLT 205 ZGEAHSF(7STER(NID)) & IF (7STER(1).LT,0.0) RETURN To TSTOR (.. ID) TPLT 206 RUSHR(NID) TPLT 207 ZUMEZUMT(NID) TPLT 208 X=R7+HSCALE \$ 1F (20.61.290) 70=230 TPLT 209 Y=10.*(1.=70/4MAX)
IF(Y.LT.C.) Y=0. TPLT 210 TPLT 211 CALL PLOTIX+3., 4,3) TPLT 212 Do 90 LL_2,NR 1F(ID,GT.U) GG TO 73 TPLT 213 TPLT 214 LENR-LL+1 TPLT 215 GE TH 74 TPLT 216 LELL 75 TPLT 217 ZN=AUSF (ZSTOR(L)) > TN=TSTOR(L) SRN=RR(L) SZBN=ZBOT(L)SDR=RN-RO TPLT 218 TPLT 219 IF (ZN, GT. ZBN) ZN=ZRN & IF (ZSTMR(L), LT. 0. 0. AND. IPR, E0, 1) 91,93 73 IF (NID.NE.1.AND.IRH.ED.0) 94.95

74 X=R9+HSCALE \$Y=10.*(1.-20/ZMAX)\$IF (Y,LT.0.) Y=0.0

CALL PLOT (X+3.,Y,3) \$ IBH#1\$IPR#0\$IRI#1\$IF(ZSTOR(L+1).GE.0.)IST#1TPLT 222 y5 ZA9#ZH-DF#TN TPLT 223 Zu* = Zu + DR • TO IF (ZNO.GE, 0,) 66 TF 75 TPLT 225 Ir (290.GE,0.) SG TO 75 TPLT 226 TPLT 227 20=-70 7048-40N TPLT 228 Tos-To TPLT 229 T==(Z=1-Z=0)/UP TPLT 230 IF (2NG.LE, Z20) GP TO /8
IF (29N.LF, Z3N) GP TO /8 TPLT 231 TPLT 232 I+ (TB, EQ. 6.) GO TO 76 TPLT 233 TPLT 234 TPLT 235 TPLT 236 D4=Z80-Z0 Zu=20+2.+DZ/(1.+TH++2) Ruskn-2. . DZ/(TR+1./TP) Tu=(T0-TF)/(1.+T0+Td) TPLT 237 T0=(T8-TG)/(1.+TG+T8) G6 10 77 TPLT 239 70 20=2. - 283-20 TPLT 240 TPLT 241 TPLT 242 16=-10 71 DHERN-RO Z6M=Z0+DF+TG TPLT 243 ZN9=ZN-DR+TN TPLT 244 DX=A9S(DF+RSCALE) 78 TPLT 245 N= 7X/, 02+2. TPLT 246 INTERPELATION TO FIFTIETHS WILL BE DONE TPLT 247 IF (N.uT.25) N=25 TPLT 248 TPLT 249 11=1 TPLT 250 DF =1./(N-1) TPLT 251 SPLINE FIT BY CONTINUED LINEAR INTERPLELATION TPLT 252 C TPLT 253 D4=24-20 DZ98764-76

A ministrate Chichester and show

.5A 04/05/72 DZN=ZN-ZNO TPLT 255 74 TPLT 256 TPLT 257 21=20+F+D4 Z4= 29 + F + D20 ZJ=ZNU+F+DZN TPLT 258 G=1. -+ TPLT 259 Z4=G+22+F+21 TPLT 260 Z>=G+41+F+Z3 TPLT 261 TPLT 262 TPLT 263 TPLT 264 2(11) #G+24+F+45 R(11) = H0 + F + DR 11=11+1 F=F+DF TPLT 265 IF (11, LE. N) 50 TO 79 TPLT 266 DF 89 11=1,N TPLT 267 INED TPLT 268 IF (Z(11).LT.0.) IN=1 TPLT 269 TPLT 270 TPLT 271 IF (Z(||), UT, ZBN+(R(||T)-RN)+TB) | N=-1 IF (||, EQ, 1) GU TO BZ 1 (IN EQ. 10) GA TE 82 TPLT 272 TPLT 273 IF (IN, NE.1. AND . 10 . NE . 1) GH TO AC RHIT=,>*(H(11)*4(11-1)*(R(11)-R(11-1))*(Z(11)*Z(11-1))/(Z(11-1)-Z(TP_T 274 111))) TPLT 275 X=9HIT+RSCALESIP=3TIF (18T.EQ.1.8H.NID.EQ.1.6R.IST,EG.1) IP=25 IRT=1TPLT 276 CALL | LOT(X+3.,10., IP) \$ 1 (75TER(L).GE.0.0) GO TO 82 5 IPR=1 **TPLT 277** GO TO 91 TPLT 278 TPLT 279 D=(Z(II)-Z(II-1))/(H(II)-H(II-1))-TB RHIT=(Z([[-1)-ZBN-(R([]-1)-RN)+18)/D+R([]+1) F=(RHIT-R(II-1))/(R(II)-R(II-1)) **TPLT 281** IF (F.GT.1,) GO TO 92
IF (F.LT.0,) GO TO 92
X=RHIT+RSCALESIP=5*IF (!UT.EQ 1.0R.VID,FQ.1.UR.IST,FQ.1) IP=? TPLT 282 TPLT 283 TPLT 284 INTEL TPLT 285 Y=10. +(1, -(ZRN+(RHIT-HN)+TR)/ZMAX)%IF(7STGF(L),LT,0,0) IPR=1 If (Y. 41.9,) GO TO 81 TPLT 287 Y=0. TPLT 285 1P=3 TPLT 289 **TPLT 290** 81 CALL PLOT(X+3.,Y,1P) 1F (Z(\$1),GT,C.) GO TO AS **TPLT 291** TPLT 292 TPLT 293 Y=10.+(1.+Z(IL)/ZMAX) X=R(11) - RSCALESIF (Z(11). EQ, 0, 0, AND. IRI. EQ. 1) | JUT=1 IF (Z(II), EQ. g. g. ANU. LSTOR(L), LT. g. g) IPR=1 3 G0 T0 86 IF (Z(II), GT, ZBN+(H(II)-HN)+TB) G0 T0 84 TPLT 294 TPLT 295 83 Y=10. . (1. -Z(11)/ZMAX) STF (Z(11), EO. ZBN . (R(11) -RN) . TR, AND. ZSTOR(L), LTPLT 296 1T.n.n) IPR#1
x=R(II) =RSCALERIF(Z(II).EU.ZBN+(R(II)-RN)+TH,AND,IRI,EQ.1)IJT=1 **TPLT 297** TPLT 298 **TPLT 299** 36 TO 86 TPLT 300 84 [Z=Z(11)-(ZBN+(R(11)-KY)+T8) TPLT 301 TPLT 502 TPLT 303 IF (18T.EQ.1.AND.NID.NF.1.@H,1ST,E3,1) GO TO 86
IF (NID.NE.1) GO TO 107 TPLT 305 TPLT 306 IF (IPR.EG.1.0R.ZSTJR(L).GE.0.0) G0 TO 86 **TPLT 307** 187 IF (II.EC, N) GO TO 180 **TPLT 308** DZS#Z(II+1)+(28N+(R(II+1)-RN)+TB) TPLT 309 ZFS=Z([]+1)-2. *DZS/(1. +[B++2) **TPLT 310**

A	04/05/72	
	IF (ZP.GE, ZPS.AND. NID.EQ.1. WR. DZS.LE.O.D. AND. NID.EQ.1) IPRO1	TPLT 31
	IF (ZP.GE, ZPS.AND.NID.NE.1.0R.DZS.LE.O.O.AND.NID.NE.1) IJT=1	TPLT 31
	GB TB 84	TPLT 31
4.8	6 IF (IPR.EG.O.AND.ZSTON(L).LT.O.U) IPR#1	TPLT 31
**	IF (INT.EU.O.AND.ZSTON(L+1),LT.O.O.AND.NID.NE.1) 1JT-1	TPLT 31
8 0	[P+2	TPLT 31
	IF(Y.LT.10.,AND,Y.GT.U.) GO TO 87	TPLT 31
	18-3	TPLT 31
	Y=AMIN1(10,,AMAX1(Y,0.))	TPLT 31
8/	IF(X.LT.AL+1.,AND,X,GEu1) GG TO 68	TPLT 32
	19=3	TPLT 32
	XEAMINI(AL+1.,AMAX1(X,0.))	TPLT 32
80	IF (INT.EJ.O.AND.IRI.EO.1.AND.IST.EQ.O)IP#3 S CALL PLOT(X+3Y.I	
9.0		
	10=1N \$ IF(1JT.E0,1) 18T=1 \$ IF (1PR.E0,1) G6 T0 91	TPLT 32
9.6	CONTINUE	TPLT 32
9	1 Zw9=ZwN	TPLT 32
	TOSTN	TPLT 32
90	RESRN	TPLT 32
	RETURN	TPLT 32
	ne 'gng Enr	1761 32

PHEGRAM LENGTH U137/
ENTHY POINTS RAYPLOT UC06D
RICUK NAMES
INFO U764/
EVTERNAL SYMHOLS
01010104
05041CT.
PLST
MINIF
MAXIF

Appendix B

COMPARISON OF CALCULATED AND EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

A comparison was made between the calculated results from TRIMAIN and some experimental data which was furnished by Cdr. P.R. Tatro of the Maury Center for Ocean Science. The input parameters for TRIMAIN were: a frequency of 100 hertz and no volume attenuation, a fan of rays between ± 60° in 1° steps, a bottom loss of MGS class IV for the entire track, type II intensity calculations, a source depth of 152.4 meters and a receiver depth of 762.0 meters. Figs. B1a, B1b, and B1c are print plots of input sound-speed profiles, Fig. B2 is a Calcomp plot of profiles and the bottom track, Fig. B3a is a list of calculated intensity values, Fig. B3b is a list of experimental intensity values, Fig. B4 is a Calcomp plot of selected rays which were traced (one ray every 15°), and Fig. B5 is a Calcomp comparison of experimental and calculated intensity values. Good agreement exists between the two sets of values.



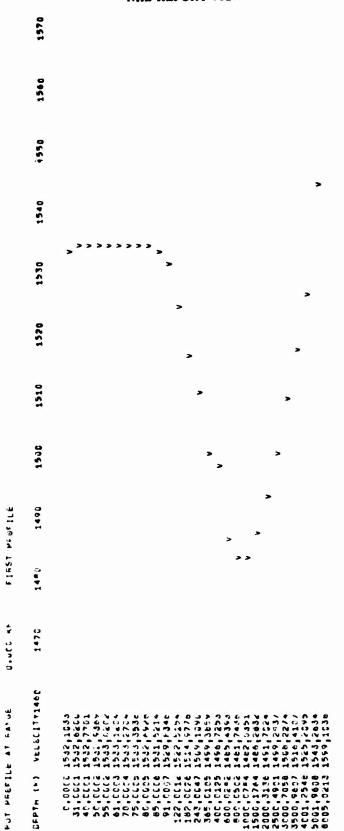


Fig. Bla - Input profile at 0 km



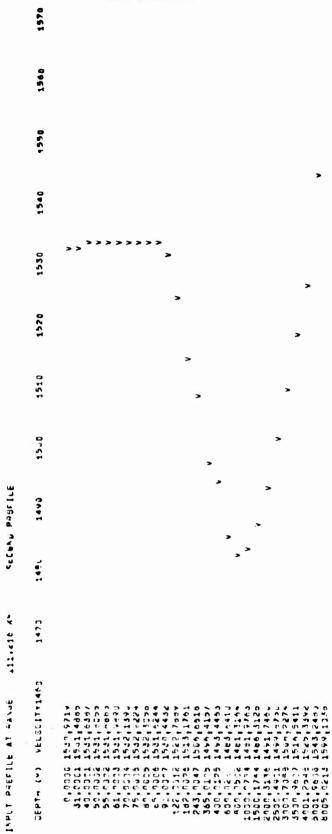


Fig. B1b - Input profile at 111.216 km

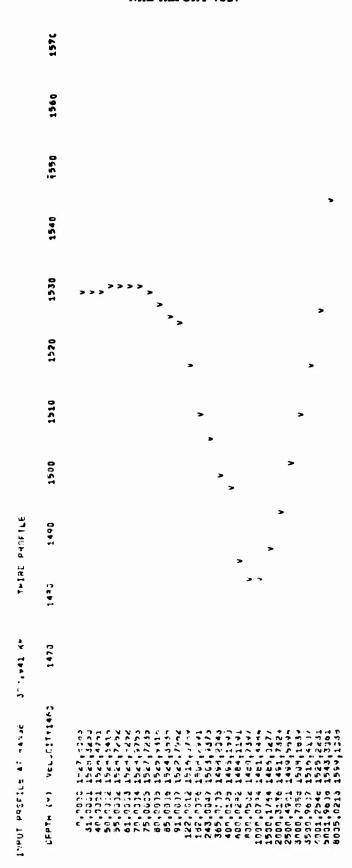


Fig. B1c - Input Profile at 329.941 km

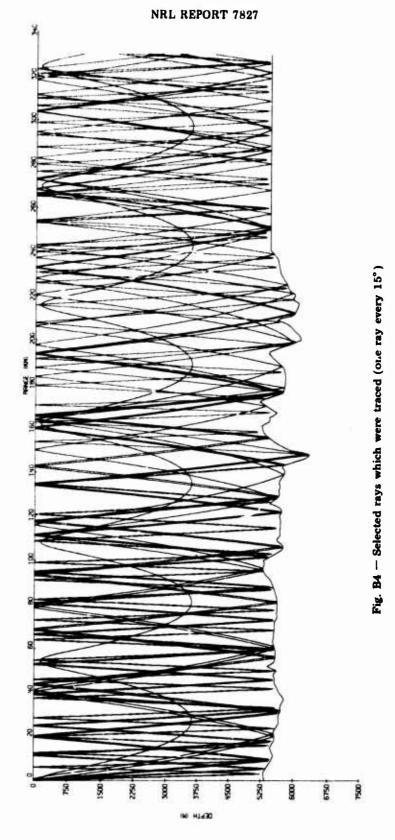


		ee.nca	42,840	126,000	91,300	192,000	68. 26	250,060	135,000
		01. AGO	#3, Auf	127,000	92.300	193.040	98,700 100,300	296,000	106,100
		05.760	84,900	120,000	94,000	194,000	162,400	506,060	145.800
CALCULATE	DE S 18	62,000 64,000	85,400 46,100	125,000	95,000	195,060	103,900	201.060	104,000
RANGE	1.75569	45,000	66,700	131,000	97,000	190,000	166,200	262,060	161,300
		60,000	87,200	132,000	90.600	190,000	167,460 168,100	264,000	90.900
1.060	38,A00	67,000	89,000	133,000	VP.300	196,000	106,500	205,060	94,500
2.000 3.000	63,400 66,600	68,000	90,900	134,000	100,200	200.000	145,300	206,000	94,200
4.0.0	.e.50f	05.0GD 70.0GD	92,700	135,000 136,000	101,500	201,000	106,900	267.000	94,000
9.760	69,700	71.060	\$2,400	137,000	101,600	202.040	105,800	265,060	64.307
6.760	76,400	72.100	92.400	130,000	103,600	204.000	102,900	270,000	94,200
7.161 8.161	83,200	72,000	92,000	136,001	105.600	209,000	161,460	271,060	94,200
6.000	85,200 87.000	74,040	62,900	140,000	167,400	206,000	101,#00	272,000	63,700
10.000	e300	79.060 76.060	94.nun 93.50n	141,000	107,900	207,060	100,300	273,000 274,000	93,403 92,800
11.760	87.100	77,460	52,30n	143,960	105,700	206.060 206.060	98,000 97,200	275,000	92,401
15,000	d7.000	70.000	62,300	144,000	110,400	210,000	96,000	276,060	42,600
12.000	#7,4u0	76.060	63,800	145,700	112,400	211,000	94,500	277,060	92,900
14,760	87.200 87.600	BC.160	65,300	146,000	110,700	212,000	93,000	278,000	63,100
16,000	67,500	81,000 02.000	95,000 94,600	147,000 148,000	107,400	213.000	42,700	276,000	93,800 94,100
17.000	87,100	63.000	96,000	145.000	104.100	214,000 215,000	92,400	201.000	94,000
18,760	87,700	84,040	98,200	150,000	104,100	216,000	92,80 0	262,060	94,500
15,000	87, AUC	85.700	98,000	191,000	141.400	217,000	92.500	262,000	95,000
21,000	86,100	00,000	100,000	152,000	98,900	216,000	92,400	284,000	95,600
22.000	86.268	87, 141 88, 140	103,060	193,000 194,000	97,400	216,060	92,100	285,000	96,500
23,760	25,100	86. 000	162,800	195,000	97,400 96,300	220,000 221,000	91,500	284.000	97, nun 98, 140
24,160	86.200	90,000	100.300	196,060	94,600	222,000	91,200 91,300	286,000	99.200
25.000	44.700	91,000	101,400	197.000	92.600	223.060	91.900	285.000	100,100
20,000	40,600	92,000	104,500	150,000	90,A00	224.000	92,000	290.060	130,600
20.700	\$0,500 90,900	93,000	106,700	195.0G0 100.0G0	90,700	225.000	92.400	291.060	100.600
25,040	90,000	99.000	104.900	101,040	90,800 90,800	226.060 227.060	92,901	292,000	1,0.300
30,760	90,400	9e.nco	105,500	162.000	90.600	226,000	93,700	294,000	98,100
31,000	90.700	97,000	103,200	163,000	90,600	226,960	95,200	299,000	96,400
32. mc o 32. mc o	90,000	90,000	100,500	154,000	90,300	230,000	95,500	294.000	95,700
34.000	a9,308	96,000 100,060	95,900 95,900	105,000	90,000	231,000	96,100	297,000	96,000
35,000	87,100	101,760	93,900	100,000	69,300	232,000 233,000	96,000	296,000	95.800
26,000	67.000	102,000	91,900	100.000	89,100 89,500	234,060	96,400 96,400	300,000	56.700
.7.100	67,200	103,000	90,300	166,000	.9.600	235,000	96.240	301,000	96,100
30,000	87,600	104,000	88,500	170,060	90.400	236,000	15,900	302,000	95,500
40.000	87,698 87,948	105.760	67,900 67,900	171.000	90,000	237,000	45,700	302,000	95,100
41,060	£7,900	107,060	e7.800	172,700	91,700 92,500	236.000 236.000	95,100	304,000 305,000	95,30f 94,80f
42.000	88,500	100,000	87,700	174,860	92,500	240,000	95,700 95,500	30e,000	96,000
43.000	69,500	106.000	67,800	175,000	\$2,70P	241.700	95,200	307,000	96,900
44,000	89,986	110,000	£7.600	174.060	92,700	242,000	94,500	306,000	97,400
46.000	97,100 89,200	111,000	87.300 87.100	177, Pup 178,000	93,100	243.060	93, ACD	306,000	97,700
47.860	67,300	113.000	86.900	175.000	93,300 93,500	244, ~GO 245, ~GO	94,000	310,000 311,000	98,100 97,700
48,000	86.700	114.760	07,100	100,000	93,200	246,000	94,000 94,500	312,060	99,600
46,000	45,200	115,700	67,100	181.000	93,500	247.000	95,100	313,000	101,500
50,000 51,000	63,600	116,000	67,200	102,000	93,200	240,000	95,600	314,000	102,600
92.060	#3,300 #3,400	117,000 110,000	87,800 t=,500	102,060 104,060	92,000	246,161	96,800	319,000	102,400
53,000	83,700	116,000	08,800	105.000	93,340 93,340	291, ngn	97,000	316,000	102,200
94,000	83,900	120,000	69.600	186,000	93,200	292,000	97,908 98,700	310,000	99,500
95.000	64,100	121,000	90.300	107,000	93,500	252,000	100,700	316,000	97,608
56.060	64,000	122,060	90,700	100,000	95,000	254,000	102,700	320,000	95,600
57,760 58,760	e3.600 d2.700	123,060	91,000 91,100	185,000	96.100	255,000	104.100	321,000	95,200
56,700	82,200	125,060	61,200	191,000	97.900	296,960 297,060	165,000	322,000	95,200
	•		721540	4741707	98,908	,000	195,900	2851.60	47,300

Fig. B3a — Calculated intensity values

		98,527	¥ª,750	210,979	95.370
		95,158	y4,120	213,512	94.50h
		102.641	96.500	216,256	95,500
		104,113	45.670	217.427	y5.720
EXPERIME V	TAL PERULTS	105, 305	94,420	218.999	97.621
FA GF	175969	106,756	eA. a/0	22C,370	97,420
-	• • •	106,128	91.840	221,742	94,621
2.515	37.630	105,499	97,500	223,114	44.460
3.466	#2.250	110,4/1	93,620	224,465	51,750
5.759	#7.1c0	112,243	42.000	225 . AS7	¥6.500
6.469	43.150	112,614	91.75°	747.768	94.500
F. ~ C 1	40,630	114,766	91,120	736.260	100,120
5.713	#1.₽ 8 ₽	116,357	69,500	231.572	96,120
10.744	n3, */f	117,939	47,120	232,943	94,470
12.115	46.000	116,210	95.000	234,315	97.000
13,467	25.370	120,562	92,870	235.467	46.680
14.759	42,620	121,954	48,87h	237,154	¥7,750
16.731	26,500 26,700	122,325	\$3,3/9 34 260	235,430	1,2,250
19,460	a6.750 54.970	124,497 126,168	94,260 104,120	239,961	138.378
21,121	67,750	127,440	108.770	241,175 242,545	1)4,50° 99,38°
23.7/4	48.221	126.912	111.120	243,916	47.750
25.146	e7. nun	136,103	113,120	246.888	1,3,250
26,518	5 P . DUD	131,455	112,620	245,431	114.750
27.909	69.500	133,567	114,377	251.003	104,250
25.761	11.120	136,246	110.750	752,3/4	1.3.270
30,432	CB. A/0	137,417	119,500	253,746	141.620
32,704	88.230	138,969	1 . 9 . 6 2 0	755.11A	1,,2,000
33.776	e7.75°	140,360	112,250	256.469	162.250
36. 275	54.450	141,732	111,500	257.001	101,200
37,748	n8.3/0	143,164	112.120	259,232	99,120
35.719	91,880	144,475	111,750	260,404	97,3/n
46.491	90,750	145,847	111.500	262, ASO	97.700
42.162	91.5Un	147,218	117,370	264,262	38,3/n
42,414	92,250	145,276	147,500	265,533	98,500
46.177	42,500	150,447	1.5,750	267,165	49,250
47,549	91.750 n7.620	152,719	131,870	266,3/6 269,748	99,500 99,380
46,020 53,721	71.120	153,391 154,762	99,750 94,120	271,140	98,130
55,093	90.3Un	157,565	+3,3/0	2/2.491	97.120
56,464	y2.nun	158,977	46.000	273,963	ร์7.กับก
57,936	93.500	160,249	y3.150	2/5.234	99.3/9
62.746	cA.750	161,440	93,220	216.466	160.250
64.118	y4,360	162.942	93.500	283,117	¥6.750
65,469	BP. AZD	166,478	95,121	284,468	76.120
66.970	96.0UQ	168,750	96.12n	285,960	40.480
68.233	94.121	1/0.793	93,250	247,231	49.500
69,723	95,370	1/2,364	42,500	586 'Y15	98,620
/1.095	97,370	1/3,736	65,450	285,975	101.8/0
72.466	97.3/0	175.1CA	94,120	291.346	163,500
75,269	¥5,370 ¥8,370	176,479	97,8/0	292,718	101.750
76,561	95.120	1/7.951	93,500 65,400	294,169	99,500
77,953 75,324	96.840	1/9,222 180,594	95,120 99,380	295,461 298,760	97,750 1,7,120
BC , 496	48.000	183,794	9A,13A	300.152	106.120
82,767	97.870	105,166	93,130	301,523	102,870
83,439	98,130	186,538	94,500	302,895	98,250
86.182	98,000	198,535	109,500	304,267	96.250
87.554	96,880	195,766	102,520	305, A3R	99,870
df , 745	96,500	201,27H	102,520	307,010	100,620
90.297	98.150	202,449	131,620		
91,469	98,500	204,721	142,540		
92.040	99,500	205,393	94,370		
94,412	9P,420	20€,7€4	96,987		
95,763	63.770	208.136	45.910		
97.155	40.75°	209.567	95.500		

Fig. B3b — Experimental intensity values



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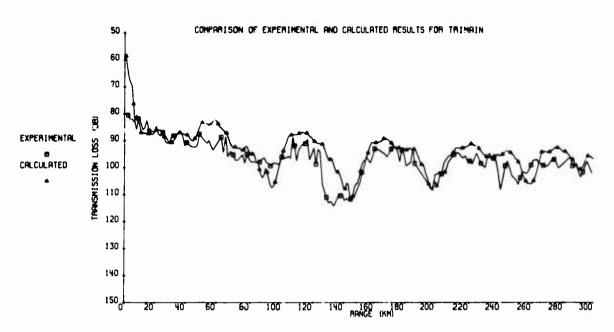


Fig. B5 — Comparison of experimental and calculated intensity values